

- pursuant to the applicable Tariff or the Guest's Interconnection Agreement with BellSouth.
- 3.3.3 DTI shall indemnify and hold harmless BellSouth from any and all claims, actions, causes of action, of whatever kind or nature arising out of the presence of DTI's Guest(s) in the Collocation Space, except to the extent caused by BellSouth's sole negligence, gross negligence, or willful misconduct.
- 3.4 Adjacent Collocation. Subject to technical feasibility and space availability, BellSouth will permit an adjacent collocation arrangement (Adjacent Arrangement) on Premises' property only when space within the Premises is legitimately exhausted and where the Adjacent Arrangement does not interfere with access to existing or planned structures or facilities on the Premises' property. An Adjacent Arrangement shall be constructed or procured by DTI and must be in conformance with BellSouth's design and construction Specifications. Further, DTI shall construct, procure, maintain and operate said Adjacent Arrangement(s) pursuant to all of the rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Attachment.
- 3.4.1 If DTI requests Adjacent Collocation, pursuant to the conditions stated in 3.4 above, DTI must arrange with a BellSouth Certified Supplier to construct the Adjacent Arrangement structure in accordance with BellSouth's Specifications. BellSouth will provide Specifications upon request. Where local building codes require enclosure specifications more stringent than BellSouth's Specifications, DTI and DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier must comply with the more stringent local building code requirements. DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier shall be responsible for filing and receiving any and all necessary zoning, permits and/or licenses for such construction. DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier shall bill DTI directly for all work performed for DTI pursuant to this Attachment. BellSouth shall have no liability for, nor responsibility to pay, such charges imposed by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier. DTI must provide the local BellSouth Central Office building contact with two cards, keys or other access devices used to gain entry into the locked enclosure. Except in the case of an emergency, BellSouth will not access DTI's locked enclosure prior to notifying DTI at least forty-eight (48) hours or two (2) business days, whichever is greater, before access to the Collocation Space is required.
- 3.4.2 DTI must submit its Adjacent Arrangement construction plans and specifications to BellSouth when it places its Firm Order. BellSouth shall review DTI's plans and specifications prior to construction of an Adjacent Arrangement(s) to ensure DTI's compliance with BellSouth's Specifications. BellSouth shall complete its review within fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the plans and specifications from DTI for the Adjacent Arrangement. BellSouth may inspect the Adjacent Arrangement during and after construction is completed to ensure that it is constructed according to DTI's submitted plans and specifications. If BellSouth decides to inspect the completed Adjacent Arrangement, BellSouth will complete its inspection within fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of written notification of completion of the enclosure from DTI. BellSouth shall require DTI to remove or correct within seven (7) calendar

- days at DTI's expense, any structure that does not meet its submitted plans and specifications or BellSouth's Specifications, if applicable.
- 3.4.3 DTI shall provide a concrete pad, the structure housing the arrangement, heating/ventilation/air conditioning (HVAC), lighting, and all of the facilities that are required to connect the structure (i.e., racking, conduits, etc.) to the BellSouth point of demarcation. At DTI's option, and where the local authority having jurisdiction permits, BellSouth shall provide an AC power source and access to physical collocation services and facilities, subject to the same nondiscriminatory requirements as those applicable to any other physical collocation arrangement. BellSouth shall allow Shared Caged Collocation within an Adjacent Arrangement, pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in 3.3 above.
- 3.5 Co-Carrier Cross Connect (CCXC). The primary purpose of collocation is for a telecommunications carrier to interconnect with BellSouth's network or to access BellSouth's UNEs for the provision of telecommunications services. BellSouth will permit DTI to interconnect between its virtual or physical collocation arrangements and those of another collocated telecommunications carrier within the same Premise. Both DTI's agreement and the other collocated telecommunications carrier's agreement must contain rates, terms and conditions for CCXC language. DTI is prohibited from using the Collocation Space for the sole or primary purpose of cross connecting to other collocated telecommunications carriers.
- 3.5.1 DTI must contract with a BellSouth Certified Supplier to place the CCXC. The CCXC shall be provisioned through facilities owned by DTI. Such connections to other collocated telecommunications carriers may be made using either optical or electrical facilities. In cases where DTI's equipment and the equipment of the other collocated telecommunications carrier are located in contiguous caged Collocation Spaces, DTI may use its own technicians to install co-carrier cross connects using either electrical or optical facilities between the equipment of both collocated telecommunications carriers and construct a dedicated cable support structure between the two contiguous cages. DTI shall deploy such optical or electrical connections directly between its own facilities and the facilities of another collocated telecommunications carrier without being routed through BellSouth's equipment. DTI shall not provision CCXC on any BellSouth distribution frame, POT (Point of Termination) Bay, DSX (Digital System Cross-connect) or LGX (Light Guide Cross-connect). DTI is responsible for ensuring the integrity of the signal.
- 3.5.2 DTI shall be responsible for providing a letter of authorization (LOA), with the application, to BellSouth from the other collocated telecommunications carrier to which it will be cross-connecting. DTI-provisioned CCXC shall utilize common cable support structure. There will be a recurring charge per linear foot, per cable, of common cable support structure used. In the case of two contiguous caged collocation arrangements, DTI may use its own technicians to construct the dedicated support structure between the two collocation arrangements.

- 3.5.3 To order CCXCs, DTI must submit an Initial Application or Subsequent Application to BellSouth. If no modification to the Collocation Space is requested other than the placement of CCXCs, the Subsequent Application Fee for CCXCs, as defined in Exhibit B, will apply. If modifications, in addition to the placement of CCXCs, are requested, the Initial Application or Subsequent Application Fee will apply. BellSouth will bill this nonrecurring fee on the date that it provides an Application Response to DTI.

4. Occupancy

- 4.1 BellSouth will notify DTI in writing when the Collocation Space is ready for occupancy (Space Ready Date). DTI will schedule and complete an acceptance walkthrough of the Collocation Space with BellSouth within fifteen (15) calendar days of the Space Ready Date. BellSouth will correct any deviations in DTI's original or jointly amended application requirements within seven (7) calendar days after the walkthrough, unless the Parties jointly agree upon a different time frame. BellSouth will also establish a new Space Ready Date. Another acceptance walkthrough will then be scheduled and conducted within fifteen (15) calendar days of the new Space Ready Date. This follow-up acceptance walkthrough will be limited to only those items identified in the initial walkthrough. If DTI completes its acceptance walkthrough within the fifteen (15) calendar day interval, billing will begin upon the date of DTI's acceptance of the Collocation Space (Space Acceptance Date). In the event that DTI fails to complete an acceptance walkthrough within this fifteen (15) calendar day interval, the Collocation Space shall be deemed accepted by DTI on the Space Ready Date and billing will commence from that date. If DTI decides to occupy the space prior to the Space Ready Date, the date DTI occupies the space becomes the new Space Acceptance Date and billing will begin from that date. DTI must notify BellSouth in writing that collocation equipment installation is complete and operational with BellSouth's network. BellSouth may, at its discretion, refuse to accept orders for cross connects until it has received such notice. For the purposes of this paragraph, DTI's telecommunications equipment will be deemed operational when it has been cross-connected to BellSouth's network for the purpose of provisioning telecommunication services to its customers.
- 4.2 Termination of Occupancy. In addition to any other provisions addressing termination of occupancy in this Agreement, DTI may terminate occupancy in a particular Collocation Space by submitting a Subsequent Application requesting termination of occupancy. Such termination shall be effective upon BellSouth's acceptance of the Space Relinquishment Form. Billing for monthly recurring charges will cease on the date that DTI and BellSouth conduct an inspection of the terminated space and jointly sign off on the Space Relinquishment Form or on the date that DTI signs off on the Space Relinquishment Form and sends this form to BellSouth, if a subsequent inspection of the terminated space by BellSouth reveals no discrepancies. If the subsequent inspection by BellSouth does reveal discrepancies, billing will cease on the date that BellSouth and DTI jointly conduct an inspection, which confirms that DTI has corrected all of the noted discrepancies. A Subsequent Application Fee will not

apply for the termination of occupancy. BellSouth may terminate DTI's right to occupy the Collocation Space in the event that DTI fails to comply with any provision of this Agreement, including the payment of the applicable fees.

- 4.2.1 Upon termination of occupancy, DTI, at its sole expense, shall remove its equipment and any other property from the Collocation Space. DTI shall have thirty (30) calendar days from the Bona Fide Firm Order (BFFO) Subsequent Application date (Termination Date) to complete such removal, including the removal of all equipment and facilities of DTI's Guest(s), unless DTI's Guest(s) has assumed responsibility for the Collocation Space housing the Guest(s)'s equipment and executed the appropriate documentation required by BellSouth prior to the DTI removal date. DTI shall continue the payment of all monthly fees to BellSouth until the date that DTI, and if applicable DTI's Guest(s), has fully vacated the Collocation Space and the Space Relinquishment Form has been accepted by BellSouth. Should DTI or DTI's Guest(s) fail to vacate the Collocation Space within thirty (30) calendar days from the Termination Date, BellSouth shall have the right to remove the equipment and dispose of the equipment and other property of DTI or DTI's Guest(s), in any manner that BellSouth deems fit, at DTI's expense and with no liability whatsoever for DTI's property or DTI's Guest(s)'s property. Upon termination of DTI's right to occupy specific Collocation Space, the Collocation Space will revert back to BellSouth's space inventory, and DTI shall surrender the Collocation Space to BellSouth in the same condition as when it was first occupied by DTI, with the exception of ordinary wear and tear, unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties. DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier shall be responsible for updating and making any necessary changes to BellSouth's records as required by BellSouth's Specifications including, but not limited to, Central Office Record Drawings and ERMA Records. DTI shall be responsible for the cost of removing any DTI constructed enclosure, together with any supporting structures (e.g., racking, conduits, or power cables), at the termination of occupancy and restoring the grounds to their original condition.

5. Use of Collocation Space

- 5.1 Equipment Type. BellSouth permits the collocation of any equipment necessary for interconnection to BellSouth's network or access to BellSouth's UNEs in the provision of telecommunications services, as the term "necessary" is defined by FCC 47 C.F.R. Section 51.323 (b). The primary purpose and function of any equipment collocated in a Premise must be for interconnection to BellSouth's network or access to BellSouth's UNEs in the provision of telecommunications services.
- 5.1.1 Examples of equipment that would not be considered necessary include, but are not limited to: traditional circuit switching equipment, equipment used exclusively for call-related databases, computer servers used exclusively for providing information services, operations support system (OSS) equipment used to support collocated telecommunications carrier network operations, equipment that generates customer orders, manages trouble tickets or inventory, or stores customer records in centralized databases, etc. BellSouth will determine upon receipt of an application if the

requested equipment is necessary based on the criteria established by the FCC. Multifunctional equipment placed on Premises must not place any greater relative burden on BellSouth's property than comparable single-function equipment. BellSouth reserves the right to permit collocation of any equipment on a nondiscriminatory basis.

- 5.1.2 Such equipment must, at a minimum, meet the following Telcordia Network Equipment Building Systems (NEBS) General Equipment Requirements: Criteria Level 1 requirements as outlined in Telcordia Special Report SR-3580, Issue 1. Except where otherwise required by a Commission, BellSouth shall comply with the applicable FCC rules relating to denial of collocation based on DTI's failure to comply with this Section.
- 5.1.3 DTI shall not request more DS0, DS1, DS3 and optical terminations for a collocation arrangement than the total port or termination capacity of the equipment physically installed in the arrangement. The total capacity of the equipment collocated in the arrangement will include equipment contained in an application, as well as equipment already placed in the collocation arrangement. If full network termination capacity of the equipment being installed is not requested in the application, additional network terminations for the installed equipment will require the submission of another application. In the event DTI submits an application for terminations that will exceed the total capacity of the collocated equipment, DTI will be informed of the discrepancy by BellSouth and required to submit a revision to the application.
- 5.2 DTI shall notify BellSouth whenever DTI submits a Method of Procedure (MOP) adding equipment to DTI's Collocation Space and shall provide to BellSouth a list of all UCC-1 lien holders or other entities that have a financial interest, secured or otherwise, in the equipment in DTI's Collocation Space. DTI shall submit a list of any lien holders or other entities that have a financial interest in the equipment that is collocated by DTI to its RCM Representative.
- 5.3 DTI shall not use the Collocation Space for marketing purposes, nor shall it place any identifying signs or markings outside the Collocation Space or on the grounds of the Premises.
- 5.4 DTI shall place a plaque or affix other identification (e.g., stenciling) to DTI's equipment, in order for BellSouth to identify DTI's equipment, including a list of emergency contacts with telephone numbers.
- 5.5 Entrance Facilities. DTI may elect to place DTI-owned or DTI-leased fiber entrance facilities into its Collocation Space. BellSouth will designate the point of interconnection in close proximity to the Premises building housing the Collocation Space, such as at an entrance manhole or a cable vault, which are physically accessible by both Parties. DTI will provide and place fiber cable at the point of entrance of sufficient length to be pulled through conduit and into the splice location. DTI will provide and install a sufficient length of fire retardant riser cable, to which the entrance cable will be spliced by BellSouth. The fire retardant riser cable will extend from the

splice location to DTI's equipment in the Collocation Space. In the event DTI utilizes a non-metallic, riser-type entrance facility, a splice will not be required. DTI must contact BellSouth for instructions prior to placing any entrance facility cable in the manhole. DTI is responsible for maintenance of the entrance facilities. At DTI's option, BellSouth will accommodate, where technically feasible, a microwave entrance facility, pursuant to separately negotiated terms and conditions. In the case of adjacent collocation, copper facilities may be used between the adjacent collocation arrangement and the central office demarcation point unless BellSouth determines that limited space is available for the placement of entrance facilities.

- 5.5.1 Dual Entrance Facilities. BellSouth will provide at least two interconnection points at each Premise where at least two such interconnection points are available and capacity exists. Upon receipt of a request by DTI for dual entrance facilities to its physical Collocation Space, BellSouth shall provide DTI with information regarding BellSouth's capacity to accommodate the requested dual entrance facilities. If conduit in the serving manhole(s) is available and is not reserved for another purpose or for utilization within twelve (12) months of the receipt of an application for collocation, BellSouth will make the requested conduit space available for installing a second entrance facility to DTI's arrangement. The location of the serving manhole(s) will be determined at the sole discretion of BellSouth. Where dual entrance facilities are not available due to lack of capacity, BellSouth will provide this information to DTI in the Application Response.
- 5.5.2 Shared Use. DTI may utilize spare capacity on an existing interconnector's entrance facility for the purpose of providing an entrance facility to DTI's collocation arrangement within the same Premises. BellSouth shall allow the splice, as long as the fiber is non-working fiber. DTI must arrange with BellSouth in accordance with BellSouth's Special Construction Procedures, RL93-11-030BT, and provide a LOA from the other telecommunications carrier for BellSouth to perform the splice of the DTI provided riser cable to the spare capacity on the entrance facility. If DTI desires to allow another telecommunications carrier to use its entrance facilities, that telecommunications carrier must arrange with BellSouth in accordance with BellSouth's Special Construction Procedures, RL93-11-030BT, and provide a LOA from DTI for BellSouth to perform the splice of that telecommunications carrier's provided riser cable to the spare capacity on DTI's entrance facility.
- 5.6 Demarcation Point. BellSouth will designate the point(s) of demarcation between DTI's equipment and/or network and BellSouth's network. Each Party will be responsible for the maintenance and operation of all equipment/facilities on its side of the demarcation point. For 2-wire and 4-wire connections to BellSouth's network, the demarcation point shall be a common block on the BellSouth designated conventional distributing frame (CDF). DTI shall be responsible for providing, and DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier shall be responsible for installing and properly labeling/stenciling the common block and any necessary cabling identified in Section 7 of this Attachment. For all other terminations, BellSouth shall designate a demarcation point on a per arrangement basis. DTI or its agent must perform all

required maintenance to the equipment/facilities on its side of the demarcation point, pursuant to Section 5.7, following, and may self-provision cross-connects that may be required within the Collocation Space to activate service requests.

- 5.6.1 In Tennessee, BellSouth will designate the point(s) of demarcation between DTI's equipment and/or network and BellSouth's network. Each Party will be responsible for the maintenance and operation of all equipment/facilities on its side of the demarcation point. For connections to BellSouth's network, the demarcation point shall be a DTI-provided Point of Termination Bay (POT Bay) in a common area within the Premises. DTI shall be responsible for providing, and DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier shall be responsible for installing and properly labeling/stenciling the POT Bay, as well as installing the necessary cabling between DTI's Collocation Space and the demarcation point. DTI or its agent must perform all required maintenance to equipment/facilities on its side of the demarcation point, pursuant to Section 5.7, following, and may self-provision cross-connects that may be required within the Collocation Space to activate service requests. BellSouth will negotiate alternative rates, terms and conditions related to the demarcation point in Tennessee, in the event that DTI desires to avoid the use of an intermediary device as contemplated by the Tennessee Regulatory Authority.
- 5.7 DTI's Equipment and Facilities. DTI, or if required by this Attachment, DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier, is solely responsible for the design, engineering, installation, testing, provisioning, performance, monitoring, maintenance and repair of the equipment and facilities used by DTI which must be performed in compliance with all applicable BellSouth Specifications. Such equipment and facilities may include, but are not limited to, cable(s), equipment, and point of termination connections. DTI and its selected BellSouth Certified Supplier must follow and comply with all BellSouth requirements outlined in BellSouth's TR 73503, TR 73519, TR 73572, and TR 73564.
- 5.8 BellSouth's Access to Collocation Space. From time to time, BellSouth may require access to the Collocation Space. BellSouth retains the right to access DTI's space for the purpose of making BellSouth equipment and building modifications (e.g., running, altering or removing racking, ducts, electrical wiring, HVAC, and cabling). BellSouth will give notice to DTI at least forty-eight (48) hours before access to the Collocation Space is required. DTI may elect to be present whenever BellSouth performs work in the Collocation Space. The Parties agree that DTI will not bear any of the expense associated with this type of work.
- 5.9 Access. Pursuant to Section 12, DTI shall have access to its Collocation Space twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week. DTI agrees to provide the name and social security number, date of birth, or driver's license number of each employee, supplier, or agent of DTI or DTI's Guests that will be provided with access keys or cards (Access Keys) prior to the issuance of said Access Keys, using form RF-2906-C, the "CLEC and CLEC Certified Supplier Access Request and Acknowledgement" form. Key acknowledgement forms, the "Collocation Acknowledgement Sheet" for access cards and the "Key Acknowledgement Form" for keys must be signed by DTI

and returned to BellSouth Access Management within fifteen (15) calendar days of DTI's receipt. Failure to return these properly acknowledged forms will result in the holding of subsequent access key or card requests until the proper acknowledgement documents have been received by BellSouth and reflect current information. Access Keys may not be duplicated under any circumstances. DTI agrees to be responsible for all Access Keys and for the return of all Access Keys in the possession of DTI's employees, suppliers, Guests, or agents after termination of the employment relationship, the contractual obligation with DTI ends, upon the termination of this Attachment, or upon the termination of occupancy of an individual collocation arrangement.

- 5.9.1 BellSouth will permit one accompanied site visit to DTI's designated collocation arrangement location, after receipt of the BFFO without charge to DTI. DTI must submit to BellSouth the completed Access Control Request Form for all employees or agents requiring access to the Premises within a minimum of thirty (30) calendar days prior to the date DTI desires access to the Collocation Space. In order to permit reasonable access during construction of the Collocation Space, DTI may submit a request for its one accompanied site visit to its designated collocation arrangement location at any time subsequent to BellSouth's receipt of the BFFO. In the event DTI desires access to the Collocation Space after submitting such a request, but prior to the approval of its access request, in addition to the first accompanied free visit, BellSouth shall permit DTI to access the Collocation Space accompanied by a security escort, at DTI's expense. DTI must request escorted access to its designated collocation arrangement location at least three (3) business days prior to the date such access is desired.
- 5.10 Lost or Stolen Access Keys. DTI shall notify BellSouth in writing immediately in the case of lost or stolen Access Keys. If it becomes necessary for BellSouth to re-key buildings or deactivate a card as a result of a lost Access Key(s) or for failure to return an Access Key(s), DTI shall pay for all reasonable costs associated with the re-keying or deactivating the card.
- 5.11 Interference or Impairment. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Attachment, DTI shall not use any product or service provided under this Agreement, any other service related thereto or used in combination therewith, or place or use any equipment or facilities in any manner that 1) significantly degrades, interferes with or impairs service provided by BellSouth or by any other entity or any person's use of its telecommunications services; 2) endangers or damages the equipment, facilities or any other property of BellSouth or of any other entity or person; 3) compromises the privacy of any communications; or 4) creates an unreasonable risk of injury or death to any individual or to the public. If BellSouth reasonably determines that any equipment or facilities of DTI violates the provisions of this paragraph, BellSouth shall provide written notice to DTI, which shall direct DTI to cure the violation within forty-eight (48) hours of DTI's actual receipt of written notice or, at a minimum, to commence curative measures within twenty-four (24) hours and to exercise reasonable diligence to complete such measures as soon as possible thereafter. After receipt of the notice,

the Parties agree to consult immediately and, if necessary, to conduct an inspection of the arrangement.

- 5.11.1 Except in the case of the deployment of an advanced service which significantly degrades the performance of other advanced services or traditional voice band services, if DTI fails to take curative action within forty-eight (48) hours or if the violation is of a character that poses an immediate and substantial threat of damage to property or injury or death to any person, or any other significant degradation, interference or impairment of BellSouth's or another entity's service, then and only in that event, BellSouth may take such action as it deems appropriate to correct the violation, including, without limitation, the interruption of electrical power to DTI's equipment. BellSouth will endeavor, but is not required, to provide notice to DTI prior to the taking of such action and BellSouth shall have no liability to DTI for any damages arising from such action, except to the extent that such action by BellSouth constitutes willful misconduct.
- 5.11.2 For purposes of this Section, the term "significantly degrades" shall be defined as an action that noticeably impairs a service from a user's perspective. In the case of the deployment of an advanced service which significantly degrades the performance of other advanced services or traditional voice band services and DTI fails to take curative action within forty-eight (48) hours, then BellSouth will establish before the Commission that the technology deployment is causing the significant degradation. Any claims of network harm presented to DTI or, if subsequently necessary, the Commission must be supported by BellSouth with specific and verifiable information. When BellSouth demonstrates that a certain technology deployed by DTI is significantly degrading the performance of other advanced services or traditional voice band services, DTI shall discontinue deployment of that technology and migrate its customers to technologies that will not significantly degrade the performance of other such services. Where the only degraded service itself is a known disturber, and the newly deployed technology satisfies at least one of the criteria for a presumption that it is acceptable for deployment under Section 47 C.F.R. 51.230, the degraded service shall not prevail against the newly-deployed technology
- 5.12 Personalty and its Removal. Facilities and equipment placed by DTI in the Collocation Space shall not become a part of the Collocation Space, even if nailed, screwed or otherwise fastened to the Collocation Space, but shall retain their status as personal property and may be removed by DTI at any time. Any damage caused to the Collocation Space by DTI's employees, suppliers, agents or representatives during the removal of such property shall be promptly repaired by DTI at its sole expense. If DTI decides to remove equipment from its Collocation Space and the removal requires no physical change, BellSouth will bill DTI a Supplemental Application Fee (Administrative Only Application Fee) as set forth in Exhibit B. This nonrecurring fee will be billed on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response.
- 5.13 Alterations. Under no condition shall DTI or any person acting on behalf of DTI make any rearrangement, modification, augment, improvement, addition, and/or other

- alteration which could affect in any way space, power, HVAC, and/or safety considerations to the Collocation Space or the Premises, hereinafter referred to individually or collectively as “Augments”, without the express written consent of BellSouth, which shall not be unreasonably withheld. The cost of any such Augment shall be paid by DTI. Any such Augment shall require an application and will result in the assessment of an application fee, which will be billed by BellSouth on the date that BellSouth provides DTI with an Application Response.
- 5.14 Janitorial Service. DTI shall be responsible for the general upkeep of its Collocation Space. DTI shall arrange directly with a BellSouth Certified Supplier for janitorial services applicable to Caged Collocation Space. BellSouth shall provide a list of such suppliers on a site-specific basis, upon request.
6. **Ordering and Preparation of Collocation Space**
- 6.1 If any state or federal regulatory agency imposes procedures or intervals applicable to DTI and BellSouth that are different from the procedures or intervals set forth in this Section, whether now in effect or that become effective after execution of this Agreement, those procedures or intervals shall supersede the requirements set forth herein for that jurisdiction for all applications that are submitted for the first time after the effective date thereof.
- 6.2 Initial Application. For DTI or DTI’s Guest(s) initial equipment placement, DTI shall submit to BellSouth a Physical Expanded Interconnection Application Document (Initial Application). The Initial Application is considered Bona Fide when it is complete and accurate, meaning that all of the required fields on the application are completed with the appropriate type of information. An application fee will apply to each application submitted by DTI, which will be billed by BellSouth on the date that BellSouth provides DTI with an Application Response.
- 6.3 Subsequent Application. In the event DTI or DTI’s Guest(s) desires to modify the use of the Collocation Space after a BFFO, DTI shall complete an application that contains all of the detailed information associated with an Augment **to** the Collocation Space, as defined in Section 5.13 of this Attachment (Subsequent Application). The Subsequent Application is considered Bona Fide when it is complete and accurate, meaning that all of the required fields on the Subsequent Application are completed with the appropriate type of information associated with the Augment. BellSouth shall determine what modifications, if any, to the Premises are required to accommodate the change requested by DTI in the application. Such modifications to the Premises may include, but are not limited to: floor loading changes, changes necessary to meet HVAC requirements, changes to power plant requirements, equipment additions, etc.
- 6.3.1 Subsequent Application Fee. The application fee paid by DTI for its request for an Augment shall be dependent upon the level of assessment needed for the Augment requested. Where the Subsequent Application does not require assessment for provisioning or construction work but requires administrative costs by BellSouth, a

Subsequent Application Fee (Administrative Only Application Fee) will be required as set forth in Exhibit B. This Administrative Only Application Fee will be applicable in instances such as Transfer of Ownership of the Collocation Space, Removal of Equipment from the Collocation Space, modification to an application prior to BFFO and V-to-P Conversion (In Place). The fee for a Subsequent Application where the Augment requested has limited effect (e.g., requires limited assessment but no capital expenditure by BellSouth as sufficient cable support structure, HVAC, power and terminations are available) shall be the Subsequent Application Fee as set forth in Exhibit B. If the modification requires capital expenditure, an Initial Application Fee shall apply. This nonrecurring fee will be billed on the date that BellSouth provides DTI with an Application Response.

- 6.4 Space Preferences. If DTI has previously requested and received a Space Availability Report for the Premises, DTI may submit up to three (3) space preferences on its application by identifying the specific space identification numbers referenced on the Space Availability Report for the space it is requesting. In the event BellSouth cannot accommodate DTI's preference(s), DTI may accept the space allocated by BellSouth or cancel its application and submit another application requesting additional space preferences for the same central office. This application will be treated as a new application and an application fee will apply. The application fee will be billed by BellSouth on the date that BellSouth provides DTI with an Application Response.
- 6.5 Space Availability Notification.
- 6.5.1 Unless otherwise specified, BellSouth will respond to an application within ten (10) calendar days as to whether space is available or not available within a requested Premise. BellSouth will also respond as to whether the application is Bona Fide and if it is not Bona Fide, the items necessary to cause the application to become Bona Fide. If the amount of space requested is not available, BellSouth will notify DTI of the amount of space that is available and no application fee will apply. When BellSouth's response includes an amount of space less than that requested by DTI or space that is configured differently, no application fee will apply. If DTI decides to accept the available space, DTI must resubmit its application to reflect the actual space available, including the configuration of the space, prior to submitting a BFFO. When DTI resubmits its application, BellSouth will bill DTI the appropriate application fee.
- 6.6 Denial of Application. If BellSouth notifies DTI that no space is available (Denial of Application), BellSouth will not assess an application fee to DTI. After notifying DTI that BellSouth has no available space in the requested Premises, BellSouth will allow DTI, upon request, to tour the entire Premises within ten (10) calendar days of such Denial of Application. In order to schedule this tour within ten (10) calendar days, the request for the tour of the Premises must be received by BellSouth within five (5) calendar days of the Denial of Application.
- 6.7 Filing of Petition for Waiver. Upon Denial of Application, BellSouth will timely file a petition with the Commission pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 251(c)(6). BellSouth shall

- provide to the Commission any information requested by that Commission. Such information shall include which space, if any, BellSouth or any of BellSouth's affiliates have reserved for future use and a detailed description of the specific future uses for which the space has been reserved. Subject to an appropriate nondisclosure agreement or provision, BellSouth shall permit DTI to inspect any floor plans or diagrams that BellSouth provides to the Commission.
- 6.8 Waiting List. On a first-come, first-served basis, governed by the date of receipt of an application or Letter of Intent, BellSouth will maintain a waiting list of requesting carriers who have either received a Denial of Application or, where it is publicly known that the Premises is out of space, have submitted a Letter of Intent to collocate in that Premises. BellSouth will notify the telecommunications carriers on the waiting list that can be accommodated by the amount of space that becomes available, according to the position of the telecommunications carriers on said waiting list.
- 6.9 Public Notification. BellSouth will maintain on its Interconnection Services website a notification document that will indicate all Premises that are without available space. BellSouth shall update such document within ten (10) calendar days of the date that BellSouth becomes aware that insufficient space is available to accommodate physical collocation. BellSouth will also post a document on its Interconnection Services website that contains a general notice when space has become available in a Premise previously on the space exhaust list.
- 6.10 Application Response.
- 6.10.1 In Tennessee, when space has been determined to be available for caged or cageless arrangements, BellSouth will provide an Application Response within twenty (20) calendar days of receipt of a Bona Fide application. The Application Response will include, at a minimum, the configuration of the space, the Cable Installation Fee, Cable Records Fee, and any other applicable space preparation fees, as described in Section 8.
- 6.11 Application Modifications. If a modification or revision is made to any information in the Bona Fide Application prior to a BFFO, with the exception of modifications to Customer Information, Contact Information or Billing Contact Information, at the request of DTI, or necessitated by technical considerations, the application shall be considered a new application and handled as a new application with respect to the response and provisioning intervals. BellSouth will charge DTI the appropriate application fee associated with the level of assessment performed by BellSouth. If the modification requires no labor or capital expenditure by BellSouth, but BellSouth must perform an assessment of the application to evaluate whether or not BellSouth would be required to perform necessary infrastructure or provisioning activities, then an Administrative Only Application Fee shall apply. The fee for an application modification where the modification requested has limited effect (e.g., requires labor expenditure but no capital expenditure by BellSouth and where sufficient cable support structure, HVAC, power and terminations are available) shall be the Subsequent

Application Fee as set forth in Exhibit B. A modification involving a capital expenditure by BellSouth shall require DTI to submit the application with an Initial Application Fee. This nonrecurring fee will be billed by BellSouth on the date that BellSouth provides DTI with an Application Response.

6.12 Bona Fide Firm Order.

6.12.1 DTI shall indicate its intent to proceed with equipment installation in a BellSouth Premise by submitting a Bona Fide Firm Order (BFFO) to BellSouth. The BFFO must be received by BellSouth no later than thirty (30) calendar days after BellSouth's Application Response to DTI's Bona Fide Application or DTI's application will expire.

6.12.2 BellSouth will establish a firm order date based upon the date BellSouth is in receipt of DTI's BFFO. BellSouth will acknowledge the receipt of DTI's BFFO within seven (7) calendar days of receipt, so that DTI will have positive confirmation that its BFFO has been received. BellSouth's response to a BFFO will include a Firm Order Confirmation, which contains the firm order date. No revisions can be made to a BFFO.

7. Construction and Provisioning

7.1 Construction and Provisioning Intervals.

7.1.1 In Tennessee, BellSouth will complete construction for caged collocation arrangements under ordinary conditions as soon as possible within a maximum of ninety (90) calendar days from receipt of a BFFO or as agreed to by the Parties. BellSouth will complete construction for cageless collocation arrangements under ordinary conditions as soon as possible within a maximum of sixty (60) calendar days from receipt of a BFFO and ninety (90) calendar days from receipt of a BFFO for extraordinary conditions, or as agreed to by the Parties. Ordinary conditions are defined as space available with only minor changes to support systems required such as, but not limited to, HVAC, cabling and the power plant. Extraordinary conditions shall include, but not be limited to, major BellSouth equipment rearrangements or additions; power plant additions or upgrades; major mechanical additions or upgrades; a major upgrade for ADA compliance; environmental hazard or hazardous materials abatement; and arrangements for which equipment shipping intervals are extraordinary in length. The Parties may mutually agree to renegotiate an alternative provisioning interval or BellSouth may seek a waiver from this interval from the Commission.

7.1.2 When DTI adds equipment within initial demand parameters that requires no additional space preparation work on the part of BellSouth, then no additional charges or additional intervals will be imposed by BellSouth that would delay DTI's operation.

7.2 Joint Planning. Joint planning between BellSouth and DTI will commence within a maximum of twenty (20) calendar days from BellSouth's receipt of a BFFO. BellSouth will provide the preliminary design of the Collocation Space and the

- equipment configuration requirements as reflected in the Bona Fide application and affirmed in the BFFO. The Collocation Space completion interval will be provided to DTI during the joint planning meeting.
- 7.3 Permits. Each Party or its agent(s) will diligently pursue filing for the permits required for the scope of work to be performed by that Party or its agent(s) within ten (10) calendar days of the completion of the finalized construction design and specifications.
- 7.4 Acceptance Walkthrough. DTI will schedule and complete an acceptance walkthrough of each Collocation Space with BellSouth within fifteen (15) calendar days of BellSouth's notification to DTI that the Collocation Space is ready for occupancy. In the event DTI fails to complete an acceptance walkthrough within this fifteen (15) day interval, the Collocation Space shall be deemed accepted by DTI on the Space Ready Date. BellSouth will correct any deviations to DTI's original or jointly amended design and/or specification requirements within seven (7) calendar days after the walkthrough, unless the Parties jointly agree upon a different timeframe.
- 7.5 Circuit Facility Assignments (CFAs). Unless otherwise specified, BellSouth will provide CFAs to DTI prior to the applicable provisioning interval set forth herein (Provisioning Interval) for those Premises in which DTI has a physical collocation arrangement with no POT bay or with a POT bay provided by BellSouth. BellSouth cannot provide CFAs to DTI prior to the Provisioning Interval for those Premises in which DTI has a physical collocation arrangement with a POT bay provided by DTI or a virtual collocation arrangement, until DTI provides BellSouth with the following information:
- 7.5.1 For a physical collocation arrangement with a DTI-provided POT bay - a complete layout of the POT panels (equipment inventory update (EIU) form) showing locations, speeds, etc.
- 7.5.2 For a virtual collocation arrangement - a complete layout of DTI's equipment (equipment inventory update (EIU) form), including the locations of the low speed ports and the specific frame terminations to which the equipment will be wired by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier.
- 7.5.3 BellSouth cannot begin work on the CFAs until the complete and accurate EIU form is received from DTI. If the EIU form is provided ten (10) calendar days prior to the ending date of the Provisioning Interval, then CFAs will be made available by the ending date of the Provisioning Interval. If the EIU form is not received ten (10) calendar days prior to the ending date of the Provisioning Interval, then the CFAs will be provided within ten (10) calendar days of receipt of the EIU form.
- 7.5.4 BellSouth will bill DTI a nonrecurring charge, as set forth in Exhibit B, each time DTI requests a resend of its CFAs for any reason other than a BellSouth error in the CFAs initially provided to DTI.

- 7.6 Use of BellSouth Certified Supplier. DTI shall select a supplier which has been approved as a BellSouth Certified Supplier to perform all engineering and installation work. DTI and DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier must follow and comply with all of BellSouth's requirements, outlined in BellSouth TR 73503, TR 73519, TR 73572, and TR 73564. In some cases, DTI must select separate BellSouth Certified Suppliers for those work activities associated with transmission equipment, switching equipment and power equipment. BellSouth shall provide DTI with a list of BellSouth Certified Suppliers, upon request. The BellSouth Certified Supplier(s) shall be responsible for installing DTI's equipment and associated components, extending power cabling to the BellSouth power distribution frame, performing operational tests after installation is complete, and notifying BellSouth's equipment engineers and DTI upon successful completion of installation, etc. The BellSouth Certified Supplier shall bill DTI directly for all work performed for DTI pursuant to this Attachment. BellSouth shall have no liability for, nor responsibility to pay, such charges imposed by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier. BellSouth shall make available its supplier certification program to DTI or any supplier proposed by DTI and will not unreasonably withhold certification. All work performed by or for DTI shall conform to generally accepted industry standards.
- 7.7 Alarm and Monitoring. BellSouth shall place environmental alarms in the Premises for the protection of BellSouth equipment and facilities. DTI shall be responsible for placement, monitoring and removal of environmental and equipment alarms used to service DTI's Collocation Space. Upon request, BellSouth will provide DTI with an applicable tariffed service(s) to facilitate remote monitoring of collocated equipment by DTI. Both Parties shall use best efforts to notify the other of any verified environmental condition known to that Party.
- 7.8 Virtual to Physical Collocation Relocation. In the event physical Collocation Space was previously denied at a location due to technical reasons or space limitations and physical Collocation Space has subsequently become available, DTI may relocate its existing virtual collocation arrangement(s) to a physical collocation arrangement(s) and pay the appropriate fees associated with physical collocation and the rearrangement or reconfiguration of services terminated in the virtual collocation arrangement, as outlined in the appropriate BellSouth Tariffs. In the event BellSouth knows when additional space for physical collocation may become available at the location requested by DTI, such information will be provided to DTI in BellSouth's written denial of physical collocation space. To the extent that (i) physical Collocation Space becomes available to DTI within one hundred eighty (180) calendar days of BellSouth's written denial of DTI's request for physical collocation, (ii) BellSouth had knowledge that the space was going to become available, and (iii) DTI was not informed in the written denial that physical Collocation Space would become available within such one hundred eighty (180) calendar days, then DTI may relocate its virtual collocation arrangement to a physical collocation arrangement and will receive a credit for any nonrecurring charges previously paid for such virtual collocation. DTI must arrange with a BellSouth Certified Supplier for the relocation of equipment from its

- virtual Collocation Space to its physical Collocation Space and will bear the cost of such relocation.
- 7.9 Virtual to Physical Conversion (In-Place). Virtual collocation arrangements may be converted to “in-place” physical arrangements if the potential conversion meets the following four criteria: 1) there is no change in the amount of equipment or the configuration of the equipment that was in the virtual collocation arrangement; 2) the conversion of the virtual collocation arrangement will not cause the equipment or the results of that conversion to be located in a space that BellSouth has reserved for its own future needs; 3) the converted arrangement does not limit BellSouth’s ability to secure its own equipment and facilities due to the location of the virtual collocation arrangement; and 4) any changes to the arrangement can be accommodated by existing power, HVAC, and other requirements. BellSouth will complete virtual to in-place physical collocation conversions within thirty (30) calendar days from receipt of the BFFO. BellSouth will bill DTI an Administrative Only Application Fee as set forth in Exhibit B on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response to DTI.
- 7.10 Cancellation. If at any time prior to space acceptance, DTI cancels its order for the Collocation Space(s) (Cancellation), BellSouth will bill the applicable nonrecurring rate(s) for any and all work processes for which work has begun or been completed.
- 7.11 Licenses. DTI, at its own expense, will be solely responsible for obtaining from governmental authorities, and any other appropriate agency, entity, or person, all rights, privileges, and licenses necessary or required to operate as a provider of telecommunications services to the public or to build-out, equip and/or occupy the Collocation Space.
- 7.12 Environmental Compliance. The Parties agree to utilize and adhere to the Environmental Hazard Guidelines identified in Exhibit A attached hereto.
- 8. Rates and Charges**
- 8.1 Application Fee. BellSouth shall assess an application fee via a service order, which shall be issued at the time BellSouth responds that space is available pursuant to Section 6.10 (Application Response).
- 8.1.1 In Tennessee the applicable application fee is the planning fee for both Initial Applications and Subsequent Applications placed by DTI. BellSouth will bill this nonrecurring fee on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response to DTI.
- 8.2 Cable Installation. Cable Installation Fee(s) are assessed per entrance cable placed. This nonrecurring fee will be billed by BellSouth upon receipt of DTI’s BFFO.
- 8.3 Recurring Charges. If DTI has met the applicable fifteen (15) calendar day walkthrough interval(s) specified in Section 4, billing for recurring charges will begin upon the Space Acceptance Date. In the event that DTI fails to complete an acceptance walkthrough within the applicable fifteen (15) calendar day interval(s),

billing for recurring charges will commence on the Space Ready Date. If DTI occupies the space prior to the Space Ready Date, the date DTI occupies the space becomes the new Space Acceptance Date and billing for recurring charges begin on that date.

- 8.4 Space Preparation. Space preparation fees consist of a nonrecurring charge for firm order processing and monthly recurring charges for central office modifications assessed per arrangement, per square foot and common systems modifications assessed per arrangement, per square foot for cageless collocation and per cage for caged collocation. DTI shall remit payment of the nonrecurring firm order processing fee coincident with submission of a BFFO. The charges recover the costs associated with preparing the Collocation Space, which includes survey, engineering of the Collocation Space, design and modification costs for network, building and support systems. In the event DTI opts for cageless space, the space preparation fees will be assessed based on the total floor space dedicated to DTI as prescribed in this Section.
- 8.5 Floor Space. The Floor Space Charge includes reasonable charges for lighting, HVAC, and other allocated expenses associated with maintenance of the Premises but does not include any power-related costs incurred by BellSouth. When the Collocation Space is enclosed, DTI shall pay floor space charges based upon the number of square feet so enclosed. When the Collocation Space is not enclosed, DTI shall pay floor space charges based upon the following floor space calculation: [(depth of the equipment lineup in which the rack is placed) + (0.5 x maintenance aisle depth) + (0.5 x wiring aisle depth)] X (width of rack and spacers). For purposes of this calculation, the depth of the equipment lineup shall consider the footprint of equipment racks plus any equipment overhang. BellSouth will assign unenclosed Collocation Space in conventional equipment rack lineups where feasible. In the event DTI's collocated equipment requires special cable racking, isolated grounding or other treatment which prevents placement within conventional equipment rack lineups, DTI shall be required to request an amount of floor space sufficient to accommodate the total equipment arrangement.
- 8.6 Power. BellSouth shall make available -48 Volt (-48V) Direct Current (DC) power for DTI's Collocation Space at a BellSouth Power Board or BellSouth Battery Distribution Fuse Bay (BDFB) at DTI's option within the Premises. BellSouth will revise recurring power charges to reflect a power upgrade upon notification of the completion of the upgrade by DTI's BellSouth Certified Vendor. BellSouth will revise recurring power charges to reflect a power reduction upon BellSouth's receipt of the Power Reduction Form from DTI certifying the completion of the power reduction, including the removal of the power cabling by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier.
- 8.6.1 When obtaining power from a BDFB, fuses and power cables (A&B) must be engineered (sized), and installed by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier. When obtaining power from a BellSouth power board, power cables (A&B) must be engineered (sized), and installed by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier. DTI is responsible for contracting with a BellSouth Certified Supplier for power distribution feeder cable runs from a BellSouth BDFB or BellSouth power board to DTI's equipment. The determination of the BellSouth BDFB or BellSouth power board as

- the power source will be made at BellSouth's sole, but reasonable, discretion. The BellSouth Certified Supplier contracted by DTI must provide BellSouth with a copy of the engineering power specifications prior to the day on which DTI's equipment becomes operational (Commencement Date). BellSouth will provide the common power feeder cable support structure between the BellSouth BDFB or BellSouth power board and DTI's arrangement area. DTI shall contract with a BellSouth Certified Supplier who will be responsible for the following: dedicated power cable support structure within DTI's arrangement, power cable feeds, and terminations of cable. Any terminations at a BellSouth power board must be performed by a BellSouth Certified Supplier. DTI shall comply with all applicable National Electric Code (NEC), BellSouth TR73503, Telcordia and ANSI Standards regarding power cabling, installation, and maintenance.
- 8.6.2 If DTI elects to install its own DC Power Plant, BellSouth shall provide Alternating Current (AC) power to feed DTI's DC Power Plant. Charges for AC power will be assessed per breaker ampere per month. Rates include the provision of commercial and standby AC power. When obtaining power from a BellSouth service panel, protection devices and power cables must be engineered (sized), and installed by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier except that BellSouth shall engineer and install protection devices and power cables for Adjacent Collocation. DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier must also provide a copy of the engineering power specifications prior to the Commencement Date. Charges for AC power shall be assessed pursuant to the rates specified in Exhibit B. AC power voltage and phase ratings shall be determined on a per location basis. At DTI's option, DTI may arrange for AC power in an Adjacent Collocation arrangement from a retail provider of electrical power.
- 8.6.3 In Tennessee, recurring charges for -48V DC power consumption will be assessed per ampere per month based upon the engineered and installed power feed fused ampere capacity. Rates include redundant feeder fuse positions (A&B) and common cable racks to DTI's equipment or space enclosure. DTI shall contract with a BellSouth Certified Supplier who will be responsible for the following: dedicated power cable support structure within DTI's arrangement and terminations of cable within the Collocation Space.
- 8.6.3.1 In Tennessee, nonrecurring charges for -48V DC power distribution will be based on the common power feeder cable support structure between the BellSouth BDFB and DTI's arrangement area.
- 8.6.4 If DTI requests a reduction in the amount of power that BellSouth is currently providing, DTI must submit a Subsequent Application. If no modification to the Collocation Space is requested other than the reduction in power, the Subsequent Application Fee for Power Reduction as set forth in Exhibit B will apply. If modifications are requested in addition to the reduction of power, the Subsequent Application Fee will apply. BellSouth will bill this nonrecurring fee on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response.

- 8.7 Security Escort. A security escort will be required whenever DTI or its approved agent desires access to the entrance manhole or must have access to the Premises after the one accompanied site visit allowed pursuant to Section 5 prior to completing BellSouth's Security Training requirements. Rates for a security escort are assessed according to the schedule appended hereto as Exhibit B beginning with the scheduled escort time. BellSouth will wait for one-half (1/2) hour after the scheduled time for such an escort and DTI shall pay for such half-hour charges in the event DTI fails to show up.
- 8.8 Cable Record charges. These charges apply for work required to build cable records in BellSouth systems. The VG/DS0 per cable record charge is for a maximum of 3600 records. The Fiber cable record charge is for a maximum of 99 records. These nonrecurring fees will be billed upon receipt of DTI's BFFO.
- 8.9 Other. If no rate is identified in the contract, the rate for the specific service or function will be negotiated by the Parties upon request by either Party.
- 9. Insurance**
- 9.1 DTI shall, at its sole cost and expense, procure, maintain, and keep in force insurance as specified in this Section and underwritten by insurance companies licensed to do business in the states applicable under this Agreement and having a Best's Insurance Rating of A-.
- 9.2 DTI shall maintain the following specific coverage:
- 9.2.1 Commercial General Liability coverage in the amount of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000.00) or a combination of Commercial General Liability and Excess/Umbrella coverage totaling not less than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000.00). BellSouth shall be named as an Additional Insured on the Commercial General Liability policy as specified herein.
- 9.2.2 Statutory Workers Compensation coverage and Employers Liability coverage in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) each accident, one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) each employee by disease, and five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00) policy limit by disease.
- 9.2.3 All Risk Property coverage on a full replacement cost basis insuring all of DTI's real and personal property situated on or within BellSouth's Central Office location(s).
- 9.2.4 DTI may elect to purchase business interruption and contingent business interruption insurance, having been advised that BellSouth assumes no liability for loss of profit or revenues should an interruption of service occur.
- 9.3 The limits set forth in Section 9.2 above may be increased by BellSouth from time to time during the term of this Agreement upon thirty (30) calendar days notice to DTI to

- at least such minimum limits as shall then be customary with respect to comparable occupancy of BellSouth structures.
- 9.4 All policies purchased by DTI shall be deemed to be primary and not contributing to or in excess of any similar coverage purchased by BellSouth. All insurance must be in effect on or before the date equipment is delivered to Premises and shall remain in effect for the term of this Attachment or until all DTI's property has been removed from BellSouth's Premises, whichever period is longer. If DTI fails to maintain required coverage, BellSouth may pay the premiums thereon and seek reimbursement of same from DTI.
- 9.5 DTI shall submit certificates of insurance reflecting the coverage required pursuant to this Section a minimum of ten (10) business days prior to the commencement of any work in the Collocation Space. Failure to meet this interval may result in construction and equipment installation delays. DTI shall arrange for BellSouth to receive thirty (30) business days' advance notice of cancellation from DTI's insurance company. DTI shall forward a certificate of insurance and notice of cancellation/non-renewal to BellSouth at the following address:
- BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.
Attn.: Risk Management Coordinator
17H53 BellSouth Center
675 W. Peachtree Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30375
- 9.6 DTI must conform to recommendations made by BellSouth's fire insurance company to the extent BellSouth has agreed to, or shall hereafter agree to, such recommendations.
- 9.7 Self-Insurance. If DTI's net worth exceeds five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), DTI may elect to request self-insurance status in lieu of obtaining any of the insurance required in Sections 9.2.1 and 9.2.2. DTI shall provide audited financial statements to BellSouth thirty (30) calendar days prior to the commencement of any work in the Collocation Space. BellSouth shall then review such audited financial statements and respond in writing to DTI in the event that self-insurance status is not granted to DTI. If BellSouth approves DTI for self-insurance, DTI shall annually furnish to BellSouth, and keep current, evidence of such net worth that is attested to by one of DTI's corporate officers. The ability to self-insure shall continue so long as the DTI meets all of the requirements of this Section. If DTI subsequently no longer satisfies this Section, DTI is required to purchase insurance as indicated by Sections 9.2.1 and 9.2.2.
- 9.8 The net worth requirements set forth in Section 9.7 may be increased by BellSouth from time to time during the term of this Attachment upon thirty (30) calendar days' notice to DTI to at least such minimum limits as shall then be customary with respect to comparable occupancy of BellSouth structures.

- 9.9 Failure to comply with the provisions of this Section will be deemed a material breach of this Attachment.

10. Mechanics Liens

- 10.1 If any mechanics lien or other liens shall be filed against property of either Party (BellSouth or DTI), or any improvement thereon by reason of or arising out of any labor or materials furnished or alleged to have been furnished or to be furnished to or for the other Party or by reason of any changes, or additions to said property made at the request or under the direction of the other Party, the other Party directing or requesting those changes shall, within thirty (30) business days after receipt of written notice from the Party against whose property said lien has been filed, either pay such lien or cause the same to be bonded off the affected property in the manner provided by law. The Party causing said lien to be placed against the property of the other shall also defend, at its sole cost and expense, on behalf of the other, any action, suit or proceeding which may be brought for the enforcement of such liens and shall pay any damage and discharge any judgment entered thereon.

11. Inspections

- 11.1 BellSouth may conduct an inspection of DTI's equipment and facilities in the Collocation Space(s) prior to the activation of facilities between DTI's equipment and equipment of BellSouth. BellSouth may conduct an inspection if DTI adds equipment and may otherwise conduct routine inspections at reasonable intervals mutually agreed upon by the Parties. BellSouth shall provide DTI with a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours or two (2) business days, whichever is greater, advance notice of all such inspections. All costs of such inspection shall be borne by BellSouth.

12. Security and Safety Requirements

- 12.1 Unless otherwise specified, DTI will be required, at its own expense, to conduct a statewide investigation of criminal history records for each DTI employee hired in the past five years being considered for work on the Premises, for the states/counties where the DTI employee has worked and lived for the past five years. Where state law does not permit statewide collection or reporting, an investigation of the applicable counties is acceptable. DTI shall not be required to perform this investigation if an affiliated company of DTI has performed an investigation of the DTI employee seeking access, if such investigation meets the criteria set forth above. This requirement will not apply if DTI has performed a pre-employment statewide investigation of criminal history records of the DTI employee for the states/counties where the DTI employee has worked and lived for the past five years or, where state law does not permit a statewide investigation, an investigation of the applicable counties.
- 12.2 DTI will be required to administer to its personnel assigned to the Premises security training either provided by BellSouth, or meeting criteria defined by BellSouth.

- 12.3 DTI shall provide its employees and agents with picture identification, which must be worn and visible at all times while in the Collocation Space or other areas in or around the Premises. The photo identification card shall bear, at a minimum, the employee's name and photo and DTI's name. BellSouth reserves the right to remove from its Premises any employee of DTI not possessing identification issued by DTI or who has violated any of BellSouth's policies as outlined in the CLEC Security Training documents. DTI shall hold BellSouth harmless for any damages resulting from such removal of its personnel from BellSouth Premises. DTI shall be solely responsible for ensuring that any Guest(s) of DTI is in compliance with all subsections of this Section.
- 12.4 DTI shall not assign to the Premises any personnel with records of felony criminal convictions. DTI shall not assign to the Premises any personnel with records of misdemeanor convictions, except for misdemeanor traffic violations, without advising BellSouth of the nature and gravity of the offense(s). BellSouth reserves the right to refuse building access to any DTI personnel who have been identified to have misdemeanor criminal convictions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that DTI chooses not to advise BellSouth of the nature and gravity of any misdemeanor conviction, DTI may, in the alternative, certify to BellSouth that it shall not assign to the Premises any personnel with records of misdemeanor convictions (other than misdemeanor traffic violations).
- 12.4.1 DTI shall not knowingly assign to the Premises any individual who was a former employee of BellSouth and whose employment with BellSouth was terminated for a criminal offense whether or not BellSouth sought prosecution of the individual for the criminal offense.
- 12.4.2 DTI shall not knowingly assign to the Premises any individual who was a former supplier of BellSouth and whose access to a Premise was revoked due to commission of a criminal offense whether or not BellSouth sought prosecution of the individual for the criminal offense.
- 12.5 For each DTI employee or agent hired by DTI within five years of being considered for work on the Premises, who requires access to a Premise pursuant to this Attachment, DTI shall furnish BellSouth, prior to an employee or agent gaining such access, a certification that the aforementioned background check and security training were completed. The certification will contain a statement that no felony convictions were found and certify that the employee completed the security training. If the employee's criminal history includes misdemeanor convictions, DTI will disclose the nature of the convictions to BellSouth at that time. In the alternative, DTI may certify to BellSouth that it shall not assign to the Premises any personnel with records of misdemeanor convictions other than misdemeanor traffic violations.
- 12.5.1 For all other DTI employees requiring access to a Premise pursuant to this Attachment, DTI shall furnish BellSouth, prior to an employee gaining such access, a certification that the employee is not subject to the requirements of Section 12.5 above and that security training was completed by the employee.

- 12.6 At BellSouth's request, DTI shall promptly remove from Premises any employee of DTI BellSouth does not wish to grant access to its Premises 1) pursuant to any investigation conducted by BellSouth or 2) prior to the initiation of an investigation if an employee of DTI is found interfering with the property or personnel of BellSouth or another collocated telecommunications carrier, provided that an investigation shall promptly be commenced by BellSouth.
- 12.7 Security Violations. BellSouth reserves the right to interview DTI's employees, agents, or suppliers in the event of wrongdoing in or around BellSouth's property or involving BellSouth's or another collocated telecommunications carrier's property or personnel, provided that BellSouth shall provide reasonable notice to DTI's Security representative of such interview. DTI and its suppliers shall reasonably cooperate with BellSouth's investigation into allegations of wrongdoing or criminal conduct committed by, witnessed by, or involving DTI's employees, agents, or suppliers. Additionally, BellSouth reserves the right to bill DTI for all reasonable costs associated with investigations involving its employees, agents, or suppliers if it is established and mutually agreed in good faith that DTI's employees, agents, or suppliers are responsible for the alleged act. BellSouth shall bill DTI for BellSouth property, which is stolen or damaged where an investigation determines the culpability of DTI's employees, agents, or suppliers and where DTI agrees, in good faith, with the results of such investigation. DTI shall notify BellSouth in writing immediately in the event that DTI discovers one of its employees already working on the Premises is a possible security risk. Upon request of the other Party, the Party who is the employer shall discipline consistent with its employment practices, up to and including removal from BellSouth's Premises, any employee found to have violated the security and safety requirements of this Section. DTI shall hold BellSouth harmless for any damages resulting from such removal of its personnel from Premises.
- 12.8 Use of Supplies. Unauthorized use of equipment, supplies or other property by either Party, whether or not used routinely to provide telephone service will be strictly prohibited and handled appropriately. Costs associated with such unauthorized use may be charged to the offending Party, as may be all associated investigative costs.
- 12.9 Use of Official Lines. Except for non-toll calls necessary in the performance of their work, neither Party shall use the telephones of the other Party on the Premises. Charges for unauthorized telephone calls may be charged to the offending Party, as may be all associated investigative costs.
- 12.10 Accountability. Full compliance with the Security requirements of this Section shall in no way limit the accountability of either Party to the other for the improper actions of its employees.
- 13. Destruction of Collocation Space**
- 13.1 In the event a Collocation Space is wholly or partially damaged by fire, windstorm, tornado, flood or by similar causes to such an extent as to be rendered wholly unsuitable for DTI's permitted use hereunder, then either Party may elect within ten

(10) calendar days after such damage, to terminate occupancy of the damaged Collocation Space, and if either Party shall so elect, by giving the other written notice of termination, both Parties shall stand released of and from further liability under the terms hereof. If the Collocation Space shall suffer only minor damage and shall not be rendered wholly unsuitable for DTI's permitted use, or is damaged and the option to terminate is not exercised by either Party, BellSouth covenants and agrees to proceed promptly without expense to DTI, except for improvements not to the property of BellSouth, to repair the damage. BellSouth shall have a reasonable time within which to rebuild or make any repairs, and such rebuilding and repairing shall be subject to delays caused by storms, shortages of labor and materials, government regulations, strikes, walkouts, and causes beyond the control of BellSouth, which causes shall not be construed as limiting factors, but as exemplary only. DTI may, at its own expense, accelerate the rebuild of its collocated space and equipment provided however that a BellSouth Certified Supplier is used and the necessary space preparation has been completed. If DTI's acceleration of the project increases the cost of the project, then those additional charges will be incurred by DTI. Where allowed and where practical, DTI may erect a temporary facility while BellSouth rebuilds or makes repairs. In all cases where the Collocation Space shall be rebuilt or repaired, DTI shall be entitled to an equitable abatement of rent and other charges, depending upon the unsuitability of the Collocation Space for DTI's permitted use, until such Collocation Space is fully repaired and restored and DTI's equipment installed therein (but in no event later than thirty (30) calendar days after the Collocation Space is fully repaired and restored). Where DTI has placed an Adjacent Arrangement pursuant to Section 3.4, DTI shall have the sole responsibility to repair or replace said Adjacent Arrangement provided herein. Pursuant to this Section, BellSouth will restore the associated services to the Adjacent Arrangement.

14. Eminent Domain

- 14.1 If the whole of a Collocation Space or Adjacent Arrangement shall be taken by any public authority under the power of eminent domain, then this Attachment shall terminate with respect to such Collocation Space or Adjacent Arrangement as of the day possession shall be taken by such public authority and rent and other charges for the Collocation Space or Adjacent Arrangement shall be paid up to that day with proportionate refund by BellSouth of such rent and charges as may have been paid in advance for a period subsequent to the date of the taking. If any part of the Collocation Space or Adjacent Arrangement shall be taken under eminent domain, BellSouth and DTI shall each have the right to terminate this Attachment with respect to such Collocation Space or Adjacent Arrangement and declare the same null and void, by written notice of such intention to the other Party within ten (10) calendar days after such taking.

15. Nonexclusivity

- 15.1 DTI understands that this Attachment is not exclusive and that BellSouth may enter into similar agreements with other Parties. Assignment of space pursuant to all such

agreements shall be determined by space availability and made on a first come, first served basis

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SAFETY PRINCIPLES

The following principles provide basic guidance on environmental and safety issues when applying for and establishing Physical Collocation arrangements.

1. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

- 1.1 Compliance with Applicable Law. BellSouth and DTI agree to comply with applicable federal, state, and local environmental and safety laws and regulations including U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) regulations issued under the Clean Air Act (CAA), Clean Water Act (CWA), Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA), the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), and OSHA regulations issued under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, as amended and NFPA and National Electrical Codes (NEC) and the NESC (Applicable Laws). Each Party shall notify the other if compliance inspections are conducted by regulatory agencies and/or citations are issued that relate to any aspect of this Attachment.
- 1.2 Notice. BellSouth and DTI shall provide notice to the other, including Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs), of known and recognized physical hazards or Hazardous Chemicals existing on site or brought on site. A Hazardous Chemical inventory list is posted on an OSHA Poster and updated annually at each Central Office. This Poster is normally located near the front entrance of the building or in the lounge area. Each Party is required to provide specific notice for known potential Imminent Danger conditions. DTI should contact 1-800-743-6737 for any BellSouth MSDS required.
- 1.3 Practices/Procedures. BellSouth may make available additional environmental control procedures for DTI to follow when working at a Premise (See Section 2, below). These practices/procedures will represent the regular work practices required to be followed by the employees and suppliers of BellSouth for environmental protection. DTI will require its suppliers, agents and others accessing the Premises to comply with these practices. Section 2 lists the Environmental categories where BellSouth practices should be followed by DTI when operating in the Premises.
- 1.4 Environmental and Safety Inspections. BellSouth reserves the right to inspect the DTI space with proper notification. BellSouth reserves the right to stop any DTI work operation that imposes Imminent Danger to the environment, employees or other persons in the area or Premises.
- 1.5 Hazardous Materials Brought On Site. Any hazardous materials brought into, used, stored or abandoned at the Premises by DTI are owned by DTI. DTI will indemnify BellSouth for claims, lawsuits or damages to persons or property caused by these materials. Without prior written BellSouth approval, no substantial new safety or environmental hazards can be created by DTI or different hazardous materials used by DTI at Premises. DTI must demonstrate adequate emergency response capabilities for its materials used or remaining at the Premises.
- 1.6 Spills and Releases. When contamination is discovered at a Premise, either Party discovering the

condition must notify the other Party. All Spills or Releases of regulated materials will immediately be reported by DTI to BellSouth.

- 1.7 Coordinated Environmental Plans and Permits. BellSouth and DTI will coordinate plans, permits or information required to be submitted to government agencies, such as emergency response plans, spill prevention control and countermeasures (SPCC) plans and community reporting. If fees are associated with filing, BellSouth and DTI will develop a cost sharing procedure. If BellSouth's permit or EPA identification number must be used, DTI must comply with all of BellSouth's permit conditions and environmental processes, including environmental "best management practices (BMP)" (see Section 2, below) and/or selection of BellSouth disposition vendors and disposal sites.
- 1.8 Environmental and Safety Indemnification. BellSouth and DTI shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the other Party from and against any claims (including, without limitation, third-party claims for personal injury or death or real or personal property damage), judgments, damages (including direct and indirect damages and punitive damages), penalties, fines, forfeitures, costs, liabilities, interest and losses arising in connection with the violation or alleged violation of any Applicable Law or contractual obligation or the presence or alleged presence of contamination arising out of the acts or omissions of the indemnifying Party, its agents, suppliers, or employees concerning its operations at the Premises.

2. CATEGORIES FOR CONSIDERATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

- 2.1 When performing functions that fall under the following Environmental categories on BellSouth's Premises, DTI agrees to comply with the applicable sections of the current issue of BellSouth's Environmental and Safety Methods and Procedures (M&Ps), incorporated herein by this reference. DTI further agrees to cooperate with BellSouth to ensure that DTI's employees, agents, and/or suppliers are knowledgeable of and satisfy those provisions of BellSouth's Environmental M&Ps which apply to the specific Environmental function being performed by DTI, its employees, agents and/or suppliers.
- 2.2 The most current version of the reference documentation must be requested from DTI's BellSouth Regional Contract Manager (RCM) (f/k/a Account Team Collocation Coordinator – ATCC).

ENVIRONMENTAL CATEGORIES	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES	ADDRESSED BY THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTATION
Disposal of hazardous material or other regulated material (e.g., batteries, fluorescent tubes, solvents & cleaning materials)	Compliance with all applicable local, state, & federal laws and regulations Pollution liability insurance EVET approval of supplier	Std T&C 450 Fact Sheet Series 17000 Std T&C 660-3 Approved Environmental Vendor List (Contact RCM Representative)
Emergency response	Hazmat/waste release/spill fire safety emergency	Fact Sheet Series 17000 Building Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) (specific to & located on Premises)
Contract labor/outsourcing for services with environmental implications to be performed on BellSouth Premises (e.g., disposition of hazardous material/waste; maintenance of storage tanks)	Compliance with all applicable local, state, & federal laws and regulations Performance of services in accordance with BST's environmental M&Ps Insurance	Std T&C 450 Std T&C 450-B (Contact RCM Representative for copy of appropriate E/S M&Ps.) Std T&C 660
Transportation of hazardous material	Compliance with all applicable local, state, & federal laws and regulations Pollution liability insurance EVET approval of supplier	Std T&C 450 Fact Sheet Series 17000 Std T&C 660-3 Approved Environmental Vendor List (Contact RCM Representative)
Maintenance/operations work which may produce a waste Other maintenance work	Compliance with all applicable local, state, & federal laws and regulations Protection of BST employees & equipment	Std T&C 450 29CFR 1910.147 (OSHA Standard) 29CFR 1910 Subpart O (OSHA Standard)
Janitorial services	All waste removal and disposal must conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations All Hazardous Material and Waste Asbestos notification and protection of employees and equipment	Procurement Manager (CRES Related Matters)-BST Supply Chain Services Fact Sheet Series 17000 GU-BTEN-001BT, Chapter 3 BSP 010-170-001BS (Hazcom)
Manhole cleaning	Compliance with all applicable local, state, & federal laws and regulations Pollution liability insurance EVET approval of supplier	Std T&C 450 Fact Sheet 14050 BSP 620-145-011PR Issue A, August 1996 Std T&C 660-3 Approved Environmental Vendor List (Contact RCM Representative)
Removing or disturbing building materials that may contain asbestos	Asbestos work practices	GU-BTEN-001BT, Chapter 3 For questions regarding removing or disturbing materials that contain asbestos, call the BST Building Service Center: TN(local area code) 557-6194

3. DEFINITIONS

Generator. Under RCRA, the person whose act produces a Hazardous Waste, as defined in 40 CFR 261, or whose act first causes a Hazardous Waste to become subject to regulation. The Generator is legally responsible for the proper management and disposal of Hazardous Wastes in accordance with regulations.

Hazardous Chemical. As defined in the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health (OSHA) hazard communication standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), any chemical which is a health hazard or physical hazard.

Hazardous Waste. As defined in Section 1004 of RCRA.

Imminent Danger. Any conditions or practices at a Premises which are such that a danger exists which could reasonably be expected to cause immediate death or serious harm to people or immediate significant damage to the environment or natural resources.

Spill or Release. As defined in Section 101 of CERCLA.

4. ACRONYMS

RCM – Regional Collocation Manager (f/k/a Account Team Collocation Coordinator)

BST – BellSouth Telecommunications

CRES – Corporate Real Estate and Services (formerly PS&M)

DEC/LDEC - Department Environmental Coordinator/Local Department Environmental Coordinator

E/S – Environmental/Safety

EVET - Environmental Vendor Evaluation Team

GU-BTEN-001BT - BellSouth Environmental Methods and Procedures

NESC - National Electrical Safety Codes

P&SM - Property & Services Management

Std T&C - Standard Terms & Conditions

Attachment 4

Remote Site Physical Collocation

BELLSOUTH

REMOTE SITE PHYSICAL COLLOCATION

1. Scope of Attachment

1.1 The rates, terms, and conditions contained within this Attachment shall only apply when DTI is occupying the collocation space as a sole occupant or as a Host within a Remote Site Location (Remote Collocation Space) pursuant to this Attachment.

1.2 Right to occupy. BellSouth shall offer to DTI Remote Collocation Space on rates, terms, and conditions that are just, reasonable, non-discriminatory and consistent with the rules of the FCC. Subject to the rates, terms, and conditions of this Attachment, where space is available and collocation is technically feasible, BellSouth will allow DTI to occupy that certain area designated by BellSouth within a BellSouth Remote Site Location, or on BellSouth property upon which the BellSouth Remote Site Location is located, of a size, which is specified by DTI and agreed to by BellSouth. BellSouth Remote Site Locations include cabinets, huts, and controlled environmental vaults owned or leased by BellSouth that house BellSouth Network Facilities. To the extent this Attachment does not include all the necessary rates, terms and conditions for BellSouth Remote Site Locations other than cabinets, huts and controlled environmental vaults, the Parties will negotiate said rates, terms, and conditions upon request for collocation at BellSouth Remote Site Locations other than those specified above.

1.3 Space Reservation.

1.3.1 The number of racks/bays specified by DTI may contemplate a request for space sufficient to accommodate DTI's growth within a two-year period.

1.3.2 Neither BellSouth nor any of BellSouth's affiliates may reserve space for future use on more preferential terms than those set forth above.

1.4 Third Party Property. If the Premise, or the property on which it is located, is leased by BellSouth from a Third Party or otherwise controlled by a Third Party, special considerations and intervals may apply in addition to the terms and conditions of this Attachment. Additionally, where BellSouth notifies DTI that BellSouth's agreement with a Third Party does not grant BellSouth the ability to provide access and use rights to others, upon DTI's request, BellSouth will use its best efforts to obtain the owner's consent and to otherwise secure such rights for DTI. DTI agrees to reimburse BellSouth for the reasonable and demonstrable costs incurred by BellSouth in obtaining such rights for DTI. In cases where a Third Party agreement does not grant

BellSouth the right to provide access and use rights to others as contemplated by this Attachment and BellSouth, despite its best efforts, is unable to secure such access and use rights for DTI as above, DTI shall be responsible for obtaining such permission to access and use such property. BellSouth shall cooperate with DTI in obtaining such permission.

- 1.5 Space Reclamation. In the event of space exhaust within a Remote Site Location, BellSouth may include in its documentation for the Petition for Waiver filing any unutilized space in the Remote Site Location. DTI will be responsible for any justification of unutilized space within its Remote Collocation Space, if the Commission requires such justification.
- 1.6 Use of Space. DTI shall use the Remote Collocation Space for the purposes of installing, maintaining and operating DTI's equipment (to include testing and monitoring equipment) necessary for interconnection with BellSouth services and facilities or for accessing BellSouth unbundled network elements (UNEs) for the provision of telecommunications services, as specifically set forth in this Agreement. The Remote Collocation Space may be used for no other purposes except as specifically described herein or in any amendment hereto.
- 1.7 Rates and charges. DTI agrees to pay the rates and charges identified in Exhibit B attached hereto.
- 1.8 If any due date contained in this Attachment falls on a weekend or National holiday, then the due date will be the next business day thereafter. For intervals of ten (10) calendar days or less National holidays will be excluded.
- 1.9 The Parties agree to comply with all applicable federal, state, county, local and administrative laws, rules, ordinances, regulations and codes in the performance of their obligations hereunder.
2. **Space Availability Report**
 - 2.1 Upon request from DTI, BellSouth will provide a written report (Space Availability Report), describing in detail the space that is available for collocation and specifying the amount of Remote Collocation Space available at the Remote Site Location requested, the number of collocators present at the Remote Site Location, any modifications in the use of the space since the last report on the Remote Site Location requested and the measures BellSouth is taking to make additional space available for collocation arrangements. A Space Availability Report does not reserve space at the Remote Site Location.
 - 2.1.1 The request from DTI for a Space Availability Report must be written and must include the Common Language Location Identification (CLLI) code for both the Remote Site Location and the serving wire center. The CLLI code information for the serving wire center is located in the NECA Tariff FCC No. 4. If DTI is unable to

- obtain the CLLI code for the Remote Site Location from, for example, a site visit to the remote site, DTI may request the CLLI code from BellSouth. To obtain a CLLI code for a Remote Site Location directly from BellSouth, DTI should submit to BellSouth a Remote Site Interconnection Request for the serving wire center CLLI code prior to submitting its request for a Space Availability Report. DTI should complete all the requested information and submit the Request to BellSouth. BellSouth will bill the applicable fee upon receipt of the request.
- 2.1.2 BellSouth will respond to a request for a Space Availability Report for a particular Remote Site Location within ten (10) calendar days of receipt of such request. BellSouth will make best efforts to respond in ten (10) calendar days to such a request when the request includes from two (2) to five (5) Remote Site Locations within the same state. The response time for requests of more than five (5) Remote Site Locations shall be negotiated between the Parties. If BellSouth cannot meet the ten (10) calendar day response time, BellSouth shall notify DTI and inform DTI of the time frame under which it can respond.
- 2.2 Remote Terminal information. Upon request, BellSouth will provide DTI with the following information concerning BellSouth's remote terminals: (i) the address of the remote terminal; (ii) the CLLI code of the remote terminal; (iii) the carrier serving area of the remote terminal; (iv) the designation of which remote terminals subtend a particular central office; and (v) the number and address of customers that are served by a particular remote terminal.
- 2.2.1 BellSouth will provide this information on a first come, first served basis within thirty (30) calendar days of a DTI request subject to the following conditions: (i) the information will only be provided on a CD in the same format in which it appears in BellSouth's systems; (ii) the information will only be provided for each serving wire center designated by DTI, up to a maximum of thirty (30) wire centers per DTI request per month per state, and up to for a maximum of one hundred twenty (120) wire centers total per month per state for all CLECs; and (iii) DTI agrees to pay the costs incurred by BellSouth in providing the information.
3. Collocation Options
- 3.1 Cageless. BellSouth shall allow DTI to collocate DTI's equipment and facilities without requiring the construction of a cage or similar structure. BellSouth shall allow DTI to have direct access to DTI's equipment and facilities in accordance with Section 5.8. BellSouth shall make cageless collocation available in single rack/bay increments. Except where DTI's equipment requires special technical considerations (e.g., special cable racking or isolated ground plane), BellSouth shall assign cageless Remote Collocation Space in conventional equipment rack lineups where feasible. For equipment requiring special technical considerations, DTI must provide the equipment layout, including spatial dimensions for such equipment pursuant to generic requirements contained in Telcordia GR-63-Core, and shall be responsible for

compliance with all special technical requirements associated with such equipment pursuant to Section 7.6 following.

- 3.2 Caged. At DTI's expense, DTI may arrange with a Supplier certified by BellSouth (BellSouth Certified Supplier) to construct a collocation arrangement enclosure, where technically feasible as that term has been defined by the FCC, in accordance with BellSouth's Technical References (TR) (Specifications) prior to starting equipment installation. BellSouth will provide Specifications upon request. DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier shall be responsible for filing and receiving any and all necessary permits and/or licenses for such construction. BellSouth shall cooperate with DTI and provide, at DTI's expense, the documentation, including existing building architectural drawings, enclosure drawings, and Specifications required and necessary for DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier to obtain the zoning, permits and/or other licenses. DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier shall bill DTI directly for all work performed for DTI pursuant to this Attachment and BellSouth shall have no liability for nor responsibility to pay such charges imposed by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier. DTI must provide the local BellSouth Remote Site Location contact with two Access Keys used to enter the locked enclosure. Except in case of emergency, BellSouth will not access DTI's locked enclosure prior to notifying DTI at least forty-eight (48) hours before access to the Remote Site Location is required. Upon request, BellSouth shall construct the enclosure for DTI.
- 3.2.1 BellSouth may elect to review DTI's plans and specifications prior to allowing construction to start to ensure compliance with BellSouth's Specifications. Notification to DTI indicating BellSouth's desire to execute this review will be provided in BellSouth's response to the Application, if DTI has indicated their desire to construct their own enclosure. If DTI's Application does not indicate their desire to construct their own enclosure, but their firm order does indicate their desire to construct their own enclosure, then notification to review will be given within ten (10) calendar days after the Firm Order date. BellSouth shall complete its review within fifteen (15) calendar days after the receipt of the plans and specifications. Regardless of whether or not BellSouth elects to review DTI's plans and specifications, BellSouth reserves the right to inspect the enclosure after construction to make sure it is constructed according to the submitted plans and specifications and/or BellSouth's Specifications, as applicable. BellSouth shall require DTI to remove or correct within seven (7) calendar days at DTI's expense any structure that does not meet these plans and specifications or, where applicable, BellSouth's Specifications.
- 3.3 Shared Collocation. DTI may allow other telecommunications carriers to share DTI's Remote Collocation Space pursuant to terms and conditions agreed to by DTI (Host) and other telecommunications carriers (Guests) and pursuant to this Section, except where the BellSouth Remote Site Location is located within a leased space and BellSouth is prohibited by said lease from offering such an option or is located on property for which BellSouth holds an easement and such easement does not permit such an option. DTI shall notify BellSouth in writing upon execution of any

- agreement between the Host and its Guest within ten (10) calendar days of its execution and prior to any Firm Order. Further, such notice shall include the name of the Guest(s) and the term of the agreement, and shall contain a certification by DTI that said agreement imposes upon the Guest(s) the same terms and conditions for Remote Collocation Space as set forth in this Attachment between BellSouth and DTI.
- 3.3.1 DTI, as the Host, shall be the sole interface and responsible Party to BellSouth for assessment of rates and charges contained within this Attachment and for the purposes of ensuring that the safety and security requirements of this Attachment are fully complied with by the Guest, its employees and agents. BellSouth shall provide DTI with a proration of the costs of the Remote Collocation Space based on the number of collocators and the space used by each with a minimum charge of one (1) bay/rack per Host/Guest. In those instances where the Host permits a Guest to use a shelf within the Host's bay, BellSouth will not prorate the cost of the bay. In addition to the foregoing, DTI shall be the responsible party to BellSouth for the purpose of submitting applications for bay/rack placement for the Guest.
- 3.3.2 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Guest may arrange directly with BellSouth for the provision of the interconnecting facilities between BellSouth and the Guest and for the provision of the services and access to UNEs. The bill for these interconnecting facilities, services and access to UNEs will be charged to the Guest pursuant to the applicable tariff or the Guest's Interconnection Agreement with BellSouth.
- 3.3.3 DTI shall indemnify and hold harmless BellSouth from any and all claims, actions, causes of action, of whatever kind or nature arising out of the presence of DTI's Guest(s) in the Remote Collocation Space except to the extent caused by BellSouth's sole negligence, gross negligence, or willful misconduct.
- 3.4 Adjacent Collocation. Subject to technical feasibility and space availability, BellSouth will permit adjacent Remote Site collocation arrangements (Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement) on the property on which the Remote Site is located when space within the Remote Site Location is legitimately exhausted, where the Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement does not interfere with access to existing or planned structures or facilities on the Remote Site Location property. The Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement shall be constructed or procured by DTI and in conformance with BellSouth's design and construction Specifications. Further, DTI shall construct, procure, maintain and operate said Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement(s) pursuant to all of the terms and conditions set forth in this Attachment. Rates shall be negotiated at the time of the application for the Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement.
- 3.4.1 Should DTI elect Adjacent Collocation, DTI must arrange with a BellSouth Certified Supplier to construct a Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement structure in accordance with BellSouth's Specifications. Where local building codes require enclosure specifications more stringent than BellSouth's Specifications, DTI and DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier must comply with local building code requirements.

- DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier shall be responsible for filing and receiving any and all necessary zoning, permits and/or licenses for such construction. DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier shall bill DTI directly for all work performed for DTI pursuant to this Attachment and BellSouth shall have no liability for nor responsibility to pay such charges imposed by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier. DTI must provide the local BellSouth Remote Site Location contact with two cards, keys or other access device used to enter the locked enclosure. Except in cases of emergency, BellSouth shall not access DTI's locked enclosure prior to notifying DTI at least forty-eight (48) hours or two (2) business days, whichever is greater, before access to the locked enclosure is required.
- 3.4.2 DTI must submit its plans and specifications to BellSouth with its Firm Order. BellSouth shall review DTI's plans and specifications prior to construction of a Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement(s) to ensure compliance with BellSouth's Specifications. BellSouth shall complete its review within fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of plans and specifications. BellSouth may inspect the Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement(s) during and after construction to confirm it is constructed according to the submitted plans and specifications. BellSouth shall require DTI to remove or correct within seven (7) calendar days at DTI's expense any structure that does not meet these plans and specifications or, where applicable, BellSouth's Specifications.
- 3.4.3 DTI shall provide a concrete pad, the structure housing the arrangement, heating/ventilation/air conditioning (HVAC), lighting, and all facilities that connect the structure (i.e. racking, conduits, etc.) to the BellSouth point of demarcation. At DTI's option, and where the local authority having jurisdiction permits, BellSouth shall provide an AC power source and access to physical collocation services and facilities subject to the same nondiscriminatory requirements as applicable to any other physical collocation arrangement. BellSouth shall allow Shared Collocation within a Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth herein.
- 3.5 Co-carrier cross-connect (CCXC). The primary purpose of collocation is for a collocated telecommunications carrier to interconnect with BellSouth's network or to access BellSouth's UNEs for the provision of telecommunications services within a BellSouth Premise. BellSouth will permit DTI to interconnect between its virtual or physical collocation arrangements and those of another collocated telecommunications carrier within the same Remote Site Location. Both DTI's agreement and the other collocated telecommunications carrier's agreement must contain rates, terms and conditions for CCXC language. At no point in time shall DTI use the Remote Collocation Space for the sole or primary purpose of cross connecting to other collocated telecommunications carriers.
- 3.5.1 DTI must use a BellSouth Certified Supplier to place the CCXC. The CCXC shall be provisioned through facilities owned by DTI. Such connections to other collocated telecommunications carriers may be made using either optical or electrical facilities. In

- cases where DTI's equipment and the equipment of the other collocated telecommunications carrier are located in contiguous caged Collocation Spaces, DTI will have the option of using DTI's own technicians to deploy co-carrier cross connects using either electrical or optical facilities between the sets of equipment and construct its own dedicated cable support structure. DTI shall deploy such optical or electrical connections directly between its own facilities and the facilities of other collocated telecommunications carriers without being routed through BellSouth equipment. DTI shall not provision CCXC on any BellSouth distribution frame, POT (Point of Termination) Bay, DSX (Digital System Cross-connect) or LGX (Light Guide Cross-connect). DTI is responsible for ensuring the integrity of the signal.
- 3.5.2 DTI shall be responsible for providing a LOA to BellSouth from the other collocated telecommunications carrier prior to installing the CCXC. DTI-provisioned CCXC shall utilize common cable support structure. There will be a recurring charge per linear foot, per cable, of common cable support structure used. In the case of two contiguous caged collocation arrangements, DTI will have the option of using DTI's own technicians to construct its own dedicated support structure.
- 3.5.3 To order CCXCs, DTI must submit an Application. If no modification to the Remote Collocation Space is requested other than the placement of CCXCs, the Subsequent Application Fee for CCXCs, as defined in Exhibit B, will apply. If modifications in addition to the placement of CCXCs are requested, the Application Fee will apply. This nonrecurring fee will be billed by BellSouth on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response.
4. **Occupancy**
- 4.1 BellSouth will notify DTI in writing that the Remote Collocation Space is ready for occupancy (Space Ready Date). DTI will schedule and complete an acceptance walkthrough of each Remote Collocation Space with BellSouth within fifteen (15) calendar days of the Space Ready Date. BellSouth will correct any deviations to DTI's original or jointly amended requirements within seven (7) calendar days after the walkthrough, unless the Parties jointly agree upon a different time frame, and BellSouth shall establish a new Space Ready Date. Another acceptance walkthrough will then be scheduled and conducted within fifteen (15) calendar days of the new Space Ready Date. This follow-up acceptance walkthrough will be limited to those items identified in the initial walkthrough. If DTI has met the fifteen (15) calendar day interval(s), billing will begin upon the date of DTI's acceptance of the Collocation Space (Space Acceptance Date). In the event that DTI fails to complete an acceptance walkthrough within this fifteen (15) calendar day interval, the Remote Collocation Space shall be deemed accepted by DTI on the Space Ready Date and billing will commence from that date. If DTI decides to occupy the space prior to the Space Ready Date, the date DTI occupies the space becomes the new Space Acceptance Date and billing begins from that date. DTI must notify BellSouth in writing that collocation equipment installation is complete and is operational with BellSouth's network. BellSouth may, at its option, not accept orders for cross connects until

receipt of such notice. For purposes of this paragraph, DTI's telecommunications equipment will be deemed operational when cross-connected to BellSouth's network for the purpose of service provision.

- 4.2 Termination of Occupancy. In addition to any other provisions addressing termination of occupancy in this Attachment, DTI may terminate occupancy in a particular Remote Collocation Space by submitting an Application requesting termination of occupancy; such termination shall be effective upon BellSouth's acceptance of the Space Relinquishment Form. Billing for monthly recurring charges will cease on the date DTI and BellSouth conduct an inspection of the terminated space and jointly sign off on the Space Relinquishment Form or on the date that DTI signs off on the Space Relinquishment Form and sends the form to BellSouth if a subsequent inspection of the terminated space by BellSouth reveals no discrepancies. If the subsequent inspection by BellSouth reveals discrepancies, billing will cease on the date that BellSouth and DTI jointly conduct an inspection which confirms that DTI has corrected the discrepancies. An Application Fee will not apply for termination of occupancy. BellSouth may terminate DTI's right to occupy the Remote Collocation Space in the event DTI fails to comply with any provision of this Agreement.

- 4.2.1 Upon termination of occupancy, DTI at its expense shall remove its equipment and other property from the Remote Collocation Space. DTI shall have thirty (30) calendar days from the Bona Fide Firm Order (BFFO) Application Date (Termination Date) to complete such removal, including the removal of all equipment and facilities of DTI's Guest(s), unless DTI's Guest(s) has assumed responsibility for the Remote Collocation Space housing the Guest(s)'s equipment and executed the documentation required by BellSouth prior to such removal date. DTI shall continue payment of monthly fees to BellSouth until such date as DTI, and if applicable DTI's Guest(s), has fully vacated the Remote Collocation Space and the Space Relinquish Form has been accepted by BellSouth. Should DTI or DTI's Guest(s) fail to vacate the Remote Collocation Space within thirty (30) calendar days from the Termination Date, BellSouth shall have the right to remove the equipment and dispose of the equipment and other property of DTI or DTI's Guest(s), in any manner that BellSouth deems fit, at DTI's expense and with no liability whatsoever for DTI's or DTI's Guest(s)'s property. Upon termination of DTI's right to occupy Remote Collocation Space, the Remote Collocation Space will revert back to BellSouth, and DTI shall surrender such Remote Collocation Space to BellSouth in the same condition as when first occupied by DTI except for ordinary wear and tear unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties. For CEVs and huts DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier shall be responsible for updating and making any necessary changes to BellSouth's records as required by BellSouth's Specifications including but not limited to Record Drawings and ERMA Records. DTI shall be responsible for the cost of removing any DTI constructed enclosure, together with all support structures (e.g., racking, conduits, or power cables), at the termination of occupancy and restoring the grounds to their original condition.

5. Use of Remote Collocation Space

- 5.1 Equipment Type. BellSouth permits the collocation of any type of equipment necessary for interconnection to BellSouth's network or for access to BellSouth's UNEs in the provision of telecommunications services, as the term "necessary" is defined by FCC 47 C.F.R. Section 51.323 (b). The primary purpose and function of any equipment collocated in a Remote Collocation Space must be for interconnection to BellSouth's network or for access to BellSouth's UNEs in the provision of telecommunications services.
- 5.1.1 Examples of equipment that would not be considered necessary include but are not limited to: traditional circuit switching equipment, equipment used exclusively for call-related databases, computer servers used exclusively for providing information services, operations support system (OSS) equipment used to support collocated telecommunications carrier network operations, equipment that generates customer orders, manages trouble tickets or inventory, or stores customer records in centralized databases, etc. BellSouth will determine upon receipt of an application if the requested equipment is necessary based on the criteria established by the FCC. Multifunctional equipment placed on BellSouth's Premises must not place any greater relative burden on BellSouth's property than comparable single-function equipment. BellSouth reserves the right to permit collocation of any equipment on a nondiscriminatory basis.
- 5.1.2 Such equipment must, at a minimum, meet the following Telcordia Network Equipment Building Systems (NEBS) General Equipment Requirements: Criteria Level 3 requirements as outlined in the Telcordia Special Report SR-3580, Issue 1. Except where otherwise required by a Commission, BellSouth shall comply with the applicable FCC rules relating to denial of collocation based on DTI's failure to comply with this Section.
- 5.1.2.1 All DTI equipment installation shall comply with BellSouth TR 73503-11h, "Grounding - Engineering Procedures". Metallic cable sheaths and metallic strength members of optical fiber cables as well as the metallic cable sheaths of all copper conductor cables shall be bonded to the designated grounding bus for the Remote Site Location. All copper conductor pairs, working and non-working, shall be equipped with a solid-state protector unit (over-voltage protection only), which has been listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- 5.1.3 DTI shall identify to BellSouth whenever DTI submits a Method of Procedure (MOP) adding equipment to DTI's Remote Collocation Space all UCC-1 lien holders or other entities that have a financial interest, secured or otherwise, in the equipment in DTI's Remote Collocation Space. DTI shall submit a copy of the list of any lien holders or other entities that have a financial interest to DTI's ATCC Representative.

- 5.2 DTI shall not use the Remote Collocation Space for marketing purposes nor shall it place any identifying signs or markings in the area surrounding the Remote Collocation Space or on the grounds of the Remote Site Location.
- 5.3 DTI shall place a plaque or other identification affixed to DTI's equipment to identify DTI's equipment, including a list of emergency contacts with telephone numbers.
- 5.4 Entrance Facilities. DTI may elect to place DTI-owned or DTI-leased fiber entrance facilities into the Remote Collocation Space. BellSouth will designate the point of interconnection at the Remote Site Location housing the Remote Collocation Space, which is physically accessible by both Parties. DTI will provide and place copper cable through conduit from the Remote Collocation Space to the Feeder Distribution Interface to the splice location of sufficient length for splicing by BellSouth. DTI must contact BellSouth for instructions prior to placing the entrance facility cable. DTI is responsible for maintenance of the entrance facilities.
- 5.4.1 Shared Use. DTI may utilize spare capacity on an existing interconnector entrance facility for the purpose of providing an entrance facility to DTI's collocation arrangement within the same BellSouth Remote Site Location. BellSouth shall allow splicing to the entrance facility, provided that the fiber is non-working fiber. DTI must arrange with BellSouth in accordance with BellSouth's Special Construction Procedures, RL93-11-030BT, and provide a LOA from the other telecommunications carrier for BellSouth to splice the DTI provided riser cable to the spare capacity on the entrance facility. If DTI desires to allow another telecommunications carrier to use its entrance facilities, then that telecommunications carrier must arrange with BellSouth in accordance with BellSouth's Special Construction Procedures, RL93-11-030BT, and provide a LOA from DTI for BellSouth to splice that telecommunications carrier's provided riser cable to the spare capacity on DTI's entrance facility.
- 5.5 Demarcation Point. BellSouth will designate the point(s) of demarcation between DTI's equipment and/or network and BellSouth's network. Each Party will be responsible for maintenance and operation of all equipment/facilities on its side of the demarcation point. DTI or its agent must perform all required maintenance to DTI equipment/facilities on its side of the demarcation point, pursuant to Section 5.6, following.
- 5.6 DTI's Equipment and Facilities. DTI, or if required by this Attachment, DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier, is solely responsible for the design, engineering, installation, testing, provisioning, performance, monitoring, maintenance and repair of the equipment and facilities used by DTI which must be performed in compliance with all applicable BellSouth Specifications. Such equipment and facilities may include but are not limited to cable(s), equipment, and point of termination connections. DTI and its selected BellSouth Certified Supplier must follow and comply with all BellSouth requirements outlined in BellSouth's TR 73503, TR 73519, TR 73572, and TR 73564.

- 5.7 BellSouth's Access to Remote Collocation Space. From time to time BellSouth may require access to the Remote Collocation Space. BellSouth retains the right to access the Remote Collocation Space for the purpose of making BellSouth equipment and Remote Site Location modifications. Except in case of emergency, BellSouth will give notice to DTI at least forty-eight (48) hours before access to the Remote Collocation Space is required. DTI may elect to be present whenever BellSouth performs work in the Collocation Space. The Parties agree that DTI will not bear any of the expense associated with this work.
- 5.8 Access. Pursuant to Section 12, DTI shall have access to the Remote Collocation Space twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week. DTI agrees to provide the name and social security number or date of birth or driver's license number of each employee, supplier, or agents of DTI or DTI's Guests to be provided with access keys or cards (Access Keys) prior to the issuance of said Access Keys using form RF-2906-C "CLEC and CLEC Certified Supplier Access Request and Acknowledgement". Key acknowledgement forms, "Collocation Acknowledgement Sheet" for access cards and "Key Acknowledgement Form" for keys, must be signed by DTI and returned to BellSouth Access Management within fifteen (15) calendar days of DTI's receipt. Failure to return properly acknowledged forms will result in the holding of subsequent requests until acknowledgements are current. Access Keys shall not be duplicated under any circumstances. DTI agrees to be responsible for all Access Keys and for the return of all said Access Keys in the possession of DTI's employees, suppliers, Guests, or agents after termination of the employment relationship, contractual obligation with DTI or upon the termination of this Attachment or the termination of occupancy of an individual Remote Collocation Space arrangement.
- 5.8.1 BellSouth will permit one accompanied site visit to DTI's designated collocation arrangement location after receipt of the BFFO without charge to DTI. DTI must submit to BellSouth the completed Access Control Request Form for all employees or agents requiring access to the BellSouth Remote Site Location a minimum of thirty (30) calendar days prior to the date DTI desires access to the Remote Collocation Space. In order to permit reasonable access during construction of the Remote Collocation Space, DTI may submit such a request at any time subsequent to BellSouth's receipt of the BFFO. In the event DTI desires access to the Remote Collocation Space after submitting such a request but prior to access being approved, in addition to the first accompanied free visit, BellSouth shall permit DTI to access the Remote Collocation Space accompanied by a security escort at DTI's expense. DTI must request escorted access at least three (3) business days prior to the date such access is desired.
- 5.9 Lost or Stolen Access Keys. DTI shall notify BellSouth in writing immediately in the case of lost or stolen Access Keys. Should it become necessary for BellSouth to re-key Remote Site Locations or deactivate a card as a result of a lost Access Key(s) or for failure to return an Access Key(s), DTI shall pay for all reasonable costs associated with the re-keying or deactivating the card.

- 5.10 Interference or Impairment. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Attachment, DTI shall not use any product or service provided under this Agreement, any other service related thereto or used in combination therewith, or place or use any equipment and facilities in any manner that 1) significantly degrades, interferes with or impairs service provided by BellSouth or by any other entity or any person's use of its telecommunications service; 2) endangers or damages the equipment, facilities or other property of BellSouth or of any other entity or person; 3) compromises the privacy of any communications; or 4) creates an unreasonable risk of injury or death to any individual or to the public. If BellSouth reasonably determines that any equipment or facilities of DTI violates the provisions of this paragraph, BellSouth shall give written notice to DTI, which notice shall direct DTI to cure the violation within forty-eight (48) hours of DTI's actual receipt of written notice or, at a minimum, to commence curative measures within 24 hours and to exercise reasonable diligence to complete such measures as soon as possible thereafter. After receipt of the notice, the Parties agree to consult immediately and, if necessary, to inspect the arrangement.
- 5.10.1 Except in the case of the deployment of an advanced service which significantly degrades the performance of other advanced services or traditional voice band services, if DTI fails to take curative action within forty-eight (48) hours or if the violation is of a character which poses an immediate and substantial threat of damage to property, injury or death to any person, or any other significant degradation, interference or impairment of BellSouth's or any other entity's service, then and only in that event BellSouth may take such action as it deems appropriate to correct the violation, including without limitation the interruption of electrical power to DTI's equipment. BellSouth will endeavor, but is not required, to provide notice to DTI prior to taking such action and shall have no liability to DTI for any damages arising from such action, except to the extent that such action by BellSouth constitutes willful misconduct.
- 5.10.2 For purposes of this section, the term significantly degrade shall mean an action that noticeably impairs a service from a user's perspective. In the case of the deployment of an advanced service which significantly degrades the performance of other advanced services or traditional voice band services and DTI fails to take curative action within forty-eight (48) hours then BellSouth will establish before the Commission that the technology deployment is causing the significant degradation. Any claims of network harm presented to DTI or, if subsequently necessary, the Commission must be supported with specific and verifiable information. Where BellSouth demonstrates that a deployed technology is significantly degrading the performance of other advanced services or traditional voice band services, DTI shall discontinue deployment of that technology and migrate its customers to technologies that will not significantly degrade the performance of other such services. Where the only degraded service itself is a known disturber, and the newly deployed technology satisfies at least one of the criteria for a presumption that is acceptable for deployment

under Section 47 C.F.R. 51.230, the degraded service shall not prevail against the newly deployed technology.

- 5.11 Personalty and its Removal. Facilities and equipment placed by DTI in the Remote Collocation Space shall not become a part of the Remote Site Location, even if nailed, screwed or otherwise fastened to the Remote Collocation Space but shall retain their status as personalty and may be removed by DTI at any time. Any damage caused to the Remote Collocation Space by DTI's employees, agents or representatives shall be promptly repaired by DTI at its expense.
- 5.11.1 If DTI decides to remove equipment from its Remote Collocation Space and the removal requires no physical changes, BellSouth will bill DTI an Administrative Only Application Fee as set forth in Exhibit B for these changes. This nonrecurring fee will be billed on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response.
- 5.12 Alterations. In no case shall DTI or any person acting on behalf of DTI make any rearrangement, modification, improvement, addition, or other alteration which could affect in any way space, power, HVAC, and/or safety considerations to the Remote Collocation Space or the BellSouth Remote Site Location without the written consent of BellSouth, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. The cost of any specialized alterations shall be paid by DTI. Any such material rearrangement, modification, improvement, addition, or other alteration shall require an application and Application Fee. BellSouth will bill the nonrecurring fee on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response.
- 5.13 Upkeep of Remote Collocation Space. DTI shall be responsible for the general upkeep and cleaning of the Remote Collocation Space. DTI shall be responsible for removing any DTI debris from the Remote Collocation Space and from in and around the Remote Site Location on each visit.
- 6. Ordering and Preparation of Remote Collocation Space**
- 6.1 Should any state or federal regulatory agency impose procedures or intervals applicable to DTI and BellSouth that are different from procedures or intervals set forth in this Section, whether now in effect or that become effective after execution of this Agreement, those procedures or intervals shall supersede the requirements set forth herein for that jurisdiction for all applications submitted for the first time after the effective date thereof
- 6.2 Remote Site Application. When DTI or DTI's Guest(s) desires to install a bay/rack in a Remote Site Location, DTI shall submit to BellSouth a Physical Expanded Interconnection Application Document (Application). The application is Bona Fide when it is complete and accurate, meaning that all required fields on the application are completed with the appropriate type of information. An application fee will apply which will be billed on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response. The placement of an additional bay/rack at a later date will be treated in the same fashion

and an application will be required. The installation of additional shelves/equipment, subject to the restrictions contained in Section 5.10, within an existing bay/rack does not require an application.

- 6.3 Availability of Space. Upon submission of an application, BellSouth will permit DTI to physically collocate, pursuant to the terms of this Attachment, at any BellSouth Remote Site Location, unless BellSouth has determined that there is no space available due to space limitations or that collocation at the Remote Site Location is not practical for technical reasons. In the event space is not immediately available at a Remote Site Location, BellSouth reserves the right to make additional space available, in which case the conditions in Section 7 shall apply, or BellSouth may elect to deny space in accordance with this Section in which case virtual or adjacent collocation options may be available. If the amount of space requested is not available, BellSouth will notify DTI of the amount that is available.
- 6.4 Space Availability Notification.
- 6.4.1 Unless otherwise specified, BellSouth will respond to an application within ten (10) calendar days as to whether space is available or not available within a BellSouth Remote Site Location. BellSouth will also respond as to whether the application is Bona Fide and if it is not Bona Fide the items necessary to cause the application to become Bona Fide. If the amount of space requested is not available, BellSouth will notify DTI of the amount of space that is available and no Application Fee shall apply. When BellSouth's response includes an amount of space less than that requested by DTI or differently configured no application fee shall apply. If DTI decides to accept the available space, DTI must resubmit its application to reflect the actual space available prior to submitting a BFFO and an application fee will be billed.
- 6.5 Denial of Application. If BellSouth notifies DTI that no space is available (Denial of Application), BellSouth will not assess an Application Fee. After notifying DTI that BellSouth has no available space in the requested Remote Site Location, BellSouth will allow DTI, upon request, to tour the Remote Site Location within ten (10) calendar days of such Denial of Application. In order to schedule said tour within ten (10) calendar days, the request for a tour of the Remote Site Location must be received by BellSouth within five (5) calendar days of the Denial of Application.
- 6.6 Filing of Petition for Waiver. Upon Denial of Application BellSouth will timely file a petition with the Commission pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 251(c)(6). BellSouth shall provide to the Commission any information requested by that Commission. Such information shall include which space, if any, BellSouth or any of BellSouth's affiliates have reserved for future use and a detailed description of the specific future uses for which the space has been reserved. Subject to an appropriate nondisclosure agreement or provision, BellSouth shall permit DTI to inspect any plans or diagrams that BellSouth provides to the Commission.

- 6.7 Waiting List. On a first-come, first-served basis governed by the date of receipt of an application or Letter of Intent, BellSouth will maintain a waiting list of requesting carriers who have either received a Denial of Application or, where it is publicly known that the Remote Site Location is out of space, have submitted a Letter of Intent to collocate. BellSouth will notify the telecommunications carriers on the waiting list that can be accommodated by the amount of space that becomes available according to the position of the telecommunications carriers on said waiting list.
- 6.8 Public Notification. BellSouth will maintain on its Interconnection Services website a notification document that will indicate all Remote Site Locations that are without available space. BellSouth shall update such document within ten (10) calendar days of the date that BellSouth becomes aware that there is insufficient space to accommodate collocation at the Remote Site Location. BellSouth will also post a document on its Interconnection Services website that contains a general notice where space has become available in a Remote Site Location previously on the space exhaust list.
- 6.9 Application Response. In Tennessee when space has been determined to be available, BellSouth will provide an Application Response within twenty (20) calendar days of receipt of a Bona Fide application. The Application Response will include, at a minimum, the configuration of the space, the Cable Installation Fee, Cable Records Fee, and the space preparation fees, as described in Section 8.
- 6.10 Application Modifications. If a modification or revision is made to any information in the Bona Fide application prior to a BFFO, with the exception of modifications to Customer Information, Contact Information or Billing Contact Information, either at the request of DTI or necessitated by technical considerations, said application shall be considered a new application and shall be handled as a new application with respect to response and provisioning intervals and BellSouth will charge DTI a full application fee as set forth in Exhibit B. BellSouth will bill the nonrecurring fee on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response.
- 6.11 Bona Fide Firm Order.
- 6.11.1 DTI shall indicate its intent to proceed with equipment installation in a BellSouth Remote Site Location by submitting a Firm Order to BellSouth. The BFFO must be received by BellSouth no later than thirty (30) calendar days after BellSouth's Application Response to DTI's Bona Fide application or the application will expire.
- 6.11.2 BellSouth will establish a firm order date based upon the date BellSouth is in receipt of a BFFO. BellSouth will acknowledge the receipt of DTI's BFFO within seven (7) calendar days of receipt indicating that the BFFO has been received. A BellSouth response to a BFFO will include a Firm Order Confirmation containing the firm order date. No revisions will be made to a BFFO.

7. Construction and Provisioning

- 7.1 Construction and Provisioning Intervals. In Tennessee, BellSouth will complete construction for collocation arrangements under ordinary conditions as soon as possible and within a maximum of sixty (60) calendar days from receipt of a BFFO and ninety (90) calendar days from receipt of a BFFO for extraordinary conditions or as agreed to by the Parties. Ordinary conditions are defined as space available with only minor changes to support systems required, such as but not limited to, HVAC, cabling and the power plant(s). Extraordinary conditions shall include, but are not limited to, major BellSouth equipment rearrangement or addition; power plant addition or upgrade; major mechanical addition or upgrade; major upgrade for ADA compliance; environmental hazard or hazardous materials abatement; and arrangements for which equipment shipping intervals are extraordinary in length. The Parties may mutually agree to renegotiate an alternative provisioning interval or BellSouth may seek a waiver from this interval from the Commission.
- 7.1.1 In the event BellSouth does not have space immediately available at a Remote Site Location, BellSouth may elect to make additional space available by, for example but not limited to, rearranging BellSouth facilities or constructing additional capacity. In such cases, the above intervals shall not apply and BellSouth will provision the Remote Collocation Space in a nondiscriminatory manner and at parity with BellSouth and will provide DTI with the estimated completion date in its Response.
- 7.2 Joint Planning. Joint planning between BellSouth and DTI will commence within a maximum of twenty (20) calendar days from BellSouth's receipt of a BFFO. BellSouth will provide the preliminary design of the Remote Collocation Space and the equipment configuration requirements as reflected in the Bona Fide application and affirmed in the BFFO. The Remote Collocation Space completion time period will be provided to DTI during joint planning.
- 7.3 Permits. Each Party or its agents will diligently pursue filing for the permits required for the scope of work to be performed by that Party or its agents within ten (10) calendar days of the completion of finalized construction designs and specifications.
- 7.4 Acceptance Walkthrough. DTI will schedule and complete an acceptance walkthrough of each Remote Collocation Space with BellSouth within fifteen (15) calendar days of BellSouth's notifying DTI that the Remote Collocation Space is ready for occupancy. In the event that DTI fails to complete an acceptance walkthrough within this fifteen (15) calendar day interval, the Remote Collocation Space shall be deemed accepted by DTI on the Space Ready Date. BellSouth will correct any deviations to DTI's original or jointly amended requirements within seven (7) calendar days after the walkthrough, unless the Parties jointly agree upon a different time frame.
- 7.5 Use of BellSouth Certified Supplier. DTI shall select a supplier which has been approved by BellSouth to perform all engineering and installation work. DTI and

DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier must follow and comply with all BellSouth requirements outlined in BellSouth's TR 73503, TR 73519, TR 73572, and TR 73564. In some cases, DTI must select separate BellSouth Certified Suppliers for transmission equipment, switching equipment and power equipment. BellSouth shall provide DTI with a list of BellSouth Certified Suppliers upon request. The BellSouth Certified Supplier(s) shall be responsible for installing DTI's equipment and components, extending power cabling to the BellSouth power distribution frame, performing operational tests after installation is complete, and notifying BellSouth's Outside Plant engineers and DTI upon successful completion of installation. The BellSouth Certified Supplier shall bill DTI directly for all work performed for DTI pursuant to this Attachment, and BellSouth shall have no liability for nor responsibility to pay such charges imposed by the BellSouth Certified Supplier. BellSouth shall make available its supplier certification program to DTI or any supplier proposed by DTI and will not unreasonably withhold certification. All work performed by or for DTI shall conform to generally accepted industry standards.

- 7.6 Alarm and Monitoring. BellSouth may place alarms in the Remote Site Location for the protection of BellSouth equipment and facilities. DTI shall be responsible for placement, monitoring and removal of environmental and equipment alarms used to service DTI's Remote Collocation Space. Upon request, BellSouth will provide DTI with applicable tariffed service(s) to facilitate remote monitoring of collocated equipment by DTI. Both Parties shall use best efforts to notify the other of any verified hazardous conditions known to that Party.
- 7.7 Virtual Remote Collocation Space Relocation. In the event physical Remote Collocation Space was previously denied at a Remote Site Location due to technical reasons or space limitations, and physical Remote Collocation Space has subsequently become available, DTI may relocate its virtual Remote Collocation arrangements to physical Remote Collocation Space arrangements and pay the appropriate fees for physical Remote Collocation Space and for the rearrangement or reconfiguration of services terminated in the virtual Remote Collocation Space arrangement, as outlined in the appropriate BellSouth tariffs. In the event that BellSouth knows when additional space for physical Remote Collocation Space may become available at the location requested by DTI, such information will be provided to DTI in BellSouth's written denial of physical Remote Collocation Space. To the extent that (i) physical Remote Collocation Space becomes available to DTI within one hundred eighty (180) calendar days of BellSouth's written denial of DTI's request for physical collocation, (ii) BellSouth had knowledge that the space was going to become available, and (iii) DTI was not informed in the written denial that physical Remote Collocation Space would become available within such one hundred eighty (180) calendar days, then DTI may relocate its virtual Remote Collocation Space arrangement to a physical Remote Collocation Space arrangement and will receive a credit for any nonrecurring charges previously paid for such virtual Remote Collocation Space. DTI must arrange with a BellSouth Certified Supplier for the relocation of equipment from its virtual Remote

- Collocation Space to its physical Remote Collocation Space and will bear the cost of such relocation.
- 7.8 Virtual to Physical Conversion (In-Place). Virtual collocation arrangements may be converted to “in-place” physical arrangements if the potential conversion meets the following four criteria: 1) there is no change in the amount of equipment or the configuration of the equipment that was in the virtual collocation arrangement; 2) the conversion of the virtual collocation arrangement will not cause the equipment or the results of that conversion to be located in a space that BellSouth has reserved for its own future needs; 3) the converted arrangement does not limit BellSouth’s ability to secure its own equipment and facilities due to the location of the virtual collocation arrangement; and 4) any changes to the arrangement can be accommodated by existing power, HVAC, and other requirements. BellSouth will complete virtual to in-place physical collocation conversions within thirty (30) calendar days from receipt of the BFFO. BellSouth will bill DTI an Administrative Only Application Fee as set forth in Exhibit B for these charges on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response.
- 7.9 Cancellation. If, at any time prior to space acceptance, DTI cancels its order for the Remote Collocation Space(s) (Cancellation), BellSouth will bill the applicable nonrecurring rate for any and all work processes for which work has begun.
- 7.10 Licenses. DTI, at its own expense, will be solely responsible for obtaining from governmental authorities, and any other appropriate agency, entity, or person, all rights, privileges, and licenses necessary or required to operate as a provider of telecommunications services to the public or to build-out, equip and occupy the Remote Collocation Space.
- 7.11 Environmental Hazard Guidelines. The Parties agree to utilize and adhere to the Environmental Hazard Guidelines identified in Exhibit A attached hereto.
- 8. Rates and Charges**
- 8.1 Recurring Charges. If DTI has met the applicable fifteen (15) calendar day walkthrough interval(s) specified in Section 4, billing for recurring charges will begin upon the Space Acceptance Date. In the event that DTI fails to complete an acceptance walkthrough within the applicable fifteen (15) calendar day interval(s), billing for recurring charges will commence on the Space Ready Date. If DTI occupies the space prior to the Space Ready Date, the date DTI occupies the space becomes the new Space Acceptance Date and billing for recurring charges begin on that date.
- 8.2 Application Fee. BellSouth shall assess an Application Fee via a service order, which shall be issued at the time BellSouth responds that space is available pursuant to Section 6.10 (Application Response).

- 8.2.1 In Tennessee, the applicable application fee is the planning fee for both Initial Applications and Subsequent Applications placed by DTI. This nonrecurring fee will be billed by BellSouth on the date that BellSouth provides an Application Response.
- 8.3 Rack/Bay Space. The rack/bay space charge includes reasonable charges for air conditioning, ventilation and other allocated expenses associated with maintenance of the Remote Site Location, and includes amperage necessary to power DTI's equipment. DTI shall pay rack/bay space charges based upon the number of racks/bays requested. BellSouth will assign Remote Collocation Space in conventional remote site rack/bay lineups where feasible.
- 8.4 Power. BellSouth shall make available -48 Volt (-48V) DC power for DTI's Remote Collocation Space at a BellSouth Power Board or BellSouth Battery Distribution Fuse Bay (BDFB) at DTI's option within the Remote Site Location. The charge for power shall be assessed as part of the recurring charge for rack/bay space. If the power requirements for DTI's equipment exceeds the capacity available, then such power requirements shall be assessed on an individual case basis. BellSouth will revise recurring power charges to reflect a power upgrade upon notification of the completion of the upgrade by DTI's BellSouth Certified Vendor. BellSouth will revise recurring power charges to reflect a power reduction upon BellSouth's receipt of the Power Reduction Form from DTI certifying the completion of the power reduction, including the removal of the power cabling by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier.
- 8.4.1 Adjacent Collocation Power. Charges for AC power will be assessed per breaker ampere per month. Rates include the provision of commercial and standby AC power, where available. When obtaining power from a BellSouth service panel, protection devices and power cables must be engineered (sized), and installed by DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier except that BellSouth shall engineer and install protection devices and power cables for Adjacent Collocation. DTI's BellSouth Certified Supplier must also provide a copy of the engineering power specification prior to the equipment becoming operational. Charges for AC power shall be assessed pursuant to the rates specified in Exhibit B. AC power voltage and phase ratings shall be determined on a per location basis. At DTI's option, DTI may arrange for AC power in an Adjacent Collocation arrangement from a retail provider of electrical power.
- 8.5 Security Escort. A security escort will be required whenever DTI or its approved agent desires access to the Remote Site Location after the one accompanied site visit allowed pursuant to Section 5 prior to completing BellSouth's Security Training requirements. Rates for a security escort are assessed according to the schedule appended hereto as Exhibit B beginning with the scheduled escort time. BellSouth will wait for one-half (1/2) hour after the scheduled time for such an escort and DTI shall pay for such half-hour charges in the event DTI fails to show up.
- 8.6 Other. If no rate is identified in the contract, the rate for the specific service or function will be negotiated by the Parties upon request by either Party.

9. Insurance

- 9.1 DTI shall, at its sole cost and expense, procure, maintain, and keep in force insurance as specified in this Section and underwritten by insurance companies licensed to do business in the states applicable under this Agreement and having a Best's Insurance Rating of A-.
- 9.2 DTI shall maintain the following specific coverage:
- 9.2.1 Commercial General Liability coverage in the amount of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000.00) or a combination of Commercial General Liability and Excess/Umbrella coverage totaling not less than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000.00). BellSouth shall be named as an Additional Insured on the Commercial General Liability policy as specified herein.
- 9.2.2 Statutory Workers Compensation coverage and Employers Liability coverage in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) each accident, one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) each employee by disease, and five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00) policy limit by disease.
- 9.2.3 All Risk Property coverage on a full replacement cost basis insuring all of DTI's real and personal property situated on or within BellSouth's Remote Site Location.
- 9.2.4 DTI may elect to purchase business interruption and contingent business interruption insurance, having been advised that BellSouth assumes no liability for loss of profit or revenues should an interruption of service occur.
- 9.3 The limits set forth in Section 9.2 above may be increased by BellSouth from time to time during the term of this Agreement upon thirty (30) calendar days notice to DTI to at least such minimum limits as shall then be customary with respect to comparable occupancy of BellSouth structures.
- 9.4 All policies purchased by DTI shall be deemed to be primary and not contributing to or in excess of any similar coverage purchased by BellSouth. All insurance must be in effect on or before the date equipment is delivered to BellSouth's Remote Site Location and shall remain in effect for the term of this Attachment or until all of DTI's property has been removed from BellSouth's Remote Site Location, whichever period is longer. If DTI fails to maintain required coverage, BellSouth may pay the premiums thereon and seek reimbursement of same from DTI.
- 9.5 DTI shall submit certificates of insurance reflecting the coverage required pursuant to this Section a minimum of ten (10) business days prior to the commencement of any work in the Remote Collocation Space. Failure to meet this interval may result in construction and equipment installation delays. DTI shall arrange for BellSouth to receive thirty (30) business days' advance notice of cancellation from DTI's insurance

company. DTI shall forward a certificate of insurance and notice of cancellation/non-renewal to BellSouth at the following address:

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.
Attn.: Risk Management Coordinator
17H53 BellSouth Center
675 W. Peachtree Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30375

- 9.6 DTI must conform to recommendations made by BellSouth's fire insurance company to the extent BellSouth has agreed to, or shall hereafter agree to, such recommendations.
- 9.7 Self-Insurance. If DTI's net worth exceeds five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), DTI may elect to request self-insurance status in lieu of obtaining any of the insurance required in Sections 9.2.1 and 9.2.2. DTI shall provide audited financial statements to BellSouth thirty (30) calendar days prior to the commencement of any work in the Remote Collocation Space. BellSouth shall then review such audited financial statements and respond in writing to DTI in the event that self-insurance status is not granted to DTI. If BellSouth approves DTI for self-insurance, DTI shall annually furnish to BellSouth, and keep current, evidence of such net worth that is attested to by one of DTI's corporate officers. The ability to self-insure shall continue so long as DTI meets all of the requirements of this Section. If DTI subsequently no longer satisfies this Section, DTI is required to purchase insurance as indicated by Sections 9.2.1 and Section 9.2.2.
- 9.8 The net worth requirements set forth in Section 9.7 may be increased by BellSouth from time to time during the term of this Attachment upon thirty (30) calendar days' notice to DTI to at least such minimum limits as shall then be customary with respect to comparable occupancy of BellSouth structures.
- 9.9 Failure to comply with the provisions of this Section will be deemed a material breach of this Attachment.

10. Mechanics Liens

- 10.1 If any mechanics lien or other liens shall be filed against property of either Party (BellSouth or DTI), or any improvement thereon by reason of or arising out of any labor or materials furnished or alleged to have been furnished or to be furnished to or for the other Party or by reason of any changes, or additions to said property made at the request or under the direction of the other Party, the other Party directing or requesting those changes shall, within thirty (30) business days after receipt of written notice from the Party against whose property said lien has been filed, either pay such lien or cause the same to be bonded off the affected property in the manner provided by law. The Party causing said lien to be placed against the property of the other shall also defend, at its sole cost and expense, on behalf of the other, any action, suit or

proceeding which may be brought for the enforcement of such liens and shall pay any damage and discharge any judgment entered thereon.

11. Inspections

- 11.1 BellSouth may conduct an inspection of DTI's equipment and facilities in the Remote Collocation Space(s) prior to the activation of facilities between DTI's equipment and equipment of BellSouth. BellSouth may conduct an inspection if DTI adds equipment and may otherwise conduct routine inspections at reasonable intervals mutually agreed upon by the Parties. BellSouth shall provide DTI with a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours or two (2) business days, whichever is greater, advance notice of all such inspections. All costs of such inspection shall be borne by BellSouth.

12. Security and Safety Requirements

- 12.1 Unless otherwise specified, DTI will be required, at its own expense, to conduct a statewide investigation of criminal history records for each DTI employee hired in the past five years being considered for work on the BellSouth Remote Site Location, for the states/counties where the DTI employee has worked and lived for the past five years. Where state law does not permit statewide collection or reporting, an investigation of the applicable counties is acceptable. DTI shall not be required to perform this investigation if an affiliated company of DTI has performed an investigation of the DTI employee seeking access, if such investigation meets the criteria set forth above. This requirement will not apply if DTI has performed a pre-employment statewide investigation of criminal history records of the DTI employee for the states/counties where the DTI employee has worked and lived for the past five years or, where state law does not permit a statewide investigation, an investigation of the applicable counties.
- 12.2 DTI will be required to administer to their personnel assigned to the BellSouth Premises security training either provided by BellSouth, or meeting criteria defined by BellSouth.
- 12.3 DTI shall provide its employees and agents with picture identification, which must be worn, and visible at all times while in the Remote Collocation Space or other areas in or around the Remote Site Location. The photo Identification card shall bear, at a minimum, the employee's name and photo, and DTI's name. BellSouth reserves the right to remove from its Remote Site Location any employee of DTI not possessing identification issued by DTI or who have violated any of BellSouth's policies as outlined in the CLEC Security Training documents. DTI shall hold BellSouth harmless for any damages resulting from such removal of its personnel from BellSouth Remote Site Location. DTI shall be solely responsible for ensuring that any Guest(s) of DTI is in compliance with all subsections of this Section.
- 12.4 DTI shall not assign to the BellSouth Remote Site Location any personnel with records of felony criminal convictions. DTI shall not assign to the BellSouth Remote

- Site Location any personnel with records of misdemeanor convictions, except for misdemeanor traffic violations, without advising BellSouth of the nature and gravity of the offense(s). BellSouth reserves the right to refuse access to any DTI personnel who have been identified to have misdemeanor criminal convictions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that DTI chooses not to advise BellSouth of the nature and gravity of any misdemeanor conviction, DTI may, in the alternative, certify to BellSouth that it shall not assign to the BellSouth Remote Site Location any personnel with records of misdemeanor convictions (other than misdemeanor traffic violations).
- 12.4.1 DTI shall not knowingly assign to the BellSouth Remote Site Location any individual who was a former employee of BellSouth and whose employment with BellSouth was terminated for a criminal offense whether or not BellSouth sought prosecution of the individual for the criminal offense.
- 12.4.2 DTI shall not knowingly assign to the BellSouth Remote Site Location any individual who was a former supplier of BellSouth and whose access to a BellSouth Remote Site Location was revoked due to commission of a criminal offense whether or not BellSouth sought prosecution of the individual for the criminal offense.
- 12.5 For each DTI employee or agent hired by DTI within five years of being considered for work on the BellSouth Remote Site Location, who requires access to a BellSouth Remote Site Location pursuant to this Attachment, DTI shall furnish BellSouth, prior to an employee gaining such access, a certification that the aforementioned background check and security training were completed. The certification will contain a statement that no felony convictions were found and certifying that the security training was completed by the employee. If the employee's criminal history includes misdemeanor convictions, DTI will disclose the nature of the convictions to BellSouth at that time. In the alternative, DTI may certify to BellSouth that it shall not assign to the BellSouth Remote Site Location any personnel with records of misdemeanor convictions other than misdemeanor traffic violations.
- 12.5.1 For all other DTI employees requiring access to a BellSouth Remote Site Location pursuant to this Attachment, DTI shall furnish BellSouth, prior to an employee gaining such access, a certification that the employee is not subject to the requirements of Section 12.5 above and that security training was completed by the employee.
- 12.6 At BellSouth's request, DTI shall promptly remove from BellSouth's Remote Site Location any employee of DTI BellSouth does not wish to grant access to its Remote Site Location 1) pursuant to any investigation conducted by BellSouth or 2) prior to the initiation of an investigation if an employee of DTI is found interfering with the property or personnel of BellSouth or another collocated telecommunications carrier, provided that an investigation shall promptly be commenced by BellSouth.
- 12.7 Security Violations. BellSouth reserves the right to interview DTI's employees, agents, or suppliers in the event of wrongdoing in or around BellSouth's property or

involving BellSouth's or another collocated telecommunications carrier's property or personnel, provided that BellSouth shall provide reasonable notice to DTI's Security representative of such interview. DTI and its suppliers shall reasonably cooperate with BellSouth's investigation into allegations of wrongdoing or criminal conduct committed by, witnessed by, or involving DTI's employees, agents, or suppliers. Additionally, BellSouth reserves the right to bill DTI for all reasonable costs associated with investigations involving its employees, agents, or suppliers if it is established and mutually agreed in good faith that DTI's employees, agents, or suppliers are responsible for the alleged act. BellSouth shall bill DTI for BellSouth property, which is stolen or damaged where an investigation determines the culpability of DTI's employees, agents, or suppliers and where DTI agrees, in good faith, with the results of such investigation. DTI shall notify BellSouth in writing immediately in the event that DTI discovers one of its employees already working on the BellSouth Remote Site Location is a possible security risk. Upon request of the other Party, the Party who is the employer shall discipline consistent with its employment practices, up to and including removal from BellSouth's Remote Site Location, any employee found to have violated the security and safety requirements of this section. DTI shall hold BellSouth harmless for any damages resulting from such removal of its personnel from BellSouth's Remote Site Location.

- 12.8 Use of Supplies. Unauthorized use of telecommunications equipment or supplies by either Party, whether or not used routinely to provide telephone service (e.g. plug-in cards,) will be strictly prohibited and handled appropriately. Costs associated with such unauthorized use may be charged to the offending Party, as may be all associated investigative costs.
- 12.9 Use of Official Lines. Except for non-toll calls necessary in the performance of their work, neither Party shall use the telephones of the other Party on the BellSouth Remote Site Location. Charges for unauthorized telephone calls may be charged to the offending Party, as may be all associated investigative costs.
- 12.10 Accountability. Full compliance with the Security requirements of this Section shall in no way limit the accountability of either Party to the other for the improper actions of its employees.

13. Destruction of Remote Collocation Space

- 13.1 In the event a Remote Collocation Space is wholly or partially damaged by fire, windstorm, tornado, flood or by similar causes to such an extent as to be rendered wholly unsuitable for DTI's permitted use hereunder, then either Party may elect within ten (10) calendar days after such damage, to terminate this Attachment with respect to the affected Remote Collocation Space, and if either Party shall so elect, by giving the other written notice of termination, both Parties shall stand released of and from further liability under the terms hereof with respect to such Remote Collocation Space. If the Remote Collocation Space shall suffer only minor damage and shall not be rendered wholly unsuitable for DTI's permitted use, or is damaged and the option

to terminate is not exercised by either Party, BellSouth covenants and agrees to proceed promptly without expense to DTI, except for improvements not to the property of BellSouth, to repair the damage. BellSouth shall have a reasonable time within which to rebuild or make any repairs, and such rebuilding and repairing shall be subject to delays caused by storms, shortages of labor and materials, government regulations, strikes, walkouts, and causes beyond the control of BellSouth, which causes shall not be construed as limiting factors, but as exemplary only. DTI may, at its own expense, accelerate the rebuild of its Remote Collocation Space and equipment provided however that a BellSouth Certified Supplier is used and the necessary space preparation has been completed. Rebuild of equipment must be performed by a BellSouth Certified Vendor. If DTI's acceleration of the project increases the cost of the project, then those additional charges will be incurred by DTI. Where allowed and where practical, DTI may erect a temporary facility while BellSouth rebuilds or makes repairs. In all cases where the Remote Collocation Space shall be rebuilt or repaired, DTI shall be entitled to an equitable abatement of rent and other charges, depending upon the unsuitability of the Remote Collocation Space for DTI's permitted use, until such Remote Collocation Space is fully repaired and restored and DTI's equipment installed therein (but in no event later than thirty (30) calendar days after the Remote Collocation Space is fully repaired and restored). Where DTI has placed a Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement pursuant to Section 3.4, DTI shall have the sole responsibility to repair or replace said Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement provided herein. Pursuant to this Section, BellSouth will restore the associated services to the Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement.

14. Eminent Domain

- 14.1 If the whole of a Remote Collocation Space or Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement shall be taken by any public authority under the power of eminent domain, then this Attachment shall terminate with respect to such Remote Collocation Space or Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement as of the day possession shall be taken by such public authority and rent and other charges for the Remote Collocation Space or Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement shall be paid up to that day with proportionate refund by BellSouth of such rent and charges as may have been paid in advance for a period subsequent to the date of the taking. If any part of the Remote Collocation Space or Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement shall be taken under eminent domain, BellSouth and DTI shall each have the right to terminate this Attachment with respect to such Remote Collocation Space or Remote Site Adjacent Arrangement and declare the same null and void, by written notice of such intention to the other Party within ten (10) calendar days after such taking.

15. Nonexclusivity

- 15.1 DTI understands that this Attachment is not exclusive and that BellSouth may enter into similar agreements with other Parties. Assignment of space pursuant to all such agreements shall be determined by space availability and made on a first come, first served basis.

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SAFETY PRINCIPLES

The following principles provide basic guidance on environmental and safety issues when applying for and establishing Physical Collocation arrangements.

1. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

- 1.1 Compliance with Applicable Law. BellSouth and DTI agree to comply with applicable federal, state, and local environmental and safety laws and regulations including U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) regulations issued under the Clean Air Act (CAA), Clean Water Act (CWA), Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA), the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), and OSHA regulations issued under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, as amended and NFPA and National Electrical Codes (NEC) and the NESC (Applicable Laws). Each Party shall notify the other if compliance inspections are conducted by regulatory agencies and/or citations are issued that relate to any aspect of this Attachment.
- 1.2 Notice. BellSouth and DTI shall provide notice to the other, including Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs), of known and recognized physical hazards or Hazardous Chemicals existing on site or brought on site. A Hazardous Chemical inventory list is posted on an OSHA Poster and updated annually at each Central Office. This Poster is normally located near the front entrance of the building or in the lounge area. Each Party is required to provide specific notice for known potential Imminent Danger conditions. DTI should contact 1-800-743-6737 for any BellSouth MSDS required.
- 1.3 Practices/Procedures. BellSouth may make available additional environmental control procedures for DTI to follow when working at a BellSouth Remote Site Location (See Section 2, below). These practices/procedures will represent the regular work practices required to be followed by the employees and suppliers of BellSouth for environmental protection. DTI will require its suppliers, agents and others accessing the BellSouth Remote Site Location to comply with these practices. Section 2 lists the Environmental categories where BellSouth practices should be followed by DTI when operating in the BellSouth Remote Site Location.
- 1.4 Environmental and Safety Inspections. BellSouth reserves the right to inspect the DTI space with proper notification. BellSouth reserves the right to stop any DTI work operation that imposes Imminent Danger to the environment, employees or other persons in the area or Remote Site Location.
- 1.5 Hazardous Materials Brought On Site. Any hazardous materials brought into, used, stored or abandoned at the BellSouth Remote Site Location by DTI are owned by DTI. DTI will indemnify BellSouth for claims, lawsuits or damages to persons or property caused by these materials. Without prior written BellSouth approval, no substantial new safety or environmental hazards can be created by DTI or different hazardous materials used by DTI at the BellSouth Remote Site Location. DTI must demonstrate adequate emergency response capabilities for its materials used or remaining at the BellSouth Remote Site Location.

- 1.6 Spills and Releases. When contamination is discovered at a BellSouth Remote Site Location, either Party discovering the condition must notify the other Party. All Spills or Releases of regulated materials will immediately be reported by DTI to BellSouth.
- 1.7 Coordinated Environmental Plans and Permits. BellSouth and DTI will coordinate plans, permits or information required to be submitted to government agencies, such as emergency response plans, spill prevention control and countermeasures (SPCC) plans and community reporting. If fees are associated with filing, BellSouth and DTI will develop a cost sharing procedure. If BellSouth's permit or EPA identification number must be used, DTI must comply with all of BellSouth's permit conditions and environmental processes, including environmental "best management practices (BMP)" (see Section 2, below) and/or selection of BellSouth disposition vendors and disposal sites.
- 1.8 Environmental and Safety Indemnification. BellSouth and DTI shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the other Party from and against any claims (including, without limitation, third-party claims for personal injury or death or real or personal property damage), judgments, damages, (including direct and indirect damages, and punitive damages), penalties, fines, forfeitures, costs, liabilities, interest and losses arising in connection with the violation or alleged violation of any Applicable Law or contractual obligation or the presence or alleged presence of contamination arising out of the acts or omissions of the indemnifying Party, its agents, suppliers, or employees concerning its operations at the Remote Site Location.

2. CATEGORIES FOR CONSIDERATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

- 2.1 When performing functions that fall under the following Environmental categories on BellSouth's Remote Site Location, DTI agrees to comply with the applicable sections of the current issue of BellSouth's Environmental and Safety Methods and Procedures (M&Ps), incorporated herein by this reference. DTI further agrees to cooperate with BellSouth to ensure that DTI's employees, agents, and/or suppliers are knowledgeable of and satisfy those provisions of BellSouth's Environmental M&Ps which apply to the specific Environmental function being performed by DTI, its employees, agents and/or suppliers.
- 2.1.1 The most current version of reference documentation must be requested from DTI's BellSouth Account Team Collocation Coordinator (ATCC) Representative.

ENVIRONMENTAL CATEGORIES	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES	ADDRESSED BY THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTATION
Disposal of hazardous material or other	Compliance with all applicable local, state, &	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Std T&C 450

regulated material (e.g., batteries, fluorescent tubes, solvents & cleaning materials)	federal laws and regulations Pollution liability insurance EVET approval of supplier	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fact Sheet Series 17000 • Std T&C 660-3 • Approved Environmental Vendor List (Contact ATCC Representative)
Emergency response	Hazmat/waste release/spill fire safety emergency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fact Sheet Series 1700 • Building Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) (specific to and located on Remote Site Location)
Contract labor/outsourcing for services with environmental implications to be performed on BellSouth Remote Site Location (e.g., disposition of hazardous material/waste; maintenance of storage tanks)	Compliance with all applicable local, state, & federal laws and regulations Performance of services in accordance with BST's environmental M&Ps Insurance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Std T&C 450 • Std T&C 450-B • (Contact ATCC Representative for copy of appropriate E/S M&Ps.) • Std T&C 660
Transportation of hazardous material	Compliance with all applicable local, state, & federal laws and regulations Pollution liability insurance EVET approval of supplier	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Std T&C 450 • Fact Sheet Series 17000 • Std T&C 660-3 • Approved Environmental Vendor List (Contact ATCC Representative)
Maintenance/operations work which may produce a waste Other maintenance work	Compliance with all applicable local, state, & federal laws and regulations Protection of BST employees and equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Std T&C 450 • 29CFR 1910.147 (OSHA Standard) • 29CFR 1910 Subpart O (OSHA Standard)
Janitorial services	All waste removal and disposal must conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations All Hazardous Material and Waste Asbestos notification and protection of employees and equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • –Procurement Manager (CRES Related Matters)-BST Supply Chain Services • Fact Sheet Series 17000 • GU-BTEN-001BT, Chapter 3 • BSP 010-170-001BS (Hazcom)
Manhole cleaning	Compliance with all applicable local, state, & federal laws and regulations Pollution liability insurance EVET approval of supplier	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Std T&C 450 • Fact Sheet 14050 • BSP 620-145-011PR Issue A, August 1996 • Std T&C 660-3 • Approved Environmental Vendor List (Contact ATCC Representative)
Removing or disturbing building materials that may contain asbestos	Asbestos work practices	GU-BTEN-001BT, Chapter 3 For questions regarding removing or disturbing materials that contain asbestos, call the BST Building Service Center: TN (local area code) 557-6194

3. DEFINITIONS

Generator. Under RCRA, the person whose act produces a Hazardous Waste, as defined in 40 CFR 261, or whose act first causes a Hazardous Waste to become subject to regulation. The Generator is legally responsible for the proper management and disposal of Hazardous Wastes in accordance with regulations.

Hazardous Chemical. As defined in the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health (OSHA) hazard communication standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), any chemical which is a health hazard or physical hazard.

Hazardous Waste. As defined in section 1004 of RCRA.

Imminent Danger. Any conditions or practices at a remote site location which are such that a danger exists which could reasonably be expected to cause immediate death or serious harm to people or immediate significant damage to the environment or natural resources.

Spill or Release. As defined in Section 101 of CERCLA.

4. ACRONYMS

ATCC – Account Team Collocation Coordinator

BST – BellSouth Telecommunications

CRES – Corporate Real Estate and Services (formerly PS&M)

DEC/LDEC - Department Environmental Coordinator/Local Department Environmental Coordinator

E/S – Environmental/Safety

EVET - Environmental Vendor Evaluation Team

GU-BTEN-001BT - BellSouth Environmental Methods and Procedures

NESC - National Electrical Safety Codes

P&SM - Property & Services Management

Std T&C - Standard Terms & Conditions

COLLOCATION - Tennessee

CATEGORY		RATE ELEMENTS	Inter im	Zo ne	BCS	USOC	RATES (\$)				Svc Order Submitt ed Elec per LSR	Svc Order Submitted Manually per LSR	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Add'l	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc Add'l	
							Rec	Nonrecurring		NRC Disconnect		OSS Rates (\$)					
								First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMECH	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	
PHYSICAL COLLOCATION																	
		Physical Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W Analog-Res			UEPSR	PE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20					20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Physical Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W Line Side PBX Trunk-Bus			UEPSP	PE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20					20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Physical Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W VG PBX Trunk-Res			UEPSE	PE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20					20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Physical Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W Analog-Bus			UEPSB	PE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20					20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Physical Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W ISDN			UEPSX	PE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20					20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Physical Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W ISDN			UEPTX	PE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20					20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Physical Collocation 4W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 4W ISDN DS1			UEPEX	PE1R4	0.50	19.20	19.20					20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
PHYSICAL COLLOCATION																	
		Physical Collocation-Cageless-Application Fee			CLO	PE1CH		2,633.00	2,633.00								
		Physical Collocation Administrative Only-Application Fee	I		CLO	PE1BL		743.25									
		Physical Collocation-Space Preparation-Firm Order Processing	I		CLO	PE1SJ		1,204.00	1,204.00								
		Physical Collocation-Space Preparation-C.O. Modification per sq ft	I		CLO	PE1SK	2.74										
		Physical Collocation-Space Preparation-Common Systems Modification per sq ft-Cageless	I		CLO	PE1SL	2.95										
		Physical Collocation-Space Preparation-Common Systems Modification per Cage	I		CLO	PE1SM	100.14										
		Physical Collocation-Cageless-Cable Installation Cost, per cable			CLO	PE1ZA		1,749.00									
		Physical Collocation-Cageless-Floor Space, per sq ft			CLO	PE1ZB	3.91										
		Physical Collocation-Floor Space per sq ft	I		CLO	PE1PJ	5.94										
		Physical Collocation-Cageless-Cable Support Structure			CLO	PE1CJ	17.87										
		Physical Collocation-Cable Support Structure, Per Entrance Cable	I		CLO	PE1PM	19.80										
		Physical Collocation-Cageless-Floor Space Power, per Fused Amp			CLO	PE1ZC	6.79										
		Physical Collocation-Power -48V DC Power, per Fused Amp	I		CLO	PE1PL	8.87										
		Physical Collocation-Power Reduction, Application Fee	I		CLO	PE1PR		400.10									
		Physical Collocation-120V, Single Phase Standby Power Rate	I		CLO	PE1FB	5.60										
		Physical Collocation-240V, Single Phase Standby Power Rate	I		CLO	PE1FD	11.22										
		Physical Collocation-120V, Three Phase Standby Power Rate	I		CLO	PE1FE	16.82										
		Physical Collocation-277V, Three Phase Standby Power Rate	I		CLO	PE1FG	38.84										
					UEANL,UEA,UDN,UDC,UAL,UHL,UCL,UEQ,UDL,UNCVX,UNLDX,UNCN	PE1P2	0.033	33.82	31.92								
		Physical Collocation-2W Cross-Connects	I														
					CLO,UAL,UDL,UDN,UEA,UHL,UNCVX,UNCDX,UCL	PE1P4	0.066	33.94	31.95								
		Physical Collocation-4W Cross-Connects	I														
					CLO,UEANL,UEQ,WDS1L,WDS1S,USL,U1TD1,UXTD1,UNC1X,ULDD1,USLEL,UNLD1,UDL	PE1P1	1.51	53.27	40.16								
		Physical Collocation-DS1 Cross-Connects	I														
					CLO,UE3,U1TD3,UXTD3,UXTS1,UNC3X,UNCSX,ULDD3,U1TS1,ULDS1,UNLD3,UDL	PE1P3	19.26	52.37	38.89								
		Physical Collocation-DS3 Cross-Connects	I														
					CLO,ULDO3,ULD12,ULD48,U1TO3,U1T12,U1T48,UDLO3,UDL12,UDF	PE1F2	15.64	41.56	29.82	12.96	10.34			2.69	2.69	1.56	1.56
		Physical Collocation-2-Fiber Cross-Connect	I														
					CLO,ULDO3,ULD12,ULD48,U1TO3,U1T12,U1T48,UDLO3,UDL12,UDF	PE1CK	3.03	41.56	29.82	12.96	10.34						
		Physical Collocation-Cageless-2-Fiber Cross-Connect															
					CLO,ULDO3,ULD12,ULD48,U1TO3,U1T12,U1T48,UDLO3,UDL12,UDF	PE1F4	28.11	50.53	38.78	16.97	14.35			2.69	2.69	1.56	1.56
		Physical Collocation-4-Fiber Cross-Connect	I														

COLLOCATION - Tennessee

CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Inter im	Zo ne	BCS	USOC	RATES (\$)				Svc Order Submitt ed Elec per LSR	Svc Order Submitted Manually per LSR	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Add'l	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc Add'l	
						Rec	Nonrecurring		NRC Disconnect		OSS Rates (\$)					
							First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOME C	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
	Physical Collocation-Cageless-4-Fiber Cross-Connect			CLO, ULDO3, ULD12, ULD48, U1TO3, U1T12, U1T48, UDLO3, UDL12, UDF	PE1CL	6.06	50.53	38.78	16.97	14.35						
	Physical Collocation-Welded Wire Cage-First 100 sq ft	I		CLO	PE1BW	218.53										
	Physical Collocation-Welded Wire Cage-Add'l 50 sq ft	I		CLO	PE1CW	21.44										
	Physical Collocation-Security Access System-Security System per CO	I		CLO	PE1AX	55.99										
	Physical Collocation-Security Access System-New Access Card Activation, per Card	I		CLO	PE1A1	0.059	55.67	55.67								
	Physical Collocation-Security Access System-Administrative Change, existing Access Card, per Request, per State, per Card			CLO	PE1AA		15.61	15.61								
	Physical Collocation-Security Access System-Replace Lost or Stolen Card, per Card			CLO	PE1AR		45.64	45.64								
	Physical Collocation-Security Access-Initial Key, per Key			CLO	PE1AK		26.24	26.24								
	Physical Collocation-Security Access-Key, Replace Lost or Stolen Key, per			CLO	PE1AL		26.24	26.24								
	Physical Collocation-Space Availability Report per premises			CLO	PE1SR		2,027.00	2,154.00								
	POT Bay Arrangements prior to 6/1/99-2W Cross-Connect, per cross-connect	I		UEANL, UEA, UDN, UDC, UAL, UHL, UCL, UEQ, CLO, UDL, UNCVX, UNCDX, UNCNX	PE1PE	0.40										
	POT Bay Arrangements prior to 6/1/99-4W Cross-Connect, per cross-connect	I		UEANL, UEA, UDN, UDC, UAL, UHL, UCL, UEQ, CLO, USL, UNCVX, UNCDX	PE1PF	1.20										
	POT Bay Arrangements prior to 6/1/99-DS1 Cross-Connect, per cross-connect	I		UEANL, UEA, UDN, UDC, UAL, UHL, UCL, UEQ, CLO, WDS1L, WDS1S, USL, U1TD1, UXTD1, UNC1X, ULDD1, USLEL, UNLD1	PE1PG	1.20										
	POT Bay Arrangements prior to 6/1/99-DS3 Cross-Connect, per cross-connect	I		UEANL, UEA, UDN, UDC, UAL, UHL, UCL, UEQ, CLO, UE3, U1TD3, UXTD3, UXTS1, UNC3X, UNCXS, ULDD3, U1TS1, ULDS1, UNLD3, UDL, UDLSX	PE1PH	8.00										
	POT Bay Arrangements prior to 6/1/99-2-Fiber Cross-Connect, Per Cross-Connect			UEANL, UEA, UDN, UDC, UAL, UHL, UCL, UEQ, CLO, ULDO3, ULD12, ULD48, U1TO3, U1T12, U1T48, UDLO3, UDL12, UDF	PE1B2	38.79										
	POT Bay Arrangements prior to 6/1/99-4-Fiber Cross-Connect, per cross-connect			UEANL, UEA, UDN, UDC, UAL, UHL, UCL, UEQ, CLO, ULDO3, ULD12, ULD48, U1TO3, U1T12, U1T48, UDLO3, UDL12, UDF	PE1B4	52.31										
	Physical Collocation-Request Resend of CFA Information, per CLLI	I		CLO	PE1C9		77.67									
	Nonrecurring Collocation Cable Records-per request	I		CLO	PE1CR		1,711.00									
	Nonrecurring Collocation Cable Records-VG/DS0 Cable, per cable record	I		CLO	PE1CD		925.06									
	Nonrecurring Collocation Cable Records-VG/DS0 Cable, per each 100 pr	I		CLO	PE1CO		18.05	18.05								
	Nonrecurring Collocation Cable Records-DS1, per T1TIE	I		CLO	PE1C1		8.45	8.45								
	Nonrecurring Collocation Cable Records-DS3, per T3TIE	I		CLO	PE1C3		29.57	29.57								
	Nonrecurring Collocation Cable Records-Fiber Cable, per 99 fiber records	I		CLO	PE1CB		279.42	279.42								
	Physical Collocation-Cageless-Security Escort-Basic, per Half Hour			CLO	PE1ZM		33.15	20.44								
	Physical Collocation-Cageless-Security Escort-Overtime, per Half Hour			CLO	PE1ZN		41.50	25.61								
	Physical Collocation-Cageless-Security Escort-Premium, per Half Hour			CLO	PE1ZO		49.86	30.79								

COLLOCATION - Tennessee

CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Inter im	Zo ne	BCS	USOC	RATES (\$)	Svc Order Submitt ed Elec per LSR	Svc Order Submitted Manually per LSR	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Add'l	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc Add'l											
													Rec	Nonrecurring		NRC Disconnect		OSS Rates (\$)					
														First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOME C	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
	Physical Collocation-Security Escort-Basic, per Half Hour			CLO,CLORS	PE1BT		33.91	21.49															
	Physical Collocation-Security Escort-Overtime, per Half Hour			CLO,CLORS	PE1OT		44.17	27.76															
	Physical Collocation-Security Escort-Premium, per Half Hour			CLO,CLORS	PE1PT		54.42	34.02															
	V to P Conversion, Per Customer Request-VG	I		CLO	PE1BV		33.00																
	V to P Conversion, Per Customer Request-DS0	I		CLO	PE1BO		33.00																
	V to P Conversion, Per Customer Request-DS1	I		CLO	PE1B1		52.00																
	V to P Conversion, Per Customer request-DS3	I		CLO	PE1B3		52.00																
	V to P Conversion, Per Customer Request per VG Circuit Reconfigured	I		CLO	PE1BR		23.00																
	V to P Conversion, Per Customer Request per DS0 Circuit Reconfigured	I		CLO	PE1BP		23.00																
	V to P Conversion, Per Customer Request per DS1 Circuit Reconfigured	I		CLO	PE1BS		33.00																
	V to P Conversion, Per Customer Request per DS3 Circuit Reconfigured	I		CLO	PE1BE		37.00																
	V to P Conversion, Cable Pairs Assigned to Collo Space per 700 prs or fraction thereof	I		CLO	PE1B7		592.00																
	Physical Caged Collocation-App Cost(initial & sub)-Planning, per request			CLO	PE1AC	16.16	2,903.66	2,903.66															
	Physical Caged Collocation-Space Prep-Grounding, per location			CLO	PE1BB	4.32																	
	Physical Caged Collocation-Space Prep-Power Delivery, per 40 amp Feed			CLO	PE1SN		142.40																
	Physical Caged Collocation-Space Prep-Power Delivery, per 100 amp Feed			CLO	PE1SO		185.72																
	Physical Caged Collocation-Space Prep-Power Delivery, per 200 amp Feed			CLO	PE1SP		242.05																
	Physical Caged Collocation-Space Enclosure-Cage Preparation, per first 100 sq ft			CLO	PE1S1	110.97																	
	Phycial Caged Collocation-Space Enclosure-Cage Preparation2, per add'l 50 sq ft			CLO	PE1S5	55.49																	
	Physical Caged collocation-Cable Installation-Entrance Fiber Structure, interduct per ft.			CLO	PE1CP	0.0156																	
	Physical Caged Collocation-Cable Installation-Entrance Fiber, per cable			CLO	PE1CQ	2.56	944.27																
	Physical Caged Collocation-Floor Space-Land & Buildings, per sq ft			CLO	PE1FS	5.94																	
	Physical Caged Collocation-Cable Support Structure-Cable Racking, per entrance cable			CLO	PE1CS	21.47																	
	Physical Caged Collocation-Power-Power Construction, per amp DC plant			CLO	PE1PN	3.55																	
	Physical Caged Collocation-Power-Power Consumption,per amp AC usage			CLO	PE1PO	2.03																	
	Physical Caged Collocation-2W Cross Connects-VG ckts, per ckt.			CLO	PE12C	0.0475	7.68																
	Physical Caged Collocation-4W Cross Connects-VG Ckts, per ckt.			CLO	PE14C	0.0475	7.68																
	Physical Caged Collocation-DS1 Cross Connects-connection to DCS, per ckt.			CLO	PE11S	7.68	41.65																
	Physical Caged Collocation-DS1 Cross Connects-Connection to DSX, per ckt.			CLO	PE11X	0.38	41.65																
	Physical Caged Collocation-DS3 Cross Connects-Connection to DCS, per ckt.			CLO	PE13S	53.96	298.03																
	Physical Caged Collocation-DS3 Cross Connects-Connection to DSX, per ckt.			CLO	PE13X	9.32	298.03																
	Physical Caged Collocation-Security Access-Access Cards, per 5 Cards			CLO	PE1A2		76.10																
	Physical Collocation-Co-Carrier Cross Connects-Fiber Cable Support Structure, per cable, per linear ft.			CLO,UDF	PE1ES	0.0013																	
	Physical Collocation-Cageless-Co-Carrier Cross Connects-Fiber Cable Support Structure, per linear ft.			CLO	PE1ZH	0.0031																	
	Physical Collocation-Cageless-Co-Carrier Cross Connects- Fiber Cable Support Structure, per cable			CLO	PE12K		555.03																
	Physical Collocation-Co-Carrier Cross Connects-Copper/Coax Cable Support Structure, per cable, per lin. ft.			CLO	PE1DS	0.0019																	
	Physical Collocation-Cageless-Co-Carrier Cross Connects-Copper/Coax Cable Support Structure, per linear ft.			CLO	PE12J	0.0045																	
	Physical Collocation-Cageless-Co-Carrier Cross Connects-Copper/Coax Cable Support Structure, per cable			CLO	PE12L		555.03																
	Physical Collocation-Co-Carrier Cross Connects Only-Application Fee, per application			CLO	PE1DT		585.09																
ADJACENT COLLOCATION																							
	Adjacent Collocation-Space Charge per sq ft			CLOAC	PE1JA	0.0656																	
	Adjacent Collocation-Electrical Facility Charge per Linear Ft.			CLOAC	PE1JC	5.53																	
	Adjacent Collocation-2W Cross-Connects			CLOAC	PE1P2	0.34	11.12	10.18	11.33	10.23		1.77	1.77	1.12	1.12								
	Adjacent Collocation-4W Cross-Connects			UEA,UHL,UDL,UCL,CL OAC	PE1P4	0.33	11.30	10.31	11.62	10.44		1.77	1.77	1.12	1.12								
	Adjacent Collocation-DS1 Cross-Connects			USL,CLOAC	PE1P1	1.70	28.39	16.88	11.65	10.54		1.77	1.77	1.12	1.12								
	Adjacent Collocation-DS3 Cross-Connects			CLOAC	PE1P3	19.03	26.23	15.51	13.40	10.77		1.77	1.77	1.12	1.12								

COLLOCATION - Tennessee

CATEGORY		RATE ELEMENTS	Inter im	Zone	BCS	USOC	RATES (\$)				Svc Order Submitt ed Elec per LSR	Svc Order Submitted Manually per LSR	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Add'l	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc Add'l	
							Rec	Nonrecurring		NRC Disconnect		OSS Rates (\$)					
								First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	
		Adjacent Collocation-2-Fiber Cross-Connect			CLOAC	PE1F2	3.49	26.23	15.51	13.41	10.78			1.77	1.77	1.12	
		Adjacent Collocation-4-Fiber Cross-Connect			CLOAC	PE1F4	6.50	29.75	19.02	17.60	14.97			1.77	1.77	1.12	
		Adjacent Collocation-Application Fee			CLOAC	PE1JB		2,973.00									
		Adjacent Collocation-120V, Single Phase Standby Power Rate per AC Breaker Amp			CLOAC	PE1FB	5.81										
		Adjacent Collocation-240V, Single Phase Standby Power Rate per AC Breaker Amp			CLOAC	PE1FD	11.64										
		Adjacent Collocation-120V, Three Phase Standby Power Rate per AC Breaker Amp			CLOAC	PE1FE	17.45										
		Adjacent Collocation-277V, Three Phase Standby Power Rate per AC Breaker Amp			CLOAC	PE1FG	40.30										
PHYSICAL COLLOCATION IN THE REMOTE SITE																	
		Physical Collocation in the Remote Site-Application Fee			CLORS	PE1RA		580.20		312.76							
		Cabinet Space in the Remote Site per Bay/ Rack			CLORS	PE1RB	220.41										
		Physical Collocation in the Remote Site-Security Access-Key			CLORS	PE1RD		24.69									
		Physical Collocation in the Remote Site-Space Availability Report per Premises Requested			CLORS	PE1SR		218.49									
		Physical Collocation in the Remote Site-Remote Site CLLI Code Request, per CLLI Code Requested			CLORS	PE1RE		70.81									
		Remote Site DLEC Data (BRSDDD), per Compact Disk, per CO			CLORS	PE1RR		234.15									
PHYSICAL COLLOCATION IN THE REMOTE SITE - ADJACENT																	
		Remote Site-Adjacent Collocation-AC Power, per breaker amp			CLORS	PE1RS	6.27										
		Remote Site-Adjacent Collocation-Real Estate, per square foot			CLORS	PE1RT	0.134										
		Remote Site-Adjacent Collocation-Application Fee			CLORS	PE1RU		755.62	755.62								
NOTE: If Security Escort and/or Add'l Engineering Fees become necessary for remote site collocation, the Parties will negotiate appropriate rates.																	
VIRTUAL COLLOCATION																	
		Virtual Collocation-Application Fee			AMTFS	EAF		2,633.00	2,633.00					2.07	2.81	0.67	
		Virtual Collocation-Cable Installation Cost, per cable			AMTFS	ESPCX		1,749.00	1,749.00					2.07	2.81	0.67	
		Virtual Collocation-Floor Space, per sq ft			AMTFS	ESPVX	3.91										
		Virtual Collocation-Power, per fused amp			AMTFS	ESPAX	6.79										
		Virtual Collocation-Cable Support Structure, per entrance cable			AMTFS	ESPSX	17.87										
		Virtual Collocation-2W Cross Connects (loop)			UEANL,UEA,UDN,UDC,UAL,UHL,UCL,UEQ,AMTFS,UDL,UNCVX,UNCX,UNCN	UEAC2	0.57	11.62	9.90	10.38	8.66			2.07	2.81	0.67	
		Virtual Collocation-4W Cross Connects (loop)			UEA,UHL,UCL,UDL,AMTFS,UAL,UDN,UNCVX,UNCX	UEAC4	0.57	11.81	10.04	10.44	8.67			2.07	2.81	0.67	
		Virtual Collocation-2-Fiber Cross Connects			AMTFS,UDL12,UDLO3,U1T48,U1T12,U1T03,ULDO3,ULD12,ULD48,UDF	CNC2F	3.03	41.56	29.82	12.96	10.34			2.69	2.69	1.56	
		Virtual Collocation-4-Fiber Cross Connects			AMTFS,UDL12,UDLO3,U1T48,U1T12,U1T03,ULDO3,ULD12,ULD48,UDF	CNC4F	6.06	50.53	38.78	16.97	14.35			2.69	2.69	1.56	
		Virtual collocation-Special Access & UNE, cross-connect per DS1			USL,ULC,AMTFS,ULR,UXTD1,UNC1X,ULDD1,U1TD1,USLEL,UNLD1	CNC1X	1.32	32.22	17.76	10.46	8.75			2.07	2.81	0.67	
		Virtual collocation-Special Acess & UNE, cross-connect per DS3			USL,ULC,AMTFS,UE3,U1TD3,UXTS1,UXTD3,UNC3X,UNC3X,ULDD3,U1TS1,ULDS1,ULDSX,UNLD3	CND3X	12.32	29.97	16.30	12.03	8.99			2.07	2.81	0.67	
		Virtual Collocation-Co-Carrier Cross Connects-Fiber Cable Support Structure, per linear foot			AMTFS	VE1CB	0.0031										
		Virtual Collocation-Co-Carrier Cross Connects-Copper/Coax Cable Support Structure, per linear ft			AMTFS	VE1CD	0.0045										

COLLOCATION - Tennessee														Attachment: 4		Exhibit: B	
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS			Interim	Zone	BCS	USOC	RATES (\$)				Svc Order Submitted Elec per LSR	Svc Order Submitted Manually per LSR	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic-1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic-Add'l	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic-Disc 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic-Disc Add'l
								Rec	Nonrecurring		NRC Disconnect		OSS Rates (\$)				
									First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOME C	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
		Virtual Collocation-Co-Carrier Cross Connects-Fiber Cable Support Structure, per cable				AMTFS	VE1CC		555.03					2.07	2.81	0.67	1.41
		Virtual Collocation-Co-Carrier Cross Connects-Copper/Coax Cable Support Structure, per cable				AMTFS	VE1CE		555.03					2.07	2.81	0.67	1.41
		Virtual Collocation Cable Records-per request				AMTFS	VE1BA		1,711.00								
		Virtual Collocation Cable Records-VG/DS0 Cable, per cable record				AMTFS	VE1BB		925.06								
		Virtual Collocation Cable Records-VG/DS0 Cable, per each 100 pair				AMTFS	VE1BC		18.05	18.05							
		Virtual Collocation Cable Records-DS1, per T1TIE				AMTFS	VE1BD		8.45	8.45							
		Virtual Collocation Cable Records-DS3, per T3TIE				AMTFS	VE1BE		29.57	29.57							
		Virtual Collocation Cable Records-Fiber Cable, per 99 fiber records				AMTFS	VE1BF		279.42	279.42							
		Virtual collocation-Security Escort-Basic, per half hour				AMTFS	SPTBX		33.15	20.44				2.07	2.81	0.67	1.41
		Virtual collocation-Security Escort-Overtime, per half hour				AMTFS	SPTOX		41.50	25.61				2.07	2.81	0.67	1.41
		Virtual collocation-Security Escort-Premium, per half hour				AMTFS	SPTPX		49.86	30.79				2.07	2.81	0.67	1.41
		Virtual collocation-Maintenance in CO-Basic, per half hour				AMTFS	CTRLX		30.64	30.64				2.07	2.81	0.67	1.41
		Virtual collocation-Maintenance in CO-Overtime, per half hour				AMTFS	SPTOM		35.77	35.77				2.07	2.81	0.67	1.41
		Virtual collocation-Maintenance in CO-Premium per half hour				AMTFS	SPTPM		40.90	40.90				2.07	2.81	0.67	1.41
VIRTUAL COLLOCATION																	
		Virtual Collocation-2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W Analog-Res				UEPSR	VE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20				20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Virtual Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W Line Side PBX Trunk-Bus				UEPSP	VE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20				20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Virtual Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W VG PBX Trunk-Res				UEPSE	VE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20				20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Virtual Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W Analog Bus				UEPSB	VE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20				20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Virtual Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W ISDN				UEPSX	VE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20				20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Virtual Collocation 2W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 2W ISDN				UEPTX	VE1R2	0.30	19.20	19.20				20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
		Virtual Collocation 4W Cross Connect, Exchange Port 4W ISDN DS1				UEPEX	VE1R4	0.50	19.20	19.20				20.35	10.54	13.32	1.40
Note: Rates displaying an "R" in Interim column are interim and subject to rate true-up as set forth in General Terms and Conditions.																	

Attachment 5

Access to Numbers and Number Portability

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. NON-DISCRIMINATORY ACCESS TO TELEPHONE NUMBERS.....	3
2. LOCAL SERVICE PROVIDER NUMBER PORTABILITY - PERMANENT SOLUTION (LNP)	3
3. OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEM (OSS) RATES.....	4

ACCESS TO NUMBERS AND NUMBER PORTABILITY

1. NON-DISCRIMINATORY ACCESS TO TELEPHONE NUMBERS

- 1.1 During the term of this Agreement, where DTI is utilizing its own switch, DTI shall contact the North American Numbering Plan Administrator, NeuStar, for the assignment of numbering resources. In order to be assigned a Central Office Code, DTI will be required to complete the Central Office Code (NXX) Assignment Request and Confirmation Form (Code Request Form) in accordance with Industry Numbering Committee's Central Office Code (NXX) Assignment Guidelines (INC 95-0407-008).
- 1.2 Where BellSouth provides local switching or resold services to DTI, BellSouth will provide DTI with on-line access to intermediate telephone numbers as defined by applicable FCC rules and regulations on a first come first served basis. DTI acknowledges that such access to numbers shall be in accordance with the appropriate FCC rules and regulations. DTI acknowledges that there may be instances where there is a shortage of telephone numbers in a particular rate center; and in such instances, BellSouth may request that DTI return unused intermediate numbers to BellSouth. DTI shall return unused intermediate numbers to BellSouth upon BellSouth's request. BellSouth shall make all such requests on a nondiscriminatory basis.
- 1.3 BellSouth will allow DTI to designate up to 100 intermediate telephone numbers per rate center for DTI's sole use. Assignment, reservation and use of telephone numbers shall be governed by applicable FCC rules and regulations. DTI acknowledges that there may be instances where there is a shortage of telephone numbers in a particular rate center and BellSouth has the right to limit access to blocks of intermediate telephone numbers. These instances include: 1) where jeopardy status has been declared by the North American Numbering Plan (NANP) for a particular Numbering Plan Area (NPA); or 2) where a rate center has less than six months supply of numbering resources.

2. LOCAL SERVICE PROVIDER NUMBER PORTABILITY - PERMANENT SOLUTION (LNP)

- 2.1 The Parties will offer Number Portability in accordance with rules, regulations and guidelines adopted by the Commission, the FCC and industry forums.
- 2.2 End User Line Charge. Where DTI subscribes to BellSouth's local switching, BellSouth shall bill and DTI shall pay the end user line charge associated with implementing LNP as set forth in BellSouth's FCC Tariff No. 1. This charge is not subject to the resale discount set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

- 2.3 To limit service outage, BellSouth and DTI will adhere to the process flows and cutover guidelines for porting numbers as outlined in the LNP Reference Guide, as amended from time to time. The LNP Reference Guide, incorporated herein by reference, is accessible via the Internet at the following site:
<http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com>. All intervals referenced in the LNP Reference Guide shall apply to both BellSouth and DTI.
- 2.4 The Parties will set Location Routing Number (LRN) unconditional or 10-digit triggers where applicable. Where triggers are set, the porting Party will remove the ported number at the same time the trigger is removed.
- 2.5 A trigger order is a service order issued in advance of the porting of a number. A trigger order 1) initiates call queries to the AIN SS7 network in advance of the number being ported; and 2) provides for the new service provider to be in control of when a number ports.
- 2.6 Where triggers are not set, the Parties shall coordinate the porting of the number between service providers so as to minimize service interruptions to the End User.
- 2.7 BellSouth and DTI will work cooperatively to implement changes to LNP process flows ordered by the FCC or as recommended by standard industry forums addressing LNP.

3. OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEM (OSS) RATES

- 3.1 The terms, conditions and rates for OSS are as set forth in Attachment 2.

Attachment 6
Pre-Ordering, Ordering, Provisioning,
Maintenance and Repair

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. QUALITY OF PRE-ORDERING, ORDERING, PROVISIONING, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR..... 3

2. ACCESS TO OPERATIONS SUPPORT SYSTEMS 3

3. MISCELLANEOUS..... 5

PRE-ORDERING, ORDERING, PROVISIONING, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

1. QUALITY OF PRE-ORDERING, ORDERING, PROVISIONING, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

- 1.1 BellSouth shall provide pre-ordering, ordering, provisioning, and maintenance and repair services to DTI that are equivalent to the pre-ordering, ordering, provisioning, and maintenance and repair services BellSouth provides to itself or any other CLEC where technically feasible. The guidelines for pre-ordering, ordering, provisioning, and maintenance and repair are set forth in the various guides and business rules, as appropriate, and as they are amended from time to time during this Agreement. The guides and business rules are found at <http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com> and are incorporated herein by reference.
- 1.2 BellSouth shall provision services during its regular working hours. To the extent DTI requests provisioning of service to be performed outside BellSouth's regular working hours, or the work so requested requires BellSouth's technicians or Project Manager to work outside of regular working hours, overtime charges shall apply. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if such work is performed outside of regular working hours by a BellSouth technician or Project Manager during his or her scheduled shift and BellSouth does not incur any overtime charges in performing the work on behalf of DTI, BellSouth will not assess DTI additional charges beyond the rates and charges specified in this Agreement.

2. ACCESS TO OPERATIONS SUPPORT SYSTEMS

- 2.1 BellSouth shall provide DTI access to operations support systems (OSS) functions for pre-ordering, ordering, provisioning, maintenance and repair, and billing. BellSouth shall provide access to the OSS through manual and/or electronic interfaces as described in this Attachment. It is the sole responsibility of DTI to obtain the technical capability to access and utilize BellSouth's OSS interfaces. Specifications for DTI's access and use of BellSouth's electronic interfaces are set forth at www.interconnection.bellsouth.com and are incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.1.1 Pre-Ordering. In accordance with FCC and Commission rules and orders, BellSouth will provide electronic access to the following pre-ordering functions: service address validation, telephone number selection, service and feature availability, due date information, customer record information and loop makeup information. Access is provided through the Local Exchange Navigation System (LENS) interface and the Telecommunications Access Gateway (TAG) interface. Customer record information includes customer specific information in CRIS and RSAG. DTI shall provide to BellSouth access to customer record information, including circuit numbers associated with each telephone number where applicable.

DTI shall provide such information within four (4) hours after request via electronic access where available. If electronic access is not available, DTI shall provide to BellSouth paper copies of customer record information, including circuit numbers associated with each telephone number where applicable. If BellSouth requests the information before noon, the customer record information shall be provided the same day. If BellSouth requests the information after noon, the customer record information shall be provided by noon the following day.

- 2.1.2 The Parties agree not to view, copy, or otherwise obtain access to the customer record information of any customer without that customer's permission. DTI will obtain access to customer record information only in strict compliance with applicable laws, rules, or regulations of the state in which the service is provided. BellSouth reserves the right to audit DTI's access to customer record information. If a BellSouth audit of DTI's access to customer record information reveals that DTI is accessing customer record information without having obtained the proper End User authorization, BellSouth upon reasonable notice to DTI may take corrective action, including but not limited to suspending or terminating DTI's electronic access to BellSouth's OSS functionality. All such information obtained through an audit shall be deemed Information covered by the Proprietary and Confidential Information section in the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.
- 2.1.3 Service Ordering. BellSouth will make available the Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) interface and the TAG ordering interface for the purpose of exchanging order information, including order status and completion notification, for non-complex and certain complex resale requests and certain network elements. DTI may integrate the EDI interface or the TAG ordering interface with the TAG pre-ordering interface. In addition, BellSouth will provide integrated pre-ordering and ordering capability through the LENS interface for non-complex and certain complex resale service requests and certain network element requests.
- 2.1.4 Maintenance and Repair. DTI may report and monitor service troubles and obtain repair services from BellSouth via electronic interfaces. BellSouth provides several options for electronic trouble reporting. For exchange services, BellSouth offers DTI non-discriminatory access to the Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface (TAFI). In addition, BellSouth offers an industry standard, machine-to-machine Electronic Communications Trouble Administration (ECTA) Gateway interface. For designed services, BellSouth provides non-discriminatory trouble reporting via the ECTA Gateway. BellSouth provides DTI an estimated time to repair, an appointment time or a commitment time, as appropriate, on trouble reports. Requests for trouble repair are billed in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. BellSouth and DTI agree to adhere to BellSouth's Operational Understanding, as amended from time to time during this Agreement and as incorporated herein by reference. The Operational Understanding may be accessed via the Internet at <http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com>.

- 2.2 Change Management. BellSouth provides a collaborative process for change management of the electronic interfaces through the Change Control Process (CCP). Guidelines for this process are set forth in the CCP document as amended from time to time during this Agreement. The CCP document may be accessed via the Internet at <http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com>.
- 2.3 BellSouth's Versioning Policy for Electronic Interfaces. BellSouth's Versioning Policy is part of the CCP. Pursuant to the CCP, BellSouth will issue new software releases for new industry standards for its EDI and TAG electronic interfaces. The Versioning Policy, including the appropriate notification to DTI, is set forth in the CCP document as amended from time to time during this Agreement. The CCP document may be accessed via the Internet at <http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com>.
- 2.4 Rates. Charges for use of OSS shall be as set forth in this Agreement.
- 3. MISCELLANEOUS**
- 3.1 Pending Orders. Orders placed in the hold or pending status by DTI will be held for a maximum of thirty (30) days from the date the order is placed on hold. After such time, DTI shall be required to submit a new service request. Incorrect or invalid requests returned to DTI for correction or clarification will be held for thirty (30) days. If DTI does not return a corrected request within thirty (30) days, BellSouth will cancel the request.
- 3.2 Single Point of Contact. DTI will be the single point of contact with BellSouth for ordering activity for network elements and other services used by DTI to provide services to its End Users, except that BellSouth may accept a request directly from another CLEC, or BellSouth, acting with authorization of the affected End User. DTI and BellSouth shall each execute a blanket letter of authorization with respect to customer requests so that prior proof of end-user authorization will not be necessary with every request (except in the case of a local service freeze). The Parties shall each be entitled to adopt their own internal processes for verification of customer authorization for requests, provided, however, that such processes shall comply with applicable state and federal law and industry and regulatory guidelines. Pursuant to a request from another carrier, BellSouth may disconnect any network element being used by DTI to provide service to that End User and may reuse such network elements or facilities to enable such other carrier to provide service to the End User. BellSouth will notify DTI that such a request has been processed but will not be required to notify DTI in advance of such processing.
- 3.2.1 Neither BellSouth nor DTI shall prevent or delay an end-user from migrating to another carrier because of unpaid bills, denied service, or contract terms.

- 3.2.2 BellSouth shall provide access to customer service records (CSRs), Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) and Local Service Request (LSR) rejects within the intervals set forth in Attachment 9 of this Agreement.
- 3.2.3 DTI shall return a FOC to BellSouth within thirty-six (36) hours after DTI's receipt from BellSouth of a valid LSR.
- 3.2.4 DTI shall provide a Reject Response to BellSouth within twenty-four (24) hours after BellSouth's submission of an LSR which is incomplete or incorrectly formatted.
- 3.3 Use of Facilities. When a customer of DTI elects to discontinue service and to transfer service to another local exchange carrier, including BellSouth, BellSouth shall have the right to reuse the facilities provided to DTI by BellSouth. In addition, where BellSouth provides local switching, BellSouth may disconnect and reuse facilities when the facility is in a denied state and BellSouth has received a request to establish new service or transfer of service from a customer or a customer's CLEC at the same address served by the denied facility. BellSouth will notify DTI that such a request has been processed after the disconnect order has been completed.
- 3.4 Contact Numbers. The Parties agree to provide one another with toll-free nationwide (50 states) contact numbers for the purpose of ordering, provisioning and maintenance of services.
- 3.5 Subscription Functions. In cases where BellSouth performs subscription functions for an interexchange carrier (IXC) (i.e. PIC and LPIC changes via Customer Account Record Exchange (CARE)), BellSouth will provide the affected IXCs with the Operating Company Number (OCN) of the local provider for the purpose of obtaining end user billing account and other end user information required under subscription requirements.
- 3.6 Cancellation Charges. If DTI cancels a request for network elements or resold services, any costs incurred by BellSouth in conjunction with the provisioning of that request will be recovered in accordance with BellSouth's PLST or FCC No. 1 Tariff, Section 5.4, as applicable. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if DTI places an LSR based upon BellSouth's loop makeup information, and such information is inaccurate resulting in the inability of BellSouth to provision the network elements requested and another spare compatible facility cannot be found with the transmission characteristics of the network elements originally requested, cancellation charges described in this Section shall not apply. Where DTI places a single LSR for multiple network elements or services based upon loop makeup information, and information as to some, but not all, of the network elements or services is inaccurate, if BellSouth cannot provision the network elements or services that were the subject of the inaccurate loop makeup information, DTI may cancel its request for those network elements or services without incurring cancellation charges as described in this Section. In such instance, should DTI

elect to cancel the entire LSR, cancellation charges as described in this Section shall apply to those elements and services that were not the subject of inaccurate loop makeup.

- 3.7 Service Date Advancement Charges (a.k.a. Expedites). For Service Date Advancement requests by DTI, Service Date Advancement charges will apply for intervals less than the standard interval as outlined in the BellSouth Product and Services Interval Guide. The charges as outlined in BellSouth's FCC No. 1 Tariff, Section 5, will apply as applicable.

Attachment 7

Billing

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. PAYMENT AND BILLING ARRANGEMENTS.....	3
2. BILLING DISPUTES.....	7
3. RAO HOSTING	7
4. OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE.....	11
5. ACCESS DAILY USAGE FILE	13
6. ENHANCED OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE	15
Rates.....	Exhibit A

BILLING

1. PAYMENT AND BILLING ARRANGEMENTS

The terms and conditions set forth in this Attachment shall apply to all services ordered and provisioned pursuant to this Agreement.

- 1.1 Billing. BellSouth will bill through the Carrier Access Billing System (CABS), Integrated Billing System (IBS) and/or the Customer Records Information System (CRIS) depending on the particular service(s) provided to DTI under this Agreement. BellSouth will format all bills in Carrier Billing Output Specification (CBOS) Standard or CLUB/EDI format, depending on the type of service provided. For those services where standards have not yet been developed, BellSouth's billing format will change as necessary when standards are finalized by the applicable industry forum.
 - 1.1.1 For any service(s) BellSouth receives from DTI, DTI shall bill BellSouth in CBOS format.
 - 1.1.2 Any switched access charges associated with interexchange carrier access to the resold local exchange lines will be billed by, and due to BellSouth.
 - 1.1.3 BellSouth will render bills each month on established bill days for each of DTI's accounts. If either Party requests multiple billing media or additional copies of the bills, the billing Party will provide these at a reasonable cost.
 - 1.1.4 BellSouth will bill DTI in advance for all services to be provided during the ensuing billing period except charges associated with service usage and nonrecurring charges, which will be billed in arrears.
 - 1.1.4.1 Charges for services will be calculated on an individual End User account level, including, if applicable, any charge for usage or usage allowances. BellSouth will also bill DTI, and DTI will be responsible for and remit to BellSouth, all charges applicable to said services including but not limited to 911 and E911 charges, End Users common line charges, federal subscriber line charges, telecommunications relay charges (TRS), and franchise fees, unless otherwise ordered by a Commission.
 - 1.1.5 BellSouth will not perform billing and collection services for DTI as a result of the execution of this Agreement.
 - 1.1.6 In the event that this Agreement or an amendment to this Agreement effects a rate change to recurring rate elements that are billed in advance, BellSouth will make an adjustment to such recurring rates billed in advance at the previously effective rate. The adjustment shall reflect billing at the new rates from the Effective Date of the Agreement or amendment.

- 1.2 Establishing Accounts. After submitting a credit profile and deposit, if required, and after receiving certification as a local exchange carrier from the appropriate regulatory agency, DTI will provide the appropriate BellSouth advisory team/local contract manager the necessary documentation to enable BellSouth to establish accounts for Local Interconnection, Network Elements and Other Services, Collocation and/or resold services. Such documentation shall include the Application for Master Account, if applicable, proof of authority to provide telecommunications services, the appropriate Operating Company Numbers (OCN) for each state as assigned by NECA, Carrier Identification Code (CIC), Access Customer Name and Abbreviation (ACNA), Blanket Letter of Authorization (LOA), Misdirected Number form, and a tax exemption certificate, if applicable. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, DTI may not order services under a new account established in accordance with this Section 1.2 until 30 days after all information specified in this Section 1.2 is received from DTI.
- 1.2.1 OCN. If DTI needs to change its OCN(s) under which it operates when DTI has already been conducting business utilizing those OCN(s), DTI shall bear all costs incurred by BellSouth to convert DTI to the new OCN(s). OCN conversion charges include all time required to make system updates to all of DTI's End User customer records and will be handled by the BFR/NBR process.
- 1.2.2 Payment Responsibility. Payment of all charges will be the responsibility of DTI. DTI shall make payment to BellSouth for all services billed. Payments made by DTI to BellSouth as payment on account will be credited to DTI's accounts receivable master account. BellSouth will not become involved in billing disputes that may arise between DTI and DTI's customer.
- 1.3 Payment Due. Payment for services provided is due on or before the next bill date in immediately available funds. Payment is considered to have been made when received by BellSouth.
- 1.4 Due Dates. If the payment due date falls on a Sunday or on a holiday that is observed on a Monday, the payment due date shall be the first non-holiday day following such Sunday or holiday. If the payment due date falls on a Saturday or on a holiday which is observed on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, or Friday, the payment due date shall be the last non-holiday day preceding such Saturday or holiday. If payment is not received by the payment due date, a late payment charge, as set forth in Section 1.6, below, shall apply.
- 1.5 Tax Exemption. Upon BellSouth's receipt of tax exemption certificate, the total amount billed to DTI will not include those taxes or fees from which DTI is exempt. DTI will be solely responsible for the computation, tracking, reporting and payment of all taxes and like fees associated with the services provided to the End User of DTI.

- 1.6 Late Payment. If any portion of the payment is not received by BellSouth on or before the payment due date as set forth preceding, or if any portion of the payment is received by BellSouth in funds that are not immediately available to BellSouth, then a late payment charge shall be due to BellSouth. The late payment charge shall be the portion of the payment not received by the payment due date multiplied by a late factor and will be applied on a per bill basis. The late factor shall be as set forth in Section A2 of the General Subscriber Services Tariff (GSST), Section B2 of the Private Line Service Tariff (PLST) or Section E2 of the Intrastate Access Tariff, as appropriate. In addition to any applicable late payment charges, DTI may be charged a fee for all returned checks as set forth in Section A2 of the GSST or pursuant to the applicable state law.
- 1.7 Discontinuing Service to DTI. The procedures for discontinuing service to DTI are as follows:
- 1.7.1 BellSouth reserves the right to suspend or terminate service in the event of prohibited, unlawful or improper use of BellSouth facilities or service, abuse of BellSouth facilities, or any other violation or noncompliance by DTI of the rules and regulations of BellSouth's tariffs.
- 1.7.2 BellSouth reserves the right to suspend or terminate service for nonpayment. If payment of amounts not subject to a billing dispute, as described in Section 2, is not received by the bill date in the month after the original bill date, BellSouth will provide written notice to DTI that additional applications for service may be refused, that any pending orders for service may not be completed, and/or that access to ordering systems may be suspended if payment of such amounts, and all other amounts not in dispute that become past due before refusal, incompleteness or suspension, is not received by the fifteenth day following the date of the notice. In addition, BellSouth may, at the same time, provide written notice to the person designated by DTI to receive notices of noncompliance that BellSouth may discontinue the provision of existing services to DTI if payment of such amounts, and all other amounts not in dispute that become past due before discontinuance, is not received by the thirtieth day following the date of the initial notice.
- 1.7.3 In the case of discontinuance of services, all billed charges, as well as applicable termination charges, shall become due.
- 1.7.4 Discontinuance of service on DTI's account will effect a discontinuance of service to DTI's End Users. BellSouth will reestablish service for DTI upon payment of all past due charges and the appropriate connection fee subject to BellSouth's normal application procedures. DTI is solely responsible for notifying the End User of the discontinuance of the service. If within fifteen (15) days after DTI's service has been discontinued and no arrangements to reestablish service have been made consistent with this subsection, DTI's service will be disconnected.

- 1.8 Deposit Policy. DTI shall complete the BellSouth Credit Profile and provide information to BellSouth regarding credit worthiness. Based on the results of the credit analysis, BellSouth reserves the right to secure the account with a suitable form of security deposit. Such security deposit shall take the form of cash, an Irrevocable Letter of Credit (BellSouth form), Surety Bond (BellSouth form) or, in BellSouth's sole discretion, some other form of security proposed by DTI. Any such security deposit shall in no way release DTI from its obligation to make complete and timely payments of its bill. DTI shall pay any applicable deposits prior to the inauguration of service. If, in the sole opinion of BellSouth, circumstances so warrant and/or gross monthly billing has increased beyond the level initially used to determine the level of security deposit, BellSouth reserves the right to request additional security and/or file a Uniform Commercial Code (UCC-1) security interest in DTI's "accounts receivables and proceeds." Interest on a security deposit, if provided in cash, shall accrue and be paid in accordance with the terms in the appropriate BellSouth tariff. Security deposits collected under this Section shall not exceed two months' estimated billing. In the event DTI fails to remit to BellSouth any deposit requested pursuant to this Section, service to DTI may be terminated in accordance with the terms of Section 1.7 of this Attachment, and any security deposits will be applied to DTI's account(s). In the event DTI defaults on its account, service to DTI will be terminated in accordance with the terms of Section 1.7 above, and any security deposits will be applied to DTI's account.
- 1.9 Notices. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, all bills and notices regarding billing matters, including notices relating to security deposits, disconnection of services for nonpayment of charges, and rejection of additional orders from DTI, shall be forwarded to the individual and/or address provided by DTI in establishment of its billing account(s) with BellSouth, or to the individual and/or address subsequently provided by DTI as the contact for billing information. All monthly bills and notices described in this Section shall be forwarded to the same individual and/or address; provided, however, upon written request from DTI to BellSouth's billing organization, the notice of discontinuance of services purchased by DTI under this Agreement provided for in Section 1.7.2 of this Attachment shall be sent via certified mail to the individual(s) listed in the Notices provision of the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.
- 1.10 Rates. Rates for Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF), Access Daily Usage File (ADUF), Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF) and Centralized Message Distribution Service (CMDS) are set out in Exhibit A to this Attachment. If no rate is identified in this Attachment, the rate for the specific service or function will be as set forth in the applicable BellSouth tariff or as negotiated by the Parties upon request by either Party.

2. BILLING DISPUTES

- 2.1 Each Party agrees to notify the other Party in writing upon the discovery of a billing dispute. DTI shall report all billing disputes to BellSouth using the Billing Adjustment Request Form (RF 1461) provided by BellSouth. In the event of a billing dispute, the Parties will endeavor to resolve the dispute within sixty (60) calendar days of the notification date. If the Parties are unable within the 60 day period to reach resolution, then the aggrieved Party may pursue dispute resolution in accordance with the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.
- 2.2 For purposes of this Section 2, a billing dispute means a reported dispute of a specific amount of money actually billed by either Party. The dispute must be clearly explained by the disputing Party and supported by written documentation, which clearly shows the basis for disputing charges. A billing dispute will not include the refusal to pay all or part of a bill or bills when no written documentation is provided to support the dispute, nor shall a billing dispute include the refusal to pay other amounts owed by the billed Party until the dispute is resolved. Claims by the billed Party for damages of any kind will not be considered a billing dispute for purposes of this Section. If the billing dispute is resolved in favor of the billing Party, the disputing Party will make immediate payment of any of the disputed amount owed to the billing Party or the billing Party shall have the right to pursue normal treatment procedures. Any credits due to the disputing Party, pursuant to the billing dispute, will be applied to the disputing Party's account by the billing Party immediately upon resolution of the dispute.
- 2.3 If a Party disputes a charge and does not pay such charge by the payment due date, or if a payment or any portion of a payment is received by either Party after the payment due date, or if a payment or any portion of a payment is received in funds which are not immediately available to the other Party, then a late payment charge and interest, where applicable, shall be assessed. For bills rendered by either Party for payment, the late payment charge for both Parties shall be calculated based on the portion of the payment not received by the payment due date multiplied by the late factor as set forth in the following BellSouth tariffs: for services purchased from the GSST for purposes of resale and for ports and non-designed loops, Section A2 of the GSST; for services purchased from the PLST for purposes of resale, Section B2 of the PLST; and for designed network elements and other services and local interconnection charges, Section E2 of the Access Service Tariff. The Parties shall assess interest on previously assessed late payment charges only in a state where it has the authority pursuant to its tariffs.

3. RAO HOSTING

- 3.1 RAO Hosting, Calling Card and Third Number Settlement System (CATS) and Non-Intercompany Settlement System (NICS) services provided to DTI by BellSouth will be in accordance with the methods and practices regularly applied

by BellSouth to its own operations during the term of this Agreement, including such revisions as may be made from time to time by BellSouth.

- 3.2 DTI shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of RAO Hosting, CATS and NICS.
- 3.3 Charges or credits, as applicable, will be applied by BellSouth to DTI on a monthly basis in arrears. Amounts due (excluding adjustments) are payable within thirty (30) days of receipt of the billing statement.
- 3.4 DTI must have its own unique hosted RAO code. Where BellSouth is the selected CMDS interfacing host, DTI must request that BellSouth establish a unique hosted RAO code for DTI. Such request shall be in writing to the BellSouth RAO Hosting coordinator and must be submitted at least eight (8) weeks prior to provision of services pursuant to this Section. Services shall commence on a date mutually agreed to by the Parties.
- 3.5 BellSouth will receive messages from DTI that are to be processed by BellSouth, another LEC in the BellSouth region or a LEC outside the BellSouth region. DTI shall send all messages to BellSouth no later than sixty (60) days after the message date.
- 3.6 BellSouth will perform invoice sequence checking, standard EMI format editing, and balancing of message data with the EMI trailer record counts on all data received from DTI.
- 3.7 All data received from DTI that is to be processed or billed by another LEC within the BellSouth region will be distributed to that LEC in accordance with the Agreement(s) in effect between BellSouth and the involved LEC.
- 3.8 All data received from DTI that is to be placed on the CMDS network for distribution outside the BellSouth region will be handled in accordance with the agreement(s) in effect between BellSouth and its connecting contractor.
- 3.9 BellSouth will receive messages from the CMDS network that are destined to be processed by DTI and will forward them to DTI on a daily basis for processing.
- 3.10 Transmission of message data between BellSouth and DTI will be via CONNECT:Direct or Secure File Transfer Protocol (FTP).
- 3.10.1 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) will be required between BellSouth and DTI for the purpose of data transmission when utilizing CONNECT:Direct. Where a dedicated line is required, DTI will be responsible for ordering the circuit and coordinating the installation with BellSouth. DTI is responsible for any charges associated with this line. Equipment required on the BellSouth end to attach the line to the mainframe computer and to transmit data will be negotiated on an individual case basis. Where a dial-up facility is required, dial circuits will be

installed in the BellSouth data center by BellSouth and the associated charges assessed to DTI. Additionally, all message toll charges associated with the use of the dial circuit by DTI will be the responsibility of DTI. Associated equipment on the BellSouth end, including a modem, will be negotiated on an individual case basis between the Parties. All equipment, including modems and software, that is required on the DTI end for the purpose of data transmission will be the responsibility of DTI.

- 3.10.2 If DTI utilizes Secure FTP for data file transmission, purchase of the Secure FTP software will be the responsibility of DTI.
- 3.11 All messages and related data exchanged between BellSouth and DTI will be formatted for EMI formatted records and packed between appropriate EMI header and trailer records in accordance with accepted industry standards.
- 3.12 DTI will maintain recorded message detail necessary to recreate files provided to BellSouth for a period of three (3) calendar months beyond the related message dates.
- 3.13 Should it become necessary for DTI to send data to BellSouth more than sixty (60) days past the message date(s), DTI will notify BellSouth in advance of the transmission of the data. BellSouth will work with its connecting contractor and/or DTI, where necessary, to notify all affected LECs.
- 3.14 In the event that data to be exchanged between the Parties should become lost or destroyed, the Party responsible for creating the data will make every effort to restore and retransmit such data. If the data cannot be retrieved, the Party responsible for losing or destroying the data will be liable to the other Party for any resulting lost revenue. Lost revenue may be a combination of revenues that could not be billed to the End Users and associated access revenues. Both Parties will work together to estimate the revenue amount based upon historical data through a method mutually agreed upon. The resulting estimated revenue loss will be paid by the responsible Party to the other Party within three (3) calendar months of the resolution of the amount owed, or as mutually agreed upon by the Parties.
- 3.15 Should an error be detected by the EMI format edits performed by BellSouth on data received from DTI, the entire pack containing the affected data will not be processed by BellSouth. BellSouth will notify DTI of the error. DTI will correct the error(s) and will resend the entire pack to BellSouth for processing. In the event that an out-of-sequence condition occurs on subsequent packs, DTI will resend these packs to BellSouth after the pack containing the error has been successfully reprocessed by BellSouth.
- 3.16 In association with message distribution service, BellSouth will provide DTI with associated intercompany settlements reports (CATS and NICS) as appropriate.

- 3.17 Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, in no case shall either Party be liable to the other for any direct or consequential damages incurred as a result of the obligations set out in this Section 3.
- 3.18 Intercompany Settlements Messages
- 3.18.1 Intercompany Settlements Messages facilitate the settlement of revenues associated with traffic originated from or billed by DTI as a facilities based provider of local exchange telecommunications services outside the BellSouth region. Only traffic that originates in one Bell operating territory and bills in another Bell operating territory is included. Traffic that originates and bills within the same Bell operating territory will be settled on a local basis between DTI and the involved company(ies), unless that company is participating in NICS.
- 3.18.2 Both traffic that originates outside the BellSouth region by DTI and is billed within the BellSouth region, and traffic that originates within the BellSouth region and is billed outside the BellSouth region by DTI, is covered by CATS. Also covered is traffic that either is originated by or billed by DTI, involves a company other than DTI, qualifies for inclusion in the CATS settlement, and is not originated or billed within the BellSouth region (NICS).
- 3.18.3 Once DTI is operating within the BellSouth territory, revenues associated with calls originated and billed within the BellSouth region will be settled via NICS.
- 3.18.4 BellSouth will receive the monthly NICS reports from Telcordia on behalf of DTI. BellSouth will distribute copies of these reports to DTI on a monthly basis.
- 3.18.5 BellSouth will receive the monthly CATS reports from Telcordia on behalf of DTI. BellSouth will distribute copies of these reports to DTI on a monthly basis.
- 3.18.6 BellSouth will collect the revenue earned by DTI from the Bell operating company in whose territory the messages are billed via CATS, less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05), on behalf of DTI. BellSouth will remit the revenue billed by DTI to the Bell operating company in whose territory the messages originated, less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05), on behalf on DTI. These two amounts will be netted together by BellSouth and the resulting charge or credit issued to DTI via a monthly CABS miscellaneous bill.
- 3.18.7 BellSouth will collect the revenue earned by DTI within the BellSouth territory from another CLEC also within the BellSouth territory (NICS) where the messages are billed, less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05), on behalf of DTI. BellSouth will remit the revenue billed by DTI within the BellSouth region to the CLEC also within the BellSouth region, where the messages originated, less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents

(\$0.05). These two amounts will be netted together by BellSouth and the resulting charge or credit issued to DTI via a monthly CABS miscellaneous bill.

- 3.18.8 BellSouth and DTI agree that monthly netted amounts of less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) will not be settled.

4. OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE

- 4.1 Upon written request from DTI, BellSouth will provide the Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF) service to DTI pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in this section.
- 4.2 DTI shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of ODUF.
- 4.3 The ODUF feed will contain billable messages that were carried over the BellSouth Network and processed in the BellSouth Billing System, but billed to a DTI customer.
- 4.4 Charges for ODUF will appear on DTI's monthly bills for the previous month's usage. The charges are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment. DTI will be billed at the ODUF rates that are in effect at the end of the previous month.
- 4.5 The ODUF feed will contain both rated and unrated messages. All messages will be in the standard Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS) EMI record format.
- 4.6 Messages that error in the billing system of DTI will be the responsibility of DTI. If, however, DTI should encounter significant volumes of errored messages that prevent processing by DTI within its systems, BellSouth will work with DTI to determine the source of the errors and the appropriate resolution.
- 4.7 The following specifications shall apply to the ODUF feed.
- 4.7.1 ODUF Messages to be Transmitted
- 4.7.1.1 The following messages recorded by BellSouth will be transmitted to DTI:
- 4.7.1.1.1 Message recording for per use/per activation type services (examples:
Three-Way Calling, Verify, Interrupt, Call Return, etc.)
- 4.7.1.1.2 Measured billable Local
- 4.7.1.1.3 Directory Assistance messages
- 4.7.1.1.4 IntraLATA Toll
- 4.7.1.1.5 WATS and 800 Service
- 4.7.1.1.6 N11
- 4.7.1.1.7 Information Service Provider Messages
- 4.7.1.1.8 Operator Services Messages
- 4.7.1.1.9 Operator Services Message Attempted Calls (Network Element only)

- 4.7.1.1.10 Credit/Cancel Records
- 4.7.1.1.11 Usage for Voice Mail Message Service
- 4.7.1.2 Rated Incollects (messages BellSouth receives from other revenue accounting offices) can also be on ODUF. Rated Incollects will be intermingled with BellSouth recorded rated and unrated usage. Rated Incollects will not be packed separately.
- 4.7.1.3 BellSouth will perform duplicate record checks on records processed to ODUF. Any duplicate messages detected will be deleted and not sent to DTI.
- 4.7.1.4 In the event that DTI detects a duplicate on ODUF they receive from BellSouth, DTI will drop the duplicate message and will not return the duplicate to BellSouth.
- 4.7.2 ODUF Physical File Characteristics
 - 4.7.2.1 ODUF will be distributed to DTI via CONNECT:Direct, Secure FTP or another mutually agreed medium. The ODUF feed will be a variable block format. The data on the ODUF feed will be in a non-compacted EMI format (175 byte format plus modules). It will be created on a daily basis Monday through Friday except holidays. Details such as dataset name and delivery schedule will be addressed during negotiations of the distribution medium. There will be a maximum of one dataset per workday per OCN.
 - 4.7.2.2 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) will be required between BellSouth and DTI for the purpose of data transmission as set forth in Section 3.10.1 above.
 - 4.7.2.3 If DTI utilizes Secure FTP for data file transmission, purchase of the Secure FTP software will be the responsibility of DTI.
- 4.7.3 ODUF Packing Specifications
 - 4.7.3.1 A pack will contain a minimum of one message record or a maximum of 99,999 message records plus a pack header record and a pack trailer record. One transmission can contain a maximum of 99 packs and a minimum of one pack.
 - 4.7.3.2 The OCN, From RAO, and Invoice Number will control the invoice sequencing. The From RAO will be used to identify to DTI which BellSouth RAO that is sending the message. BellSouth and DTI will use the invoice sequencing to control data exchange. BellSouth will be notified of sequence failures identified by DTI and resend the data as appropriate.

The data will be packed using ATIS EMI records.
- 4.7.4 ODUF Pack Rejection. DTI will notify BellSouth within one business day of rejected packs (via the mutually agreed medium). Packs could be rejected because of pack sequencing discrepancies or a critical edit failure on the Pack Header or Pack Trailer records (i.e. out-of-balance condition on grand totals, invalid data

populated). Standard ATIS EMI error codes will be used. DTI will not be required to return the actual rejected data to BellSouth. Rejected packs will be corrected and retransmitted to DTI by BellSouth.

- 4.7.5 ODUF Control Data. DTI will send one confirmation record per pack that is received from BellSouth. This confirmation record will indicate DTI's receipt of the pack and acceptance or rejection of the pack. Pack Status Code(s) will be populated using standard ATIS EMI error codes for packs that were rejected by DTI for reasons stated in the above section.
- 4.7.6 ODUF Testing. Upon request from DTI, BellSouth shall send ODUF test files to DTI. The Parties agree to review and discuss the ODUF content and/or format. For testing of usage results, BellSouth shall request that DTI set up a production (live) file. The live test may consist of DTI's employees making test calls for the types of services DTI requests on ODUF. These test calls are logged by DTI, and the logs are provided to BellSouth. These logs will be used to verify the files. Testing will be completed within 30 calendar days from the date on which the initial test file was sent.

5. ACCESS DAILY USAGE FILE

- 5.1 Upon written request from DTI, BellSouth will provide the Access Daily Usage File (ADUF) service to DTI pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in this section.
- 5.2 DTI shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of ADUF.
- 5.3 ADUF will contain access messages associated with a port that DTI has purchased from BellSouth
- 5.4 Charges for ADUF will appear on DTI's monthly bills for the previous month's usage. The charges are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment. DTI will be billed at the ADUF rates that are in effect at the end of the previous month.
- 5.5 Messages that error in the billing system of DTI will be the responsibility of DTI. If, however, DTI should encounter significant volumes of errored messages that prevent processing by DTI within its systems, BellSouth will work with DTI to determine the source of the errors and the appropriate resolution.
- 5.6 ADUF Messages To Be Transmitted
 - 5.6.1 The following messages recorded by BellSouth will be transmitted to DTI:
 - 5.6.1.1 Recorded originating and terminating interstate and intrastate access records associated with a port.

- 5.6.1.2 Recorded terminating access records for undetermined jurisdiction access records associated with a port.
- 5.6.2 BellSouth will perform duplicate record checks on records processed to ADUF. Any duplicate messages detected will be dropped and not sent to DTI.
- 5.6.3 In the event that DTI detects a duplicate on ADUF they receive from BellSouth, DTI will drop the duplicate message and will not return the duplicate to BellSouth.
- 5.6.4 ADUF Physical File Characteristics
 - 5.6.4.1 ADUF will be distributed to DTI via CONNECT:Direct, Secure FTP or another mutually agreed medium. The ADUF feed will be a fixed block format. The data on the ADUF feed will be in a non-compacted EMI format (210 byte). It will be created on a daily basis Monday through Friday except holidays. Details such as dataset name and delivery schedule will be addressed during negotiations of the distribution medium. There will be a maximum of one dataset per workday per OCN.
 - 5.6.4.2 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) will be required between BellSouth and DTI for the purpose of data transmission as set forth in Section 3.10.1 above.
 - 5.6.4.3 If DTI utilizes Secure FTP for data file transmission, purchase of the Secure FTP software will be the responsibility of DTI.
- 5.6.5 ADUF Packing Specifications
 - 5.6.5.1 A pack will contain a minimum of one message record or a maximum of 99,999 message records plus a pack header record and a pack trailer record. One transmission can contain a maximum of 99 packs and a minimum of one pack.
 - 5.6.5.2 The OCN, From RAO, and Invoice Number will control the invoice sequencing. The From RAO will be used to identify to DTI which BellSouth RAO is sending the message. BellSouth and DTI will use the invoice sequencing to control data exchange. BellSouth will be notified of sequence failures identified by DTI and resend the data as appropriate.

The data will be packed using ATIS EMI records.
- 5.6.6 ADUF Pack Rejection. DTI will notify BellSouth within one business day of rejected packs (via the mutually agreed medium). Packs could be rejected because of pack sequencing discrepancies or a critical edit failure on the Pack Header or Pack Trailer records (i.e. out-of-balance condition on grand totals, invalid data populated). Standard ATIS EMI error codes will be used. DTI will not be required to return the actual rejected data to BellSouth. Rejected packs will be corrected and retransmitted to DTI by BellSouth.

- 5.6.7 ADUF Control Data. DTI will send one confirmation record per pack that is received from BellSouth. This confirmation record will indicate DTI's receipt of the pack and acceptance or rejection of the pack. Pack Status Code(s) will be populated using standard ATIS EMI error codes for packs that were rejected by DTI for reasons stated in the above section.
- 5.6.8 ADUF Testing. Upon request from DTI, BellSouth shall send a test file of generic data to DTI via Connect:Direct or Text File via E-Mail. The Parties agree to review and discuss the test file's content and/or format.
- 6. ENHANCED OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (EODUF)**
- 6.1 Upon written request from DTI, BellSouth will provide the Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF) service to DTI pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in this section. EODUF will only be sent to existing ODUF subscribers who request the EODUF option.
- 6.2 DTI shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of EODUF.
- 6.3 EODUF will provide usage data for local calls originating from resold Flat Rate Business and Residential Lines.
- 6.4 Charges for delivery of EODUF will appear on DTI's monthly bills for the previous month's usage. The charges are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment. DTI will be billed at the EODUF rates that are in effect at the end of the previous month.
- 6.5 All messages will be in the standard Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS) EMI record format.
- 6.6 Messages that error in the billing system of DTI will be the responsibility of DTI. If, however, DTI should encounter significant volumes of errored messages that prevent processing by DTI within its systems, BellSouth will work with DTI to determine the source of the errors and the appropriate resolution.
- 6.7 The following specifications shall apply to the EODUF feed.
- 6.7.1 Usage To Be Transmitted
- 6.7.1.1 The following messages recorded by BellSouth will be transmitted to DTI:
- 6.7.1.1.1 Customer usage data for flat rated local call originating from DTI's End User lines (1FB or 1FR). The EODUF record for flat rate messages will include:
- 6.7.1.1.1.1 Date of Call
- 6.7.1.1.1.2 From Number
- 6.7.1.1.1.3 To Number

- 6.7.1.1.1.4 Connect Time
- 6.7.1.1.1.5 Conversation Time
- 6.7.1.1.1.6 Method of Recording
- 6.7.1.1.1.7 From RAO
- 6.7.1.1.1.8 Rate Class
- 6.7.1.1.1.9 Message Type
- 6.7.1.1.1.10 Billing Indicators
- 6.7.1.1.1.11 Bill to Number
- 6.7.1.2 BellSouth will perform duplicate record checks on EODUF records processed to ODUF. Any duplicate messages detected will be deleted and not sent to DTI.
- 6.7.1.3 In the event that DTI detects a duplicate on EODUF they receive from BellSouth, DTI will drop the duplicate message (DTI will not return the duplicate to BellSouth).
- 6.7.2 Physical File Characteristics
 - 6.7.2.1 The EODUF feed will be distributed to DTI over their existing ODUF feed. EODUF messages will be intermingled among DTI's ODUF messages. EODUF will be a variable block format (2476) with an LRECL of 2472. The data on EODUF will be in a non-compacted EMI format (175 byte format plus modules). It will be created on a daily basis (Monday through Friday except holidays).
 - 6.7.2.2 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) may be required between BellSouth and DTI for the purpose of data transmission. Where a dedicated line is required, DTI will be responsible for ordering the circuit, overseeing its installation and coordinating the installation with BellSouth. DTI will also be responsible for any charges associated with this line. Equipment required on the BellSouth end to attach the line to the mainframe computer and to transmit successfully ongoing will be negotiated on an individual case basis. Where a dial-up facility is required, dial circuits will be installed in the BellSouth data center by BellSouth and the associated charges assessed to DTI. Additionally, all message toll charges associated with the use of the dial circuit by DTI will be the responsibility of DTI. Associated equipment on the BellSouth end, including a modem, will be negotiated on an individual case basis between the Parties. All equipment, including modems and software, that is required on DTI's end for the purpose of data transmission will be the responsibility of DTI.
- 6.7.3 Packing Specifications
 - 6.7.3.1 A pack will contain a minimum of one message record or a maximum of 99,999 message records plus a pack header record and a pack trailer record. One transmission can contain a maximum of 99 packs and a minimum of one pack.
 - 6.7.3.2 The OCN, From Revenue Accounting Office (RAO), and Invoice Number will control the invoice sequencing. The From RAO will be used to identify to DTI

which BellSouth RAO is sending the message. BellSouth and DTI will use the invoice sequencing to control data exchange. BellSouth will be notified of sequence failures identified by DTI and resend the data as appropriate.

6.7.3.3 The data will be packed using ATIS EMI records.

ODUF/ADUF/EODUF/CMDS - Tennessee											Attachment: 7		Exhibit: A			
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS					Interim	Zone	BCS	USOC	RATES (\$)	Svc Order Submitted Elec per LSR	Svc Order Submitted Manually per LSR	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic-1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic-Add'l	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic-Disc 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic-Disc Add'l

Attachment 8

Rights-of-Way, Conduits and Pole Attachments

Rights-of-Way, Conduits and Pole Attachments

BellSouth will provide nondiscriminatory access to any pole, duct, conduit, or right-of-way owned or controlled by BellSouth pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 224, as amended by the Act, pursuant to terms and conditions of a license agreement subsequently negotiated with BellSouth's Competitive Structure Provisioning Center.

Attachment 9

Performance Measurements

PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS

Upon a particular Commission's issuance of an Order pertaining to Performance Measurements in a proceeding expressly applicable to all CLECs generally, BellSouth shall implement in that state such Performance Measurements as of the date specified by the Commission. Performance Measurements that have been Ordered in a particular state can currently be accessed via the internet at <https://pmap.bellsouth.com>. The following Service Quality Measurements (SQM) plan adopted by the Florida Commission on February 14, 2002, as it presently exists and as it may be modified in the future, is being included as the performance measurements currently in place for the state of Tennessee. At such time that the TRA issues a subsequent Order pertaining to Performance Measurements, such Performance Measurements shall supersede the SQM contained in the Agreement.

BellSouth Service Quality Measurement Plan (SQM)

Tennessee Performance Metrics

**Measurement Descriptions
Version 1.00**

Issue Date: December 1, 2002

Introduction

The BellSouth Service Quality Measurement Plan (SQM) describes in detail the measurements produced to evaluate the quality of service delivered to BellSouth's customers both wholesale and retail. The SQM was developed to respond to the requirements of the Communications Act of 1996 Section 251 (96 Act) which required BellSouth to provide non-discriminatory access to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLEC)¹ and their Retail Customers. The reports produced by the SQM provide regulators, CLECs and BellSouth the information necessary to monitor the delivery of non-discriminatory access.

This plan results from the many divergent forces evolving from the 96 Act. The 96 Act, the Georgia Public Service Commission (GPSC) Order (Docket 7892-U 12/30/97), LCUG 1-7.0, the FCC's NPRM (CC Docket 98-56 RM9101 04/17/98), the Louisiana Public Service Commission (LPSC) Order (Docket U-22252 Subdocket C 04/19/98), the Florida Public Service Commission Order (Docket 000121-TP), numerous arbitration cases, LPSC sponsored collaborative workshops (10/98-02/00), and proceedings in Alabama, Mississippi, and North Carolina have and continue to influence the SQM.

The SQM and the reports flowing from it must change to reflect the dynamic requirements of the industry. New measurements are added as new products, systems, and processes are developed and fielded. New products and services are added as the markets for them develop and the processes stabilize. The measurements are also changed to reflect changes in systems, correct errors, and respond to both 3rd Party audit requirements and the Tennessee Regulatory Authority.

This document is intended for use by someone with knowledge of telecommunications industry, information technologies and a functional knowledge of the subject areas covered by the BellSouth Performance Measurements and the reports that flow from them.

Once it is approved, the most current copy of this document can be found on the web at URL: <http://pmap.bellsouth.com> in the Documentation/Exhibits folder.

Report Publication Dates

Each month, preliminary SQM reports will be posted to BellSouth's SQM web site (<http://pmap.bellsouth.com>) by 8:00 A.M. EST on the 21st day of each month or the first business day after the 21st. The validated SQM reports will be posted by 8:00 A.M. on the last day of the month. Reports not posted by this time will be considered late for SEEM payment purposes. Validated SEEM reports will be posted on the 15th of the following month. SEEM payments due will also be paid on the 15th of the following month. For instance: May data will be posted in preliminary SQM reports on June 21. Final validated SQM reports will be posted on the last day of the month. Final validated SEEM reports will be posted and payments mailed on the 15th of the following month. BellSouth shall retain the performance measurement raw data files for a period of 18 months and further retain the monthly reports produced in PMAP for a period of three years.

1. Alternative Local Exchange Companies (ALEC) and Competing Local Providers (CLP) are referred to as Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLEC) in this document.

Report Delivery Methods

CLEC SQM and SEEM reports will be considered delivered when posted to the web site. The Tennessee Regulatory Authority has access to the web site. In addition, a copy of the Monthly State Summary reports will be filed with the TRA as soon as possible after the last day of each month.

Contents

Section 1: Operations Support Systems (OSS)

OSS-1:	Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering/Ordering) - - - - -	1-1
OSS-2:	Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering/Ordering) - - - - -	1-5
OSS-3:	Interface Availability (Maintenance & Repair) - - - - -	1-8
OSS-4:	Response Interval (Maintenance & Repair) - - - - -	1-10
PO-1:	Loop Makeup - Response Time – Manual - - - - -	1-12
PO-2:	Loop Make Up - Response Time - Electronic - - - - -	1-14

Section 2: Ordering

O-1:	Acknowledgement Message Timeliness- - - - -	2-1
O-2:	Acknowledgement Message Completeness - - - - -	2-3
O-3:	Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Summary) - - - - -	2-5
O-4:	Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Detail) - - - - -	2-8
O-5:	Flow-Through Error Analysis - - - - -	2-11
O-6:	CLEC LSR Information - - - - -	2-13
•	LSR Flow Through Matrix - - - - -	2-15
O-7:	Percent Rejected Service Requests - - - - -	2-18
O-8:	Reject Interval - - - - -	2-20
O-9:	Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness - - - - -	2-24
O-10:	Service Inquiry with LSR Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) Response Time Manual - - - - -	2-27
O-11:	Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Response Completeness- - - - -	2-29
O-12:	Speed of Answer in Ordering Center- - - - -	2-31

Section 3: Provisioning

P-1:	Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals - - - - -	3-1
P-2:	Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices - - - - -	3-4
P-3:	Percent Missed Initial Installation Appointments- - - - -	3-7
P-3A:	Percent Missed Installation Appointments Including Subsequent Appointments- - - - -	3-10
P-4:	Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution - - - - -	3-13
P-4A:	Average Order Completion and Completion Notice Interval (AOCCNI) Distribution - - - - -	3-16
P-5:	Average Completion Notice Interval - - - - -	3-20
P-6:	% Completions/Attempts without Notice or < 24 hours Notice - - - - -	3-23
P-7:	Coordinated Customer Conversions Interval- - - - -	3-25
P-7A:	Coordinated Customer Conversions – Hot Cut Timeliness % Within Interval and Average Interval - - - - -	3-27
P-7B:	Coordinated Customer Conversions – Average Recovery Time - - - - -	3-29
P-7C:	Hot Cut Conversions - % Provisioning Troubles Received Within 7 days of a completed Service Order - - - - -	3-31
P-8:	Cooperative Acceptance Testing - % of xDSL Loops Successfully Tested - - - - -	3-33
P-9:	% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion - - - - -	3-35
P-10:	Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT) - - - - -	3-38
P-11:	Service Order Accuracy - - - - -	3-41
P-12:	LNP-Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval & Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution - - - - -	3-43

Section 4: Maintenance & Repair

M&R-1:	Missed Repair Appointments - - - - -	4-1
M&R-2:	Customer Trouble Report Rate - - - - -	4-4

M&R-3: Maintenance Average Duration	4-7
M&R-4: Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days	4-10
M&R-5: Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours	4-13
M&R-6: Average Answer Time – Repair Centers	4-16
M&R-7: Mean Time To Notify CLEC of Network Outages	4-17

Section 5: Billing

B-1: Invoice Accuracy	5-1
B-2: Mean Time to Deliver Invoices	5-3
B-3: Usage Data Delivery Accuracy	5-5
B-4: Usage Data Delivery Completeness	5-7
B-5: Usage Data Delivery Timeliness	5-9
B-6: Mean Time to Deliver Usage	5-11
B-7: Recurring Charge Completeness	5-13
B-8: Non-Recurring Charge Completeness	5-14
B-9: Percent Daily Usage Feed Errors Corrected in X Business Days	5-15
B-10: Percent Billing Errors Corrected in X Days	5-17

Section 6: Operator Services And Directory Assistance

OS-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Toll	6-1
OS-2: Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered with “X” Seconds – Toll	6-3
DA-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA)	6-4
DA-2: Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within “X” Seconds – Directory Assistance (DA)	6-5

Section 7: Database Update Information

D-1: Average Database Update Interval	7-1
D-2: Percent Database Update Accuracy	7-3
D-3: Percent NXXs and LRNs Loaded by the LERG Effective Date	7-5

Section 8: E911

E-1: Timeliness	8-1
E-2: Accuracy	8-3
E-3: Mean Interval	8-4

Section 9: Trunk Group Performance

TGP-1: Trunk Group Performance-Aggregate	9-1
TGP-2: Trunk Group Performance – CLEC Specific	9-3

Section 10: Collocation

C-1: Collocation Average Response Time	10-1
C-2: Collocation Average Arrangement Time	10-3
C-3: Collocation Percent of Due Dates Missed	10-5

Section 11: Change Management

CM-1: Timeliness of Change Management Notices	11-1
CM-2: Change Management Notice Average Delay Days	11-3
CM-3: Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change	11-4
CM-4: Change Management Documentation Average Delay Days	11-5
CM-5: Notification of CLEC Interface Outages	11-7

Appendix A: Reporting Scope**A-1**

A-1: Standard Service Groupings	A-1
A-2: Standard Service Order Activities	A-1

Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms	B-1
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Appendix C: BellSouth Audit Policy	C-1
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C-1:	BellSouth's Internal Audit Policy - - - - -	C-1
C-2:	BellSouth's External Audit Policy - - - - -	C-1

Section 1: Operations Support Systems (OSS)

OSS-1: Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

Definition

Average response time and response intervals are the average times and number of requests responded to within certain intervals for accessing legacy data associated with appointment scheduling, service & feature availability, address verification, request for Telephone numbers (TNs), and Customer Service Records (CSRs).

Exclusions

Syntactically incorrect queries.

Business Rules

The average response time for retrieving pre-order/order information from a given legacy system is determined by summing the response times for all requests submitted to the legacy systems during the reporting period and dividing by the total number of legacy system requests for that month.

The date/time stamp shall begin when BST receives a query at the BellSouth Gateway and shall end when the query is transmitted from the BST Gateway (applies to both TAG and LENS). For BellSouth, the response interval starts when the client application (RNS or ROS) submits a request to the legacy system and ends when the appropriate response is returned to the client application. The number of accesses to the legacy systems during the reporting period which take less than 2.3 seconds, the number of accesses which take more than 6 seconds, and the number which are less than or equal to 6.3 seconds are also captured.

Calculation

Response Time = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time of Legacy Response
- b = Date & Time of Legacy Request

Average Response Time = c ÷ d

- c = Sum of Response Times
- d = Number of Legacy Requests During the Reporting Period

Report Structure

- Interface Type
- Not CLEC Specific
- Not product/service specific
- Regional Level

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)• Response Interval• Regional Scope	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)• Response Interval• Regional Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RSAG – Address (Regional Street Address Guide-Address) – stores street address information used to validate customer addresses. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system. • RSAG – TN (Regional Street Address Guide-Telephone number) – contains information about facilities available and telephone numbers working at a given address. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system. • ATLAS (Application for Telephone Number Load Administration and Selection) – acts as a warehouse for storing telephone numbers that are available for assignment by the system. It enables CLECs and BellSouth service reps to select and reserve telephone numbers. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system. • COFFI (Central Office Feature File Interface) – stores information about product and service offerings and availability. CLECs query this legacy system. • DSAP (DOE Support Application) – provides due date information. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system. • CRIS (Customer Record Information System) – Source of CSR (Customer Service Record) information. Contains information about individual customers including listings, addresses, features, services, etc. CLECs and BellSouth can query for CSR information. • P/SIMS (Product/Services Inventory Management system) – provides information on capacity, tariffs, inventory and service availability. CLECs query this legacy system. • OASIS (Obtain Available Services Information Systems) – Information on feature and rate availability. BellSouth queries this legacy system. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parity + 2 seconds

OSS-1: Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

Table 1: Legacy System Access Times For RNS

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	≤ 6.3 sec.	Avg. Sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAP-DDI	Schedule	x	x	x	x	x
CRIS	CRSACCTS	CSR	x	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISCAR	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISLPC	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISMTN	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISBIG	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x

Table 2: Legacy System Access Times For R0S

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	≤6.3 sec.	Avg. sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x	x

Table 2: Legacy System Access Times For R0S

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	≤6.3 sec.	Avg. sec.	# of Calls
DSAP	DSAP-DDI	Schedule	x	x	x	x	x
CRIS	CRSOCSR	CSR	x	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISBIG	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x

Table 3: Legacy System Access Times For LENS

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	≤6.3 sec.	Avg. sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAP	Schedule	x	x	x	x	x
CRIS	CRSECSRL	CSR	x	x	x	x	x
COFFI	COFFI/USOC	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x
P/SIMS	PSIMS/ORB	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x

Table 4: Legacy System Access Times For TAG

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	≤6.3 sec.	Avg. sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-MLH	TN	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-DID	TN	x	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAP-DDI	Schedule	x	x	x	x	x
CRIS	TAG-CSR	CSR	x	x	x	x	x
P/SIMS	PSIM/ORB	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

Note: CLEC specific data is not available in this measure. Queries of this sort do not have company specific signatures.

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RSAG – Address (Regional Street Address Guide-Address) – stores street address information used to validate customer addresses. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system. • RSAG – TN (Regional Street Address Guide-Telephone number) – contains information about facilities available and telephone numbers working at a given address. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system. • ATLAS (Application for Telephone Number Load Administration and Selection) – acts as a warehouse for storing telephone numbers that are available for assignment by the system. It enables CLECs and BellSouth service reps to select and reserve telephone numbers. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system. • COFFI (Central Office Feature File Interface) – stores information about product and service offerings and availability. CLECs query this legacy system. • DSAP (DOE Support Application) – provides due date information. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system. • CRIS (Customer Record Information System) – Source of CSR (Customer Service Record) information. Contains information about individual customers including listings, addresses, features, services, etc. CLECs and BellSouth can query for CSR information. • P/SIMS (Product/Services Inventory Management system) – provides information on capacity, tariffs, inventory and service availability. CLECs query this legacy system. • OASIS (Obtain Available Services Information Systems) – Information on feature and rate availability. BellSouth queries this legacy system. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parity + 2 Seconds

OSS-1: Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

SEEM OSS Legacy Systems

System	BellSouth	CLEC
Telephone Number/Address		
RSAG-ADDR	RNS, ROS	TAG, LENS
RSAG-TN	RNS, ROS	TAG, LENS
Atlas	RNS,ROS	TAG, LENS
Appointment Scheduling		
DSAP	RNS, ROS	TAG, LENS
CSR Data		
CRSACCTS	RNS	
CRSOCSR	ROS	
CRSECSRL		LENS
TAG-CSR		TAG
Service/Feature Availability		
OASISBIG	RNS, ROS	
PSIMS/ORB, COFFI		LENS, TAG

OSS-2: Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

Definition

Percent of time OSS interface is functionally available compared to scheduled availability. Availability percentages for CLEC interface systems and for all Legacy systems accessed by them are captured. ("Functional Availability" is the amount of time in hours during the reporting period that the legacy systems are available to users. The planned System Scheduled Availability is the time in hours per day that the legacy system is scheduled to be available.)

Scheduled availability is posted on the ICS Operations internet site: (www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/oss/osshour.html)

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

This measurement captures the functional availability of applications/interfaces as a percentage of scheduled availability for the same systems. Only full outages are included in the calculation for this measure. Full outages are defined as occurrences of either of the following:

- Application/Interface application is down or totally inoperative.
- Application is totally inoperative for customers attempting to access or use the application. This includes transport outages when they may be directly associated with a specific application.

Comparison to an internal benchmark provides a vehicle for determining whether or not CLECs and retail BellSouth entities are given comparable opportunities for use of pre-ordering and ordering systems.

(Note: Scheduled maintenance will not be performed between the hours of 8:00 a.m through 9:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.)

Calculation

Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering/Ordering) = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Functional Availability
- b = Scheduled Availability

Report Structure

- Interface Type
- Not CLEC Specific
- Not product/service specific
- Regional Level

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Legacy Contract Type (per reporting dimension)• Regional Scope• Hours of Downtime	Report Month <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Legacy Contract Type (per reporting dimension)• Regional Scope• Hours of Downtime

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Regional Level	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• $\geq 99.5\%$

OSS Interface Availability

OSS Interface	Applicable to	% Availability
EDI	CLEC	x
LENS	CLEC	x
LEO	CLEC	x
LESOG	CLEC	x
PSIMS	CLEC	x
TAG	CLEC	x
LNP Gateway	CLEC	x
COG	CLEC	x
SOG	CLEC	x
DOM	CLEC	x
DOE	CLEC/BellSouth	x
CRIS	CLEC/BellSouth	x
ATLAS/COFFI	CLEC/BellSouth	x
BOCRIS	CLEC/BellSouth	x
DSAP	CLEC/BellSouth	x
RSAG	CLEC/BellSouth	x
SOCS	CLEC/BellSouth	x
SONGS	CLEC/BellSouth	x
RNS	BellSouth	x
ROS	BellSouth	x

OSS-2: Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Regional Level	• ≥ 99.5%

SEEM OSS Interface Availability

OSS Interface	Applicable to	% Availability
EDI	CLEC	x
LENS	CLEC	x
LEO	CLEC	x
LESOG	CLEC	x
PSIMS	CLEC	x

OSS Interface	Applicable to	% Availability
TAG	CLEC	x
LNP Gateway	CLEC	x
COG	CLEC	x
SOG	CLEC	x
DOM	CLEC	x

OSS-3: Interface Availability (Maintenance & Repair)

Definition

This measures the percentage of time the OSS Interface is functionally available compared to scheduled availability. Availability percentage for the CLEC and BellSouth interface systems and for the legacy systems accessed by them are captured.

Scheduled availability is posted on the ICS Operations internet site: (www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/oss/osshour.html)

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

This measure is designed to compare the OSS availability versus scheduled availability of BellSouth's legacy systems.

Note: Only full outages are used in the calculation of Application Availability. A full outage is incurred when any of the following circumstances exists:

- The application or system is down.
- The application or system is inaccessible, for any reason, by the customers who normally access the application or system.
- More than one work center cannot access the application or system for any reason.
- When only one work center accesses an application or system and 40% or more of the clients in that work center cannot access the application.
- When 40% of the functions the clients normally perform or 40% of the functionality that is normally provided by an application or system is unavailable.

(Note: Scheduled maintenance will not be performed between the hours of 8:00 a.m through 9:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.)

Calculation

OSS Interface Availability $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Functional Availability
- b = Scheduled Availability

Report Structure

- Interface Type
- Not CLEC Specific
- Not product/service specific
- Regional Level

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Availability of CLEC TAFI• Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH, SOCS, CRIS, PREDICTOR, LNP and OSPCLM• ECTA	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Availability of BellSouth TAFI• Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH, SOCS, CRIS, PREDICTOR, LNP and OSPCLM

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Regional Level	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• $\geq 99.5\%$

OSS Interface Availability (M&R)

OSS Interface	% Availability
BellSouth TAFI	X
CLEC TAFI	X
CLEC ECTA	X
BellSouth & CLEC	X
CRIS	X
LMOS HOST	X
LNP	X
MARCH	X
OSPCM	X
PREDICTOR	X
SOCS	X

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Regional Level	• ≥ 99.5%

OSS Interface Availability (M&R)

OSS Interface	% Availability
CLEC TAFI	X
CLEC ECTA	X

OSS-4: Response Interval (Maintenance & Repair)

Definition

The response intervals are determined by subtracting the time a request is received on the BellSouth side of the interface from the time the response is received from the legacy system. Percentages of requests falling into each interval category are reported, along with the actual number of requests falling into those categories.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

This measure is designed to monitor the time required for the CLEC and BellSouth interface system to obtain from BellSouth's legacy systems the information required to handle maintenance and repair functions. The clock starts on the date and time when the request is received on the BellSouth side of the interface and the clock stops when the response has been transmitted through that same point to the requester.

Note: The OSS Response Interval BellSouth Total Report is a combination of BellSouth Residence and Business Total.

Calculation

OSS Response Interval = (a - b)

- a = Query Response Date and Time
- b = Query Request Date and Time

Percent Response Interval (per category) = (c ÷ d) X 100

- c = Number of Response Intervals in category "X"
- d = Number of Queries Submitted in the Reporting Period

where, "X" is ≤ 4, > 4 ≤ 10, ≤ 10, > 10, or > 30 seconds.

Average Interval = (e ÷ f)

- e = Sum of Response Intervals
- f = Number of Queries Submitted in the Reporting Period

Report Structure

- Not CLEC Specific
- Not product/service specific
- Regional Level

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
• CLEC Transaction Intervals	• BellSouth Business and Residential Transactions Intervals

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Regional Level	• Average Interval

Legacy System Access Times for M&R

System	BellSouth & CLEC	Count					
		≤ 4	> 4 ≤ 10	≤ 10	> 10	> 30	Avg. Int.
CRIS	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
DLETH	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
DLR	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
LMOS	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
LMOSupd	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
LNP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
MARCH	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
OSPCM	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Predictor	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
SOCS	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
NIW	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

OSS-4: Response Interval (Maintenance & Repair)

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• Average Interval

PO-1: Loop Makeup - Response Time – Manual

Definition

This report measures the average interval and percent within the interval from the submission of a Manual Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) to the distribution of Loop Makeup information back to the CLEC.

Exclusions

- Inquiries, which are submitted electronically.
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- Weekends are excluded from the interval calculation.
- Canceled Inquiries

Business Rules

The CLEC Manual Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) process includes inquiries submitted via mail or FAX to BellSouth's Complex Resale Support Group (CRSG)

This measurement combines three intervals:

1. From receipt of a valid Service Inquiry for Loop Makeup to hand off to the Service Advocacy Center (SAC) for "Look-up."
2. From SAC start date to SAC complete date
3. From SAC complete date to date the Complex Resale Support Group (CRSG) distributes loop makeup information back to the CLEC.

The "Receive Date" is defined as the date the Manual LMUSI is received by the CRSG. It is counted as day Zero. LMU "Return Date" is defined as the date the LMU information is sent back to the CLEC from BellSouth. The interval calculation is reset to Zero when a CLEC initiated change occurs on the Manual LMU request.

Note: The Loop Make Up Service Inquiry Form does not require the CLEC to furnish the type of Loop. The CLEC determines whether the loop makeup will support the type of service they wish to order or not and qualifies the loop. If the loop makeup will support the service, a firm order LSR is submitted by the CLEC.

(A valid Service Inquiry is an inquiry that has all required fields populated correctly and has not been returned for clarification.)

Calculation

Response Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date the LMUSI returned to CLEC
- b = Date the LMUSI is received

Average Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Response Intervals
- d = Total Number of LMUSIs received within the reporting period

Percent within interval = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total LMUSIs received within the interval
- f = Total Number of LMUSIs processed within the reporting period

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
 - State
 - Region
- Interval for manual LMUs:
 - 0 – ≤ 1 day
 - >1 – ≤ 2 days
 - >2 – ≤ 3 days

0 - ≤ 3 days

>3 - ≤ 6 days

>6 - ≤ 10 days

> 10 days

- Average Interval in days

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Number of Inquiries • SI Intervals • State and Region 	

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loops 	Benchmark <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 95% ≤ 3 Business Days

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loops 	Benchmark <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 95% ≤ 3 Business Days

PO-2: Loop Make Up - Response Time - Electronic

Definition

This report measures the average interval and the percent within the interval from the electronic submission of a Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) to the distribution of Loop Makeup information back to the CLEC.

Exclusions

- Manually submitted inquiries.
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- Canceled Requests.

Business Rules

The response interval starts when the CLEC's Mechanized Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) is submitted electronically through the Operational Support Systems interface, LENS, TAG or RoboTAG. It ends when BellSouth's Loop Facility Assignment and Control System (LFACS) responds electronically to the CLEC with the requested Loop Makeup data via LENS, TAG or RoboTAG Interfaces.

Note: The Loop Make Up Service Inquiry Form does not require the CLEC to furnish the type of Loop. The CLEC determines whether the loop makeup will support the type of service they wish to order or not and qualifies the loop. If the loop makeup will support the service, a firm order LSR is submitted by the CLEC. EDI is not a pre-ordering system, and, therefore, is not applicable in this measure.

Calculation

Response Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time the LMUSI returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time the LMUSI is received

Average Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all response intervals
- d = Total Number of LMUSIs received within the reporting period

Percent within interval = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total LMUSIs received within the interval
- f = Total Number of LMUSIs processed within the reporting period

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
 - State
 - Region
- Interval for electronic LMUs:
 - 0 – ≤ 1 minute
 - >1 – ≤ 5 minutes
 - 0 - ≤ 5 minutes
 - > 5 – ≤ 8 minutes
 - > 8 – ≤ 15 minutes
 - > 15 minutes
- Average Interval in minutes

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Legacy Contract• Response Interval• Regional Scope	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loop	Benchmark <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 95% ≤ 1 Minute

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loop	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 95% ≤ 1 Minute

Section 2: Ordering

O-1: Acknowledgement Message Timeliness

Definition

This measurement provides the response interval from the time a Message/LSR is electronically submitted via EDI or TAG until an acknowledgement notice is sent by the system.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The process includes EDI & TAG system functional acknowledgements for all Local Service Requests (LSRs) which are electronically submitted by the CLEC. The start time is the receipt time of the LSR at BellSouth's side of the interface (gateway). The end time is when the acknowledgement is transmitted by BellSouth at BellSouth's side of the interface (gateway). For those CLECs using EDI, if more than one CLEC uses the same ordering center, an Acknowledgement Message will be returned to the "Aggregator", however, BellSouth will not be able to determine which specific CLEC this message represented.

Calculation

Response Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time Acknowledgement Notices returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time Messages/LSRs electronically submitted by the CLEC via EDI or TAG respectively

Average Response Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Response Intervals
- d = Total number of electronically submitted Messages/LSRs received, via EDI or TAG respectively, in the Reporting Period.

Reporting Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
 - Region
- Electronically Submitted LSRs
 - 0 – ≤10 minutes
 - > 10 – ≤20 minutes
 - > 20 – ≤30 minutes
 - 0 – ≤ 30 minutes
 - > 30 – ≤45 minutes
 - > 45 – ≤60 minutes
 - > 60 – ≤120 minutes
 - > 120 minutes
- Average interval for electronically submitted LSRs in minutes

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Record of Functional Acknowledgements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• EDI	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• EDI – 95% ≤ 30 Minutes
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• TAG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• TAG – 95% ≤ 30 Minutes

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• EDI	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• EDI – 95% ≤ 30 Minutes
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• TAG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• TAG – 95% ≤ 30 Minutes

O-2: Acknowledgement Message Completeness

Definition

This measurement provides the percent of Messages/LSRs received via EDI or TAG, which are acknowledged electronically.

Exclusions

Manually submitted LSRs

Business Rules

EDI and TAG send Functional Acknowledgements for all LSRs, which are electronically submitted by a CLEC. For those CLECs using EDI, if more than one CLEC uses the same ordering center, an Acknowledgement Message will be returned to the “Aggregator”, however, BellSouth will not be able to determine which specific CLEC this message represented. The Acknowledgement Message is returned prior to the determination of whether the LSR will be partially mechanized or fully mechanized.

Calculation

Acknowledgement Completeness = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of Functional Acknowledgements returned in the reporting period for Messages/LSRs electronically submitted by EDI or TAG respectively
- b = Total number of electronically submitted Messages/LSRs received in the reporting period by EDI or TAG respectively

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
 - Region

Note: Acknowledgement message is generated before the system recognizes whether this message (LSR) will be partially or fully mechanized.

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Record of functional acknowledgements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• EDI• TAG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Benchmark: 100%

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• EDI• TAG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Benchmark: 100%

O-3: Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Summary)

Definition

The percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) and LNP Local Service Requests (LNP LSRs) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention.

Exclusions

- Fatal Rejects
- Auto Clarification
- Manual Fallout for Percent Flow-Through only
- CLEC System Fallout

Business Rules

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service: Business and Residence, and two types of service: Resale, and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier) or are not designed to flow through (for example, Manual Fallout.)

Definitions:

Fatal Rejects: Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted electronically by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO/LNP Gateway will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO/LNP Gateway will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

Auto-Clarification: Clarifications that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG/LAUTO will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, or if the LNP is not available for the NPA NXXX requested, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.

Manual Fallout: Planned Fallout that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG/LAUTO will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Complex* | 8. Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders |
| 2. Special pricing plans | 9. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service |
| 3. Some Partial migrations | 10. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move) |
| 4. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS | 11. More than 25 business lines, or more than 15 loops |
| 5. Pending order review required | 12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC end users |
| 6. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS | 13. Directory Listings (Intentions and Captions) |
| 7. Expedites (requested by the CLEC) | |

* See "LSR Flow-Through Matrix" on page 15. for a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

Total System Fallout: Errors that require manual review by the LCSC to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to BellSouth system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC for clarification. If it is determined the error is BellSouth caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error, and the LSR will continue to be processed.

Z Status: LSRs that receive a supplemental LSR submission prior to final disposition of the original LSR.

Calculation

$$\text{Percent Flow Through} = a \div [b - (c + d + e + f)] \times 100$$

- a = The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c = the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing
- d = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- e = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- f = the number of LSRs that receive a Z status.

$$\text{Percent Achieved Flow Through} = a \div [b - (c + d + e)] \times 100$$

- a = the number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued.
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- d = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- e = the number of LSRs that receive Z status

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
 - Region

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Number of LSRs Received, by Interface, by CLEC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TAG - EDI - LENS • Total Number of Errors by Type, by CLEC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fatal Rejects - Auto Clarification - CLEC Caused System Fallout • Total Number of Errors by Error Code • Total Fallout for Manual Processing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Number of Errors by Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BellSouth System Error

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark ^a
• Residence	• Benchmark: 95%
• Business	• Benchmark: 90%
• UNE	• Benchmark: 85%
• LNP	• Benchmark: 85%

a. Benchmarks do not apply to the "Percent Achieved Flow Through."

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark ^a
• Residence	• Benchmark: 95%
• Business	• Benchmark: 90%
• UNE	• Benchmark: 85%
• LNP	• Benchmark: 85%

a. Benchmarks do not apply to the "Percent Achieved Flow Through."

O-4: Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Detail)

Definition

A detailed list, by CLEC, of the percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) and LNP Local Service Requests (LNP LSRs) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual or human intervention.

Exclusions

- Fatal Rejects
- Auto Clarification
- Manual Fallout for Percent Flow-Through only
- CLEC System Fallout

Business Rules

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service: Business and Residence, and two types of service: Resale, and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier) or are not designed to flow through (for example, Manual Fallout.)

Definitions:

Fatal Rejects: Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted electronically by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO/LNP Gateway will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO/LNP Gateway will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

Auto-Clarification: Clarifications that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG/LAUTO will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, or if the LNP is not available for the NPA NXXX requested, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.

Manual Fallout: Planned Fallout that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG/LAUTO will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Complex* | 8. Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders |
| 2. Special pricing plans | 9. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service |
| 3. Some Partial migrations | 10. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move) |
| 4. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS | 11. More than 25 business lines, or more than 15 loops |
| 5. Pending order review required | 12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC end users |
| 6. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS | 13. Directory Listings (Indentations and Captions) |
| 7. Expedites (requested by the CLEC) | |

* See "LSR Flow-Through Matrix" on page 15. for a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

Total System Fallout: Errors that require manual review by the LCSC to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to BellSouth system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC for clarification. If it is determined the error is BellSouth caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error, and the LSR will continue to be processed.

Z Status: LSRs that receive a supplemental LSR submission prior to final disposition of the original LSR.

Calculation

$$\text{Percent Flow Through} = a \div [b - (c + d + e + f)] \times 100$$

- a = The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c = the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing
- d = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- e = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- f = the number of LSRs that receive a Z status.

$$\text{Percent Achieved Flow Through} = a \div [b - (c + d + e)] \times 100$$

- a = the number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued.
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- d = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- e = the number of LSRs that receive Z status

Report Structure

Provides the flow through percentage for each CLEC (by alias designation) submitting LSRs through the CLEC mechanized ordering process. The report provides the following:

- CLEC (by alias designation)
- Number of fatal rejects
- Mechanized interface used
- Total mechanized LSRs
- Total manual fallout
- Number of auto clarifications returned to CLEC
- Number of validated LSRs
- Number of BellSouth caused fallout
- Number of CLEC caused fallout
- Number of Service Orders Issued
- Base calculation
- CLEC error excluded calculation

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Number of Lsrs Received, by Interface, by CLEC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TAG - EDI - LENS • Total Number of Errors by Type, by CLEC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fatal Rejects - Auto Clarification - CLEC Errors • Total Number of Errors by Error Code • Total Fallout for Manual Processing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Number of Errors by Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BellSouth System Error

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark ^a
• Residence	• Benchmark: 95%
• Business	• Benchmark: 90%
• UNE	• Benchmark: 85%

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark ^a
• LNP	• Benchmark: 85%

a. Benchmarks do not apply to the "Percent Achieved Flow Through."

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Residence	• Benchmark: 95%
• Business	• Benchmark: 90%
• UNE	• Benchmark: 85%
• LNP	• Benchmark: 85%

O-5: Flow-Through Error Analysis

Definition

An analysis of each error type (by error code) that was experienced by the LSRs that did not flow through or reached a status for a FOC to be issued.

Exclusions

Each Error Analysis is error code specific, therefore exclusions are not applicable.

Business Rules

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier).

Calculation

Total for each error type.

Report Structure

Provides an analysis of each error type (by error code). The report is in descending order by count of each error code and provides the following:

- Error Type (by error code)
- Count of each error type
- Percent of each error type
- Cumulative percent
- Error Description
- CLEC Caused Count of each error code
- Percent of aggregate by CLEC caused count
- Percent of CLEC caused count
- BellSouth Caused Count of each error code
- Percent of aggregate by BellSouth caused count
- Percent of BellSouth by BellSouth caused count.

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Total Number of Lsrs Received• Total Number of Errors by Type (by Error Code)<ul style="list-style-type: none">- CLEC caused error	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Total Number of Errors by Type (by Error Code)<ul style="list-style-type: none">- BellSouth System Error

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

O-6: CLEC LSR Information

Definition

A list with the flow through activity of LSRs by CC, PON and Ver, issued by each CLEC during the report period.

Exclusions

- Fatal Rejects
- LSRs submitted manually

Business Rules

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier).

Calculation

Not Applicable

Report Structure

Provides a list with the flow through activity of LSRs by CC, PON and Ver, issued by each CLEC during the report period with an explanation of the of the columns and content. This report is available on a CLEC specific basis. The report provides the following for each LSR.

- CC
- PON
- Ver
- Timestamp
- Type
- Err #
- Note or Error Description

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Record of LSRs Received by CC, PON and Ver• Record of Timestamp, Type, Err # and Note or Error Description for Each LSR by CC, PON and Ver	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

LSR Flow Through Matrix

	Product Type	Reqtype	ACT Type	F/T ³	Complex Service	Complex Order	Planned Fallout For Manual Handling ¹	EDI	TAG ²	LENS ⁴
2 wire analog DID trunk port	U,C	A	N,T	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
2 wire analog port	U	A	N,T	No	UNE	No	Yes	Y	Y	N
2 wire ISDN digital line	U,C	A	N,T	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
2 wire ISDN digital loop	U,C	A	N,T	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N
3 Way Calling	R,B	E,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
4 wire analog voice grade loop	U,C	A	N,T	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N
4 wire DSO & PRI digital loop	U,C	A	N,T	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
4 wire DS1 & PRI digital loop	U,C	A	N,T	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
4 wire ISDN DSI digital trunk ports	U,C	A	N,T	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Accupulse	C	E	N,C,T,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
ADSL	R,B,C	E	V,W	No	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N
Area Plus	R,B	E,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Basic Rate ISDN	U,C	A	N,T	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
Basic Rate ISDN 2 Wire	C	E	C, D,T,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
Basic Rate ISDN 2 Wire	C	E	N,T	No	Yes	Yes	N/A	N	N	N
Basic Rate ISDN 2 Wire UNE P	C	M	N,C,D,V	No	YES	Yes	N/A	N	N	N
Analog Data/Private Line	C	E	N, C, T, V, W, D, P, Q	No	Yes	Yes	N/A	N	N	N
Call Block	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Forwarding	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Return	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Selector	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Tracing	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Waiting	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Waiting Deluxe	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Caller ID	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
CENTREX	C	P	V,P	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
DID ACT W	C	N	W	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	Y
Digital Data Transport	U	E	N,C,T,V,W	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Directory Listing Indentions	B,U	B,C,E,F, J,M,N	N,C,T,R,V,W,P,Q	No	No	No	Yes	Y	Y	Y
Directory Listings Captions	R,B,U	B,C,E,F, J,M,N	N,C,T,R,V,W,P,Q	No	No	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	Y
Directory Listings (simple)	R,B,U	B,C,E,F, J,M,N	N,C,T,R,V,W,P,Q	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
DS3	U	A,M	N,C,V	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
DS1Loop	U	A,M	N,C,V	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N
DSO Loop	U	A, B	N,C,D,T,V	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N
Enhanced Caller ID	R,B	E,M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y

	Product Type	Rectype	ACT Type	F/T ³	Complex Service	Complex Order	Planned Fallout For Manual Handling ¹	EDI	TAG ²	LENS ⁴
ESSX	C	P	C,D,T,V,S,B,W,L,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Flat Rate/Business	B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Flat Rate/Residence	R	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
FLEXSERV	C	E	N,C,D,T,V,W,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Frame Relay	C	E	N,C,D,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
FX	C	E	N,C,D,T,V,W,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Ga. Community Calling	R,B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
HDSL	U	A	N,C,D	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N
Hunting MLH	R,B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	No	C/S4	C/S	Yes	Y	Y	N
Hunting Series Completion	R,B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	C/S	C/S	No	Y	Y	Y
INP to LNP Conversion	U	C	C	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
LightGate	C	E	N,C,D,T,V,W,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Line Sharing	U	A	C,D	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Local Number Portability	U	C	C,D,P,V,Q	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N
LNP With Complex Listing	C	C	P,V,Q,W	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
LNP with Partial Migration	U	C	D,P,V,Q	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
LNP with Complex Services	C	C	P,V,Q,W	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
Loop+INP	U	B	D,P,V,Q	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N
Loop+LNP	U	B	C,D,N,V	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N
Measured Rate/Bus	R,B	E,M	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Measured Rate/Res	R,B	E,M	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Megalink	C	E	N,V,W,T,D,C,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Megalink-T1	C	E,M	N,V,W,T,D,C,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Memory Call	R,B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Memory Call Ans. Svc.	R,B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Multiserv	C	P	N,C,D,T,V,S,B,W,L,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Native Mode LAN Interconnection (NMLI)	C	E	N,C,D,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Off-Prem Stations	C	E	N,C,D,V,W,T,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Optional Calling Plan	R,B	E, M	N	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Package/Complete Choice and Area Plus	R,B	E, M	N,T,C,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Pathlink Primary Rate ISDN	C	E	N,C,D,T,V,W,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Pay Phone Provider	B	E	C,D,T,N,V,W	No	No	No	NA	N	N	N
PBX Standalone Port	C	F	N,C,D	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
PBX Trunks	R,B	E	N,C,D,V,W,T,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
Port/Loop PBX	U	M	A,C,D,V	No	No	No	Yes	Y	Y	N
Port/Loop Simple	U	M	A,C,D,V	Yes	No	No	Yes	Y	Y	Y
Preferred Call Forward	R,B,U	E	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
RCF Basic	R,B	E	N,D,W,T,F	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y

	Product Type	Rectype	ACT Type	F/T ³	Complex Service	Complex Order	Planned Fallout For Manual Handling ¹	EDI	TAG ²	LENS ⁴
Remote Access to CF	R,B	E,M	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Repeat Dialing	R,B	E,M	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Ringmaster	R,B	E,M	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Smartpath	R,B	E	C,D,T,N,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
SmartRING	C	E	N,D,C,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Speed Calling	R,B	E	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Synchronet	C	E	N	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
Tie Lines	C	E	N,C,D,V,W,T,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Touchtone	R,B	E	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Unbundled Loop-Analog 2W, SL1, SL2	U	A,B	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	Y
WATS	R,B	E	W,D	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
XDSL	C,U	A,B	N,T,C,V,D	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N
XDSL Extended LOOP	C,U	A,B	N,T,C,V,D	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Collect Call Block	R,B	E	N,T,C,V,W,D	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
900 Call Block	R,B	E	N,T,C,V,W,D	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
3rd Party Call Block	R,B	E	N,T,C,V,W,D	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Three Way Call Block	R,B	E	N,T,C,V,W,D	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
PIC/LPIC Change	R,B	E	T,C,V	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
PIC/LPIC Freeze	R,B	E	N,T,C,V	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y

Note¹: Planned Fallout for Manual Handling denotes those services that are electronically submitted and are not intended to flow through due to the complexity of the service.

Note²: The TAG column includes those LSRs submitted via Robo TAG.

Note³: For all services that indicate 'No' for flow-through, the following reasons, in addition to errors or complex services, also prompt manual handling: Expedites from CLECs, special pricing plans, denials – restore and conversion or disconnect and conversion both required, partial migrations (although conversions-as-is flow through), class of service invalid in certain states with some TOS – e.g. government, or cannot be changed when changing main TN on C activity, low volume – e.g. activity type T=move, pending order review required, more than 25 business lines, CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS, Directory listing indentions and captions, transfer of calls option for CLEC end user – new TN not yet posted to BOCRIS. Many are unique to the CLEC environment.

Note⁴: Services with C/S in the Complex Service and/or the Complex Order columns can be either complex or simple.

Note⁵: EELs are manually ordered.

Note⁶: LSRs submitted for Resale Products and Services for which there is a temporary promotion or discount plan will be processed identically to those LSRs ordering the same Products or Services without a promotion or discount plan.

Note: The Flow Through Matrix is continually being updated and expanded with additional information about the listed products and services. BellSouth will not change any "Yes" designation to "No" without commission approval. The most current pre-approved matrix will be posted to the PMAP web site (www.pmap.bellsouth.com).

O-7: Percent Rejected Service Requests

Definition

Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Service Requests [(Local Service Requests (LSRs) or Access Service Requests (ASRs)] received which are rejected due to error or omission. Service Requests are considered valid when they are submitted by the CLEC and pass edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.

Exclusions

- Service Requests canceled by the CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified.
- Fatal Rejects
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.

Business Rules

Fully Mechanized: An LSR/Service Request is considered “rejected” when it is submitted electronically but does not pass edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, LENS, TAG, LESOG, LNP Gateway, LAUTO) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention. There are two types of “Rejects” in the Mechanized category:

A **Fatal Reject** occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields are either not populated or incorrectly populated and the request is returned to the CLEC before it is considered a valid LSR.

Fatal rejects are reported in a separate column, and for informational purposes ONLY. They are not considered in the calculation of the percent of total LSRs rejected or the total number of rejected LSRs.

An **Auto Clarification** occurs when a valid LSR is electronically submitted but rejected from LESOG or LAUTO because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy.

Partially Mechanized: A valid LSR, which is electronically submitted (via EDI, LENS, TAG) but cannot be processed electronically and “falls out” for manual handling. It is then put into “clarification” and sent back (rejected) to the CLEC.

Non-Mechanized: LSRs which are faxed or mailed to the LCSC for processing and “clarified” (rejected) back to the CLEC by the BellSouth service representative.

Interconnection Trunks: Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC). Trunk data is reported as a separate category.

Calculation

Percent Rejected Service Requests = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total Number of Service Requests Rejected in the reporting period
- b = Total Number of Service Requests Received in the reporting period

Report Structure

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- Trunks
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
 - State
 - Region
- Product Specific percent Rejected
- Total percent Rejected

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Number of LSRs • Total Number of Rejects • State and Region • Total Number of ASRs (Trunks) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resale - Residence • Resale - Business • Resale – Design (Special) • Resale PBX • Resale Centrex • Resale ISDN • LNP Standalone • INP Standalone • 2W Analog Loop Design • 2W Analog Loop Non-Design • 2W Analog Loop with INP Design • 2W Analog Loop with INP Non-Design • 2W Analog Loop with LNP Design • 2W Analog Loop with LNP Non-Design • UNE Digital Loop < DS1 • UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1 • UNE Loop + Port Combinations • UNE Combination Other • UNE ISDN Loop • UNE Other Design • UNE Other Non-Design • UNE Line Splitting • EELs • Switch Ports • UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL) • Line Sharing • Local Interoffice Transport • Local Interconnection Trunks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnostic

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not Applicable 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not Applicable

O-8: Reject Interval

Definition

Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of Service Requests [(Local Service Requests (LSRs) or Access Service Requests (ASRs))] to the distribution of a Reject. Service Requests are considered valid when they are submitted by the CLEC and pass edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.

Exclusions

- Service Requests canceled by CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified.
- Fatal Rejects
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- LSRs which are identified and classified as “Projects”
- The following hours for Partially mechanized and Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:

Residence Resale Group – Monday through Saturday 7:00PM until 7:00AM
From 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday

Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups – Monday through Friday 6:00PM until 8:00AM
From 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC) - Monday through Friday 4:30 P.M. until 8:00 A.M.
From 4:30 P.M.Friday until 8:00 A.M. Monday

The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted hours of operation.

The interval will be the amount of time accrued from receipt of the LSR until normal closing of the center if an LSR is worked using overtime hours.

In the case of a Partially Mechanized LSR received and worked after normal business hours, the interval will be set at one (1) minute.

Business Rules

The Reject interval is determined for each rejected LSR processed during the reporting period. The Reject interval is the elapsed time from when BellSouth receives LSR (date and time stamps in EDI or TAG) until that LSR is rejected back to the CLEC. Elapsed time for each LSR (date and time stamps in EDI or TAG) is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of rejected LSRs to produce the reject interval distribution.

Fully Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI translator or TAG) until the LSR is rejected (date and time stamp or reject in EDI translator, or TAG). Auto Clarifications are considered in the Fully Mechanized category.

Partially Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI translator or TAG) until it falls out for manual handling. The stop time on partially mechanized LSRs is when the LCSC Service Representative clarifies the LSR back to the CLEC via EDI translator, or TAG.

Non-Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp of FAX or date and time mailed LSR is received in the LCSC) until notice of the reject (clarification) is returned to the CLEC via LON.

Interconnection Trunks: Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC). Trunk data is reported as a separate category.

Calculation

Reject Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Service Request Rejection
- b = Date and Time of Service Request Receipt

Average Reject Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Reject Intervals
- d = Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period

Reject Interval Distribution = $(e \div f) \times 100$

- e = Service Requests Rejected in reported interval
- f = Total Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
 - State
 - Region
- Fully Mechanized:
 - 0 - ≤ 4 minutes
 - > 4 - ≤ 8 minutes
 - > 8 - ≤ 12 minutes
 - > 12 - ≤ 60 minutes
 - 0 - ≤ 1 hour
 - > 1 - ≤ 4 hours
 - > 4 - ≤ 8 hours
 - > 8 - ≤ 12 hours
 - > 12 - ≤ 16 hours
 - > 16 - ≤ 20 hours
 - > 20 - ≤ 24 hours
 - > 24 hours
- Partially Mechanized:
 - 0 - ≤ 1 hour
 - > 1 - ≤ 4 hours
 - > 4 - ≤ 8 hours
 - > 8 - ≤ 10 hours
 - 0 - ≤ 10 hours
 - > 10 - ≤ 18 hours
 - 0 - ≤ 18 hours
 - > 18 - ≤ 24 hours
 - > 24 hours
- Non-mechanized:
 - 0 - ≤ 1 hour
 - > 1 - ≤ 4 hours
 - > 4 - ≤ 8 hours
 - > 8 - ≤ 12 hours
 - > 12 - ≤ 16 hours
 - > 16 - ≤ 20 hours
 - > 20 - ≤ 24 hours
 - 0 - ≤ 24 hours
 - > 24 hours
- Trunks:
 - 0 - ≤ 36 hours
 - > 36 hours
- Average Interval is reported in business hours.

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reject Interval Total Number of LSRs Total Number of Rejects State and Region Total Number of ASRs (Trunks) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not Applicable

O-8: Reject Interval

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Resale – Residence Resale – Business Resale – Design (Special) Resale PBX Resale Centrex Resale ISDN LNP Standalone INP Standalone 2W Analog Loop Design 2W Analog Loop Non-Design 2W Analog Loop with INP Design 2W Analog Loop with INP Non-Design 2W Analog Loop with LNP Design 2W Analog Loop with LNP Non-Design UNE Digital Loop < DS1 UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1 UNE Loop + Port Combinations UNE Combination Other UNE ISDN Loop UNE Other Design UNE Other Non-Design UNE Line Splitting EELs Switch Ports UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL) Line Sharing Local Interoffice Transport 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fully Mechanized: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 97% ≤ 1Hour Partially Mechanized: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 95% ≤ 10 Hours Non-Mechanized: - 95% ≤ 24 Hours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local Interconnection Trunks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trunks: 95% ≤ 36 Hours

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fully Mechanized 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 97% ≤ 1 hour

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Partially Mechanized	• 95% \leq 10 hours
• Non-Mechanized	• 95% \leq 24 hours
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• 95% \leq 36 hours

O-9: Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness

Definition

Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of valid LSR to distribution of a Firm Order Confirmation. The interval will include an electronic facilities check.

Exclusions

- Service Requests canceled by CLEC prior to being confirmed.
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- LSRs which are identified and classified as “Projects”
- The following hours for Partially mechanized and Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:

Residence Resale Group – Monday through Saturday 7:00PM until 7:00AM

From 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday

Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups – Monday through Friday 6:00PM until 8:00AM

From 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC) - From 4:30 P.M. Friday until 8:00 A.M. Monday (ASRs received after 2:00PM will be counted as if received at 8:00AM the next business day.)

The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted hours of operation.

The interval will be the amount of time accrued from receipt of the LSR until normal closing of the center if an LSR is worked using overtime hours.

In the case of a Partially Mechanized LSR received and worked after normal business hours, the interval will be set at one (1) minute.

Business Rules

- **Fully Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI or TAG) until the LSR is processed, appropriate service orders are generated and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC via EDI translator or TAG.
- **Partially Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, or TAG) which falls out for manual handling until appropriate service orders are issued by a BellSouth service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC via EDI translator, or TAG.
- **Non-Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid paper LSR (date and time stamp of FAX or date and time paper LSRs received in LCSC) until appropriate service orders are issued by a BellSouth service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is sent to the CLEC via LON.
- **Interconnection Trunks:** Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC). The elapsed time is measured from receipt of a valid ASR (date and time stamp of a FAX or paper ASR received in the LISC) until the appropriate orders are issued by a BellSouth representative and a FOC issued in EXACT. Trunk data is reported as a separate category.

Calculation

Firm Order Confirmation Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Firm Order Confirmation
- b = Date and Time of Service Request Receipt

Average FOC Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Firm Order Confirmation Times
- d = Number of Service Requests Confirmed in Reporting Period

FOC Interval Distribution = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Service Requests Confirmed in Designated Interval
- f = Total Service Requests Confirmed in the Reporting Period

Report Structure

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
 - CLEC Specific
 - CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
 - State
 - Region
- Fully Mechanized:
 - 0 - ≤ 15 minutes
 - > 15 - ≤ 30 minutes
 - > 30 - ≤ 45 minutes
 - > 45 - ≤ 60 minutes
 - > 60 - ≤ 90 minutes
 - > 90 - ≤ 120 minutes
 - > 120 - ≤ 180 minutes
 - 0 - ≤ 3 hours
 - > 3 - ≤ 6 hours
 - > 6 - ≤ 12 hours
 - > 12 - ≤ 24 hours
 - > 24 - ≤ 48 hours
 - > 48 hours
- Partially Mechanized:
 - 0 - ≤ 4 hours
 - > 4 - ≤ 8 hours
 - > 8 - ≤ 10 hours
 - 0 - ≤ 10 hours
 - > 10 - ≤ 18 hours
 - 0 - ≤ 18 hours
 - > 18 - ≤ 24 hours
 - > 24 - ≤ 48 hours
 - > 48 hours
- Non-mechanized:
 - 0 - ≤ 4 hours
 - > 4 - ≤ 8 hours
 - > 8 - ≤ 12 hours
 - > 12 - ≤ 16 hours
 - 0 - ≤ 24 hours
 - > 16 - ≤ 20 hours
 - > 20 - ≤ 24 hours
 - > 24 - ≤ 36 hours
 - 0 - ≤ 36 hours
 - > 36 - ≤ 48 hours
 - > 48 hours
- Trunks:
 - 0 - ≤ 48 hours
 - > 48 hours
- Average Interval is reported in business hours

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report month• Interval for FOC• Total number of LSRs• State and Region• Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resale – Residence • Resale – Business • Resale – Design (Special) • Resale PBX • Resale Centrex • Resale ISDN • LNP Standalone • INP Standalone • 2W Analog Loop Design • 2W Analog Loop Non-Design • 2W Analog Loop with INP Design • 2W Analog Loop with INP Non-Design • 2W Analog Loop with LNP Design • 2W Analog Loop with LNP Non-Design • UNE Digital Loop < DS1 • UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1 • UNE Loop + Port Combinations • UNE Combination Other • UNE ISDN Loop • UNE Other Design • UNE Other Non-Design • UNE Line Splitting • EELs • Switch Ports • UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL) • Line Sharing • Local Interoffice Transport 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fully Mechanized: - 95% ≤ 3 Hours • Partially Mechanized: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 95% ≤ 10 Hours • Non-Mechanized: - 95% ≤ 24 Hours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local Interconnection Trunks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trunks: 95% ≤ 48 Hours

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fully Mechanized 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 95% ≤ 3 Hours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Partially Mechanized 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 95% ≤ 10 Hours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-Mechanized 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 95% ≤ 24 Hours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local Interconnection Trunks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 95% ≤ 48 Hours

O-10: Service Inquiry with LSR Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) Response Time Manual¹

Definition

This report measures the interval and the percent within the interval from the submission of a Service Inquiry (SI) with Firm Order LSR to the distribution of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC).

Exclusions

- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- Weekend hours from 5:00PM Friday until 8:00AM Monday are excluded from the interval calculation of the Service Inquiry.
- Canceled Requests
- Electronically Submitted Requests

Business Rules

This measurement combines four intervals:

1. From receipt of a valid Service Inquiry with LSR to hand off to the Service Advocacy Center (SAC) for Loop 'Look-up'.
2. From SAC start date to SAC complete date.
3. From SAC complete date to the Complex Resale Support Group (CRSG) complete date with hand off to LCSC.
4. From receipt of a valid SI/LSR in the LCSC to Firm Order Confirmation.

(A valid Service Inquiry is an inquiry that has all required fields populated correctly and has not been returned for clarification.)

Calculation

FOC Timeliness Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) for SI with LSR returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time SI with LSR received

Average Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all FOC Timeliness Intervals
- d = Total number of SIs with LSRs received in the reporting period

Percent Within Interval = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total number of Service Inquiries with LSRs received by the CRSG to distribution of FOC by the Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC)
- f = Total number of Service Inquiries with LSRs received in the reporting period

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
 - State
 - Region
- Intervals
 - 0 – ≤ 3 days
 - > 3 – ≤ 5 days
 - 0 – ≤ 5 days
 - > 5 – ≤ 7 days
 - > 7 – ≤ 10 days
 - > 10 – ≤ 15 days
 - > 15 days
- Average Interval measured in days

1. See O-9 for FOC Timeliness

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Total Number of Requests• SI Intervals• State and Region	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• xDSL (includes UNE unbundled ADSL, HDSL and UNE Unbundled Copper Loops)• Unbundled Interoffice Transport	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 95% Returned \leq 5 Business Days

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

O-11: Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Response Completeness

Definition

A response is expected from BellSouth for every Local Service Request transaction (version). Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Response Completeness is the corresponding number of Local Service Requests received to the combination of Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Responses.

Exclusions

- Service Requests canceled by the CLEC prior to FOC or Rejected/Clarified.

Business Rules

Mechanized – The number of FOCs or Auto Clarifications sent to the CLEC from EDI, or TAG in response to electronically submitted LSRs.

Partially Mechanized – The number of FOCs or Rejects sent to the CLEC from EDI, or TAG in response to electronically submitted LSRs which fall out for manual handling by the LCSC personnel.

Non-Mechanized: The number of FOCs or Rejects sent to the CLECs by FAX server.

Interconnection Trunks: Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC). Trunk data is reported as a separate category.

For CLEC Results:

Percent responses is determined by computing the number of Firm Order Confirmations and Rejects transmitted by BellSouth and dividing by the number of Local Service Requests (all versions) received in the reporting period.

Calculation

Firm Order Confirmation / Reject Response Completeness = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total Number of Service Requests for which a Firm Order Confirmation or Reject is Sent
- b = Total Number of Service Requests Received in the Report Period

Report Structure

Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Non-Mechanized and Interconnection Trunks

- State and Region
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report month <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total number of LSRs • Total number of rejects • Total number of ASRs (Trunks) • Total number of FOCs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resale Residence • Resale Business • Resale Design (Special) • Resale PBX • Resale Centrex • Resale ISDN • LNP Standalone • INP Standalone • 2W Analog Loop Design • 2W Analog Loop Non-Design • 2W Analog Loop with INP Design • 2W Analog Loop with INP Non-Design • 2W Analog Loop with LNP Design • 2W Analog Loop with LNP Non-Design • UNE Digital Loop < DS1 • UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1 • UNE Loop + Port Combinations • UNE Combination Other • UNE ISDN Loop • UNE Other Design • UNE Other Non-Design • UNE Line Splitting • EELs • Switch Ports • UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL) • Line Sharing • Local Interoffice Transport • Local Interconnection Trunks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 95% Returned

O-11: Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Response Completeness

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fully Mechanized • Partially Mechanized • Non-Mechanized • Local Interconnection Trunks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 95% Returned

O-12: Speed of Answer in Ordering Center

Definition

Measures the average time a customer is in queue.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The clock starts when the appropriate option is selected (i.e., 1 for Resale Consumer, 2 for Resale Multiline, and 3 for UNE-LNP, etc.) and the call enters the queue for that particular group in the LCSC. The clock stops when a BellSouth service representative in the LCSC answers the call. The speed of answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a CLEC call into the BellSouth automatic call distributor (ACD) until a service representative in BellSouth's Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) answers the CLEC call.

Calculation

Speed of Answer in Ordering Center = $(a \div b)$

- a = Total seconds in queue
- b = Total number of calls answered in the Reporting Period

Report Structure

Aggregate

- CLEC – Local Carrier Service Center
- BellSouth
 - Business Service Center
 - Residence Service Center

Note: Combination of Residence Service Center and Business Service Center data under development

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized Tracking Through LCSC Automatic Call Distributor 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized Tracking Through BellSouth Retail Center Support System

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Aggregate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC – Local Carrier Service Center • BellSouth <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Business Service Center - Residence Service Center 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parity with Retail

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CLEC Local Carrier Service Center• BellSouth<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Business Service Center- Residence Service Center	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity With Retail

O-12: Speed of Answer in Ordering Center

Section 3: Provisioning

P-1: Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals

Definition

When delays occur in completing CLEC orders, the average period that CLEC orders are held for BellSouth reasons, pending a delayed completion, should be no worse for the CLEC when compared to BellSouth delayed orders. Calculation of the interval is the total days orders are held and pending but not completed that have passed the currently committed due date; divided by the total number of held orders. This report is based on orders still pending, held and past their committed due date. The distribution interval is based on the number of orders held and pending but not completed over 15 and 90 days. (Orders reported in the >90 day interval are also included in the >15 day interval.)

Exclusions

- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) Test order types may be C, N, R, or T.
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- Orders with appointment code of 'A' for Rural orders.

Business Rules

Mean Held Order Interval: This metric is computed at the close of each report period. The held order interval is established by first identifying all orders, at the close of the reporting interval, that both have not been reported as completed in SOCS and have passed the currently committed due date for the order and identifying all orders that have been reported as completed in SOCS after the currently committed due date for the order. For each such order, the number of calendar days between the earliest committed due date on which BellSouth had a company missed appointment and the close of the reporting period is established and represents the held order interval for that particular order. The held order interval is accumulated by the standard groupings, unless otherwise noted, and the reason for the order being held. The total number of days accumulated in a category is then divided by the number of held orders within the same category to produce the mean held order interval. The interval is by calendar days with no exclusions for Holidays or Sundays.

CLEC Specific reporting is by type of held order (facilities, equipment, other), total number of orders held, and the total and average days.

Held Order Distribution Interval: This measure provides data to report total days held and identifies these in categories of >15 days and > 90 days. (Orders counted in >90 days are also included in > 15 days).

Calculation

Mean Held Order Interval = $a \div b$

- a = Sum of held-over-days for all Past Due Orders Held for the reporting period
- b = Number of Past Due Orders Held and Pending But Not Completed and past the committed due date

Held Order Distribution Interval (for each interval) = $(c \div d) \times 100$

- c = # of Orders Held for ≥ 15 days or # of Orders Held for ≥ 90 days
- d = Total # of Past Due Orders Held and Pending But Not Completed)

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Circuit Breakout < 10, ≥ 10 (except trunks)
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number and PON (PON) • Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID) • Committed Due Date (DD) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Hold Reason • Total line/circuit count • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BellSouth Order Number • Order Submission Date • Committed Due Date • Service Type • Hold Reason • Total line/circuit count • Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP - Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP- Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch In - Switch Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch In - Switch Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL to Retail
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

P-2: Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices

Definition

When BellSouth can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy for facility delay, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC.

The interval is from the date/time the notice is released to the CLEC/BellSouth systems until 5pm on the commitment date of the order. The Percent of Orders is the percentage of orders given jeopardy notices for facility delay in the count of orders confirmed in the report period.

Exclusions

- Orders held for CLEC end user reasons
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders

Business Rules

When BellSouth can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy for facility delay, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC. The number of committed orders in a report period is the number of orders that have a due date in the reporting period.

Jeopardy notices for interconnection trunks results are usually zero as these trunks seldom experience facility delays. The Committed due date is considered the Confirmed due date.

Calculation

Jeopardy Interval = a - b

- a = Date and Time of Jeopardy Notice
- b = Date and Time of Scheduled Due Date on Service Order

Average Jeopardy Interval = c ÷ d

- c = Sum of all jeopardy intervals
- d = Number of Orders Notified of Jeopardy in Reporting Period

Percent of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Number of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices in Reporting Period
- f = Number of Orders Confirmed (due) in Reporting Period)

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Mechanized Orders
- Non-Mechanized Orders
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• CLEC Order Number and PON• Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent• Committed Due Date• Service Type <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• BellSouth Order Number• Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent• Committed Due Date• Service Type

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP - Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP- Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch In - Switch Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch In - Switch Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL to Retail
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3
• Average Jeopardy Notice Interval (Electronic only)	• 95% ≥ 48 Hours

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

P-3: Percent Missed Initial Installation Appointments

(This metric was not ordered by FPSC)

Definition

“Percent missed initial installation appointments” monitors the reliability of BellSouth commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that the CLEC can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BellSouth. This measure is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates and reported for Total misses and End User Misses.

Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders Test Orders, etc.)
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- End User Misses

Business Rules

Percent Missed Initial Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of orders with completion dates in the reporting period that are past the original committed due date. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be excluded and reported separately. The first commitment date on the service order that is a missed appointment is the missed appointment code used for calculation whether it is a BellSouth missed appointment or an End User missed appointment. The “due date” is any time on the confirmed due date. Which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments, as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.

Calculation

Percent Missed Installation Appointments = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Number of Orders with Completion date in Reporting Period past the Original Committed Due Date
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Report in Categories of <10 lines/circuits ≥ 10 lines/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • CLEC Order Number and PON (PON) • Committed Due Date (DD) • Completion Date (CMPLTN DD) • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • BellSouth Order Number • Committed Due Date (DD) • Completion Date (CMPLTN DD) • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP - Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP- Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch In - Switch Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch In - Switch Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) - Without Conditioning - With Conditioning	• ADSL Provided to Retail - Without Conditioning - With Conditioning (BellSouth does not offer this service to Retail)
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL to Retail
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

P-3A: Percent Missed Installation Appointments Including Subsequent Appointments

Definition

“Percent missed installation appointments” monitors the reliability of BellSouth commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that the CLEC can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BellSouth. This measure is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates and reported for Total misses and End User Misses.

Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders Test Orders, etc.) Test order types may be C, N, R, or T.
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- End User Misses

Business Rules

Percent Missed Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of orders with completion dates in the reporting period that are past the original committed due date. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be excluded and reported separately. The “due date” is the commitment time (if applicable) on the confirmed due date.

Calculation

Percent Missed Installation Appointments = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Number of Appointments in Reporting Period past the Original (Date/Time as applicable) Committed and Subsequent Committed Due Date
- b = Number of Appointments on Orders Completed in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Report in Categories of <10 lines/circuits ≥ 10 lines/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number and PON (PON) • Committed Due Date (DD) • Completion Date (CMPLTN DD) • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BellSouth Order Number • Committed Due Date (DD) • Completion Date (CMPLTN DD) • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP - Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP- Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch In - Switch Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch In - Switch Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) - Without Conditioning - With Conditioning	• ADSL Provided to Retail - Without Conditioning - With Conditioning (BellSouth does not offer this service to Retail)
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL to Retail
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP - Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP- Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch In - Switch Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch In - Switch Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) - Without Conditioning - With Conditioning	• ADSL Provided to Retail - Without Conditioning - With Conditioning (BellSouth does not offer this service to Retail)
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3

P-4: Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution

(This metric not ordered by the FPSC)

Definition

The “average completion interval” measure monitors the interval of time it takes BellSouth to provide service for the CLEC or its own customers. The “Order Completion Interval Distribution” provides the percentages of orders completed within certain time periods. This report measures how well BellSouth meets the interval offered to customers on service orders.

Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- Disconnect (D&F) orders (Except “D” orders associated with LNP Standalone)
- “L” Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- End user-caused misses

Business Rules

The actual completion interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The completion interval is the elapsed time from when BellSouth issues a FOC or SOCS date time stamp receipt of an order from the CLEC to BellSouth’s actual order completion date. The clock starts when a valid order number is assigned by SOCS and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33-day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on the same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

The interval breakout for UNE and Design is: 0-5 = 0-< 5, 5-10 = 5-<10, 10-15 = 10-< 15, 15-20 = 15- < 20, 20-25 = 20-< 25, 25-30 = 25-< 30, ≥ 30 = 30 and greater.

Calculation

Completion Interval = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date
- b = FOC/SOCS date time-stamp (application date)

Average Completion Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Completion Intervals
- d = Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

Order Completion Interval Distribution (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Service Orders Completed in “X” days
- f = Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks
- Residence & Business reported in day intervals = 0,1,3,4,5,5+
- UNE and Design reported in day intervals = 0-5,5-10,10-15,15-20,20-25,25-30,≥ 30
- All Levels are reported <10 line/circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- ISDN Orders included in Non-Design

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Company Name • Order Number (PON) • Application Date & Time • Completion Date (Cmpltn_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BellSouth Order Number • Order Submission Date & Time • Order Completion Date & Time • Service Type • Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP - Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP- Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≤ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch In - Switch Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch In - Switch Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) - Without Conditioning - With Conditioning	- ≤ 5 Days - ≤ 12 Days
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

P-4A: Average Order Completion and Completion Notice Interval (AOCCNI) Distribution

Definition

The “Order Completion And Completion Notice Interval Distribution” provides the percentages of orders completed within certain time periods. This report measures how well BellSouth meets the interval offered to customers and notice of completion to the CLEC on service orders.

Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) Test order types may be C, N, R, or T.
- Disconnect (D&F) orders (Except “D” orders associated with LNP Standalone)
- “L” Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- End user-caused misses

Business Rules

The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The completion interval for AOCCNI is the elapsed time from when BellSouth issues a FOC or SOCS date time stamp receipt of an order from the CLEC to BellSouth’s return of the completion notice (CN) to the CLEC. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33-day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on the same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

The interval breakout for UNE and Design is: 0-5 = 0-< 5, 5-10 = 5-<10, 10-15 = 10-< 15, 15-20 = 15- < 20, 20-25 = 20-< 25, 25-30 = 25-< 30, ≥ 30 = 30 and greater.

Calculation

Completion Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time Completion Notice is sent
- b = FOC/SOCS date time-stamp (application date)

Average Completion Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Completion Intervals
- d = Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

Order Completion Interval Distribution (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Service Orders Completed in “X” days
- f = Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks
- Residence & Business reported in day intervals = 0,1,2,3,4,5,5+
- UNE and Design reported in day intervals = 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, ≥ 30
- All Levels are reported <10 line/circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- ISDN Orders included in Non-Design
- Mechanized/Non-Mechanized (Non-Mechanized is not applicable to BellSouth)

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Company Name • Order Number (PON) • Application Date & Time • Completion Date (Cmpltn_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BellSouth Order Number • Order Submission Date & Time • Order Completion Date & Time • Service Type • Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP - Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP- Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≤ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dispatch In - Switch Based 	• Retail Residence and Business <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dispatch In - Switch Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Without Conditioning - With Conditioning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ≤ 5 Days - ≤ 12 Days
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP - Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP- Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≤ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch In - Switch Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch In - Switch Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) - Without Conditioning - With Conditioning	- ≤ 5 Days - ≤ 12 Days
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3

P-5: Average Completion Notice Interval

Definitions

The Completion Notice Interval is the elapsed time between the BellSouth reported completion of work and the issuance of a valid completion notice to the CLEC.

Exclusions

- Cancelled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) Test order types may be C, N, R, or T.
- D&F orders (Exception: "D" orders associated with LNP Standalone)

Business Rules

Measurement on interval of completion date and time entered by a field technician on dispatched orders, and 5PM start time on the due date for non-dispatched orders; to the release of a notice to the CLEC/BellSouth of the completion status. The field technician notifies the CLEC the work was complete and then he/she enters the completion time stamp information in his/her computer. This information switches through to the SOCS systems either completing the order or rejecting the order to the Work Management Center (WMC). If the completion is rejected, it is manually corrected and then completed by the WMC. The notice is returned on each individual order.

The start time for all orders is the completion stamp either by the field technician or the 5PM due date stamp; the end time for mechanized orders is the time stamp the notice was transmitted to the CLEC interface (LENS, EDI, OR TAG). For non-mechanized orders the end time will be date and timestamp of order update from the FAX record via LON or C-SOTS system.

Calculation

Completion Notice Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Notice of Completion
- b = Date and Time of Work Completion

Average Completion Notice Interval = c ÷ d

- c = Sum of all Completion Notice Intervals
- d = Number of Orders with Notice of Completion in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Mechanized Orders
- Non-Mechanized Orders
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- Reporting intervals in Hours; 0,1-2,2-4,4-8,8-12,12-24, ≥ 24 plus Overall Average Hour Interval (The categories are inclusive of these time intervals: 0-1 = 0.99; 1-2 = 1-1.99; 2-4 = 2-3.99, etc.)
- Reported in categories of <10 line / circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number (so_nbr) • Work Completion Date (cmplt_n_dt) • Work Completion Time • Completion Notice Availability Date • Completion Notice Availability Time • Service Type • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BellSouth Order Number (so_nbr) • Work Completion Date (cmplt_n_dt) • Work Completion Time • Completion Notice Availability Date • Completion Notice Availability Time • Service Type • Geographic Scope <p>NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP - Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP- Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≤ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch In - Switch Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch In - Switch Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

P-6: % Completions/Attempts without Notice or < 24 hours Notice

Definition

The purpose of this measure is to report if BellSouth is returning a FOC to the CLEC in time for the CLEC to notify their customer of the scheduled date.

Exclusions

- Cancelled Orders
- Expedited Orders
- “0” dated orders or any request where the subscriber requested an earlier due date of < 24 hours prior to the original commitment date, or any LSR received < 24 hours prior to the original commitment date.

Business Rules

For CLEC Results:

Calculation would exclude any successful or unsuccessful service delivery where the CLEC was informed at least 24 hours in advance. BellSouth may also exclude from calculation any LSRs received from the requesting CLEC with less than 24 hour notice prior to the commitment date.

For BellSouth Results:

BellSouth does not provide a FOC to its retail customers.

Calculation

Percent Completions or Attempts without Notice or with Less Than 24 Hours Notice = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Completion Dispatches (Successful and Unsuccessful) With No FOC or FOC Received < 24 Hours of Original Committed Due Date
- b = All Completions

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Dispatch /Non-Dispatch
- Total Orders FOC < 24 Hours
- Total Completed Service Orders
- % FOC < 24 Hours

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Committed Due Date (DD)• FOC End Timestamp• Report Month• CLEC Order Number and PON• Geographic Scope<ul style="list-style-type: none">- State / Region	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resale Residence • Resale Business • Resale Design • Resale PBX • Resale Centrex • Resale ISDN • LNP (Standalone) • INP (Standalone) • 2W Analog Loop Design • 2W Analog Loop Non-Design • 2W Analog Loop Design With LNP • 2W Analog Loop Non-Design With LNP • 2W Analog Loop Design With INP • 2W Analog Loop Non-Design With INP • UNE Digital Loop < DS1 • UNE Digital Loop ≥DS1 • UNE Loop + Port Combinations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dispatch In - Switch Based • UNE Switch ports • UNE Combo Other • UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) • UNE ISDN (Includes UDC) • UNE Line Sharing • UNE Line Splitting • Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport) • Local Interconnection Trunks • EELS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ≤ 5%

P-6: % Completions/Attempts without Notice or < 24 hours Notice

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not Applicable 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not Applicable

P-7: Coordinated Customer Conversions Interval

Definition

This report measures the average time it takes BellSouth to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BellSouth switch and cross connect it to CLEC equipment. This measurement applies to service orders with INP and LNP, and where the CLEC has requested BellSouth to provide a coordinated cutover.

Exclusions

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop
- Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested.

Business Rules

Where the service order includes LNP, the interval includes the total time for the cutover including the translation time to place the line back in service on the ported line. When the service order includes INP, the interval includes the total time for the cutover including the translation time to place the link back in service on the ported line. The interval is calculated for the entire cutover time for the service order and then divided by items worked in that time to give the average per-item interval for each service order.

Calculation

Coordinated Customer Conversions Interval = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date and Time for Cross Connection of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop
- b = Disconnection Date and Time of an Coordinated Unbundled Loop

Percent Coordinated Customer Conversions (for each interval) = (c ÷ d) X 100

- c = Total number of Coordinated Customer Conversions for each interval
- d = Total Number of Unbundled Loop with Coordinated Conversions (items) for the reporting period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- The interval breakout is 0-5 = 0-≤5, 5-15 = >5-≤15, ≥15 = 15 and greater, plus Overall Average Interval.

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month CLEC Order Number Committed Due Date (DD) Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) Cutover Start Time Cutover Completion time Portability Start and Completion Times (INP orders) Total Conversions (Items) <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No BellSouth Analog Exists

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unbundled Loops with INP Unbundled Loops with LNP 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 95% ≤ 15 minutes 95% ≤ 15 minutes

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unbundled Loops With INP• Unbundled Loops With LNP	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 95% \leq 15 minutes• 95% \leq 15 minutes

P-7A: Coordinated Customer Conversions – Hot Cut Timeliness % Within Interval and Average Interval

Definition

This category measures whether BellSouth begins the cutover of an unbundled loop on a coordinated and/or a time specific order at the CLEC requested start time. It measures the percentage of orders where the cut begins within 15 minutes of the requested start time of the order and the average interval.

Exclusions

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Delays caused by the CLEC
- Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested.
- All unbundled loops on multiple loop orders after the first loop.

Business Rules

This report measures whether BellSouth begins the cutover of an unbundled loop on a coordinated and/or a time specific order at the CLEC requested start time. The cut is considered on time if it starts 15 minutes before or after the requested start time. Using the scheduled time and the actual cutover start time, the measurement will calculate the percent within interval and the average interval. If a cut involves multiple lines, the cut will be considered “on time” if the first line is cut within the interval. ≤ 15 minutes includes intervals that began 15:00 minutes or less before the scheduled cut time and cuts that began 15 minutes or less after the scheduled cut time; >15 minutes, ≤30 minutes includes cuts within 15:00 – 30:00 minutes either prior to or after the scheduled cut time; >30 minutes includes cuts greater than 30:00 minutes either prior to or after the scheduled cut time. If IDLC is involved, a four hour window applies to the start time. (8 A.M. to Noon or 1 P.M. to 5 P.M.) This only applies if BellSouth notifies the CLEC by 10:30 A.M. on the day before the due date that the service is on IDLC.

A Hot Cut is considered complete when one of the following occurs:

1. BellSouth performs the hot cut, notifies the CLEC by telephone.
2. BellSouth performs the hot cut and attempts to notify the CLEC by telephone, but receives no answer and leaves a phone message.

Calculation

% within Interval = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the interval
- b = Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the reporting period

Interval = $(c - d)$

- c = Scheduled Time for Cross Connection of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop Order
- d = Actual Start Date and Time of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop Order

Average Interval = $(e \div f)$

- Sum of all Intervals
- Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the reporting period.

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
 - CLEC Aggregate
- Reported in intervals of early, on time and late cuts % ≤ 15 minutes; % >15 minutes, ≤30 minutes; % >30 minutes, plus Overall Average Interval

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month CLEC Order Number (so_nbr) Committed Due Date (DD) Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) Cutover Scheduled Start Time Cutover Actual Start Time Total Conversions Orders <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No BellSouth Analog exists

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product Reporting Level <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SL1 Time Specific SL1 Non-Time Specific SL2 Time Specific SL2 Non-Time Specific 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 95% Within + or – 15 Minutes of Scheduled Start Time
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SL1 IDLC SL2 IDLC 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 95% Within 4-hour Window

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SL1 Time Specific SL1 Non-Time Specific SL2 Time Specific SL2 Non-Time Specific 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 95% Within + or – 15 Minutes of Scheduled Start Time
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SL1 IDLC SL2 IDLC 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 95% Within 4-hour Window

P-7B: Coordinated Customer Conversions – Average Recovery Time

Definition

Measures the time between notification and resolution by BellSouth of a service outage found that can be isolated to the BellSouth side of the network. The time between notification and resolution by BellSouth must be measured to ensure that CLEC customers do not experience unjustifiable lengthy service outages during a Coordinated Customer Conversion. This report measures outages associated with Coordinated Customer Conversions prior to service order completion.

Exclusions

- Cutovers where service outages are due to CLEC caused reasons when the CLEC agrees
- Cutovers where service outages are due to end-user caused reasons when the CLEC agrees

Business Rules

Measures the outage duration time related to Coordinated Customer Conversions from the initial trouble notification until the trouble has been restored and the CLEC has been notified. The duration time is defined as the time from the initial trouble notification until the trouble has been restored and the CLEC has been notified. The interval is calculated on the total outage time for the circuits divided by the total number of outages restored during the report period to give the average outage duration.

Calculation

Recovery Time = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time That Trouble is Closed by CLEC
- b = Date & Time Initial Trouble is Opened with BellSouth

Average Recovery Time = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all the Recovery Times
- d = Number of Troubles Referred to the BellSouth

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• CLEC Company Name• CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)• Committed Due Date (DD)• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)• CLEC Acceptance Conflict (CLEC_CONFLICT)• CLEC Conflict Resolved (CLEC_CON_RES)• CLEC Conflict MFC (CLEC_CONFLICT_MFC)• Total Conversion Orders <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• None

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unbundled Loops with INP• Unbundled Loops with LNP	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Diagnostic (To Be Established at The 6 Month Review Period)

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

P-7C: Hot Cut Conversions - % Provisioning Troubles Received Within 7 days of a completed Service Order

Definition

The Percent Provisioning Troubles received within 7 days of a completed service order associated with a Hot Cut Conversion (CCC) measures the quality and accuracy of Coordinated Customer Conversion Activities.

Exclusions

- Any order canceled by the CLEC
- Troubles caused by Customer Provided Equipment

Business Rules

Measures the quality and accuracy of completed service orders associated with Coordinated and Non-coordinated Customer Conversions. The first trouble report received on a circuit ID within 7 days following a service order completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed Coordinated Customer Conversion service orders and following 7 days after the completion of the service order for a trouble report issue date.

Calculation

% Provisioning Troubles within 7 days of service order completion = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = The sum of all CCC Circuits with a trouble within 7 days following service order(s) completion
- b = The total number of CCC service order circuits completed in the previous report calendar month

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)• PON• Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)• Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID)• Status Type• Status Notice Date• Standard Order Activity• Geographic Scope• Total Conversion Circuits <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No BellSouth Analog exists

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UNE Loop Design• UNE Loop Non-Design	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ≤ 5% (To be reviewed after six month period)

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UNE Loop Design• UNE Loop Non-Design	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• $\leq 5\%$ (To be reviewed after six month period)

P-8: Cooperative Acceptance Testing - % of xDSL Loops Successfully Tested

Definition

A loop will be considered successfully cooperatively tested when both the CLEC and ILEC representatives agree that the loop has passed the cooperative testing.

Exclusions

- Testing failures due to CLEC (incorrect contact number, CLEC not ready, etc.)
- xDSL lines with no request for cooperative testing

Business Rules

When a BellSouth technician finishes delivering an order for an xDSL loop where the CLEC order calls for cooperative testing at the customer's premise, the BellSouth technician is to call a toll free number to the CLEC testing center. The BellSouth technician and the CLEC representative at the center then test the line. As an example of the type of testing performed, the testing center may ask the technician to put a short on the line so that the center can run a test to see if it can identify the short. CLEC caused failures will be captured in the raw data files.

Calculation

Cooperative Acceptance Testing - % of xDSL Loops Successfully Tested = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of successful xDSL cooperative tests for xDSL lines where cooperative testing was requested in the reporting period
- b = Total Number of xDSL line tests requested by the CLEC and scheduled in the reporting period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Type of Loop tested

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Company Name (OCN) • CLEC Order Number (so_nbr) and PON (PON) • Committed Due Date (DD) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Acceptance Testing Completed (ACCEPT_TESTING) • Acceptance Testing Declined (ACCEPT_TESTING) • Total xDSL Orders • Missed Appointments Code (SO_MISSED_CMMT_CD) <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No BellSouth Analog Exists

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNE xDSL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ADSL - HDSL - UCL - OTHER 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 95% of Lines Successfully Tested

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UNE xDSL<ul style="list-style-type: none">- ADSL- HDSL- UCL- Other	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 95% of Lines Successfully Tested

P-9: % Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion

Definition

Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion measures the quality and accuracy of Service order activities.

Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) Test order types may be C, N, R, or T.
- D & F orders
- Trouble reports caused and closed out to Customer Provided Equipment (CPE)

Business Rules

Measures the quality and accuracy of completed orders. The first trouble report from a service order after completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed service orders and following 30 days after completion of the service order for a trouble report issue date.

D & F orders are excluded as there is no subsequent activity following a disconnect.

Note: Standalone LNP historical data is not available in the maintenance systems (LMOS or WFA).

Calculation

% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Trouble reports on all completed orders 30 days following service order(s) completion
- b = All Service Orders completed in the previous report calendar month

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch /Non-Dispatch (except trunks)

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number and PON • Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID) • Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID) • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BellSouth Order Number • Order Submission Date • Order Submission Time • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resale Residence 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retail Residence

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Business	• Retail business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS - Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch In - Switch-Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch In - Switch-Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL to Retail
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS - Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch In - Switch-Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch In - Switch-Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN (Includes UDC)	• Retail ISDN BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail
• UNE Line Splitting	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• EELs	• Retail DS1/DS3

P-9: % Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion

P-10: Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

Definition

This report measures the total service order cycle time from receipt of a valid service order request to the return of a completion notice to the CLEC Interface.

Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) Test order types may be C, N, R, or T.
- D (Disconnect - Except "D" orders associated with LNP Standalone.) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address).
- "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- Orders with CLEC/Subscriber caused delays or CLEC/Subscriber requested due date changes.

Business Rules

The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines three reports: FOC Timeliness, Average Order Completion Interval and Average Completion Notice Interval.

This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when a completion notice is sent to the CLEC Interface (LENS, TAG OR EDI). Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33 day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

Reporting is by Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized receipt of LSRs.

Calculation

Total Service Order Cycle Time = (a - b)

- a = Service Order Completion Notice Date
- b = Service Request Receipt Date

Average Total Service Order Cycle Time = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Total Service Order Cycle Times
- d = Total Number Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

Total Service Order Cycle Time Interval Distribution (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total Number of Service Requests Completed in "X" minutes/hours
- f = Total Number of Service Requests Received in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Fully Mechanized; Partially Mechanized; Non-Mechanized
- Report in categories of <10 line/circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch /Non-Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks
- Intervals 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, ≥ 30 Days. The interval breakout is: 0-5 = 0-<5, 5-10 = 5-<10, 10-15 = 10-<15, 15-20 = 15-<20, 20-25 = 20-<25, 25-30 = 25-<30, ≥ 30 = 30 and greater.

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Interval for FOC • CLEC Company Name (OCN) • Order Number (PON) • Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BellSouth Order Number • Order Submission Date & Time • Order Completion Date & Time • Service Type • Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resale Residence • Resale Business • Resale Design • Resale PBX • Resale Centrex • Resale ISDN • LNP (Standalone) • INP (Standalone) • 2W Analog Loop Design • 2W Analog Loop Non-Design • 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design • 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design • 2W Analog Loop With INP Design • 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design • UNE Switch Ports • UNE Loop + Port Combinations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dispatch In - Switch Based • UNE Combo Other • UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) • UNE ISDN (Includes UDC) • UNE Line Sharing • UNE Other Design • UNE Other Non -Design • UNE Digital Loops < DS1 • UNE Digital Loops ≥ DS1 • Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport) • Local Interconnection Trunks • UNE Line Splitting • EELs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnostic

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

P-10: Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

P-11: Service Order Accuracy

Definition

The “service order accuracy” measurement measures the accuracy and completeness of BellSouth service orders by comparing what was ordered and what was completed.

Exclusions

- Cancelled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D & F orders

Business Rules

A statistically valid sample of service orders, completed during a monthly reporting period, is compared to the original account profile and the order that the CLEC sent to BellSouth. An order is “completed without error” if all service attributes and account detail changes (as determined by comparing the original order) completely and accurately reflect the activity specified on the original order and any supplemental CLEC order. For both small and large sample sizes, when a Service Request cannot be matched with a corresponding Service Order, it will not be counted. For small sample sizes an effort will be made to replace the service request.

Service Order Accuracy Sampling Process: A list of all orders completed in the report month is generated. The orders are then listed by the disaggregations specified in the SQM. For each disaggregation, the quantity of completed orders and the error rate for each disaggregation from the previous month are entered into a “Stratified Random Sampling for Proportions” formula. This formula determines the number of orders that are to be reviewed for each disaggregation. Once the sample size for each disaggregation is determined, the specified quantity of orders for each disaggregation are pulled for review.

Calculation

Percent Service Order Accuracy = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Orders Completed without Error
- b = Orders Completed in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; >= 10 line/circuits
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• CLEC Order Number and PON• Local Service Request (LSR)• Order Submission Date• Committed Due Date• Service Type• Standard Order Activity	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No BellSouth Analog Exist

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resale Residence • Resale Business • Resale Design (Specials) • UNE Specials (Design) • UNE (Non-Design) • Local Interconnection Trunks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 95% Accurate

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale	• 95%
• UNE	• 95%
• UNE-P	• 95%

P-12: LNP-Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval & Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution

Definition

Disconnect Timeliness is defined as the interval between the time ESI Number Manager receives the valid 'Number Ported' message from NPAC (signifying the CLEC 'Activate') until the time the Disconnect is completed in the Central Office switch. This interval effectively measures BellSouth responsiveness by isolating it from impacts that are caused by CLEC related activities.

Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.

Business Rules

The Disconnect Timeliness interval is determined for each number ported associated with a disconnect service order processed on an LSR during the reporting period. The Disconnect Timeliness interval is the elapsed time from when BellSouth receives a valid 'Number Ported' message in ESI Number Manager (signifying the CLEC 'Activate') for each telephone number ported until each number on the service order is disconnected in the Central Office switch. Elapsed time for each ported number is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the total number of selected telephone numbers disconnected in the reporting period.

Calculation

Disconnect Timeliness Interval = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date and Time in Central Office switch for each number on disconnect order
- b = Valid 'Number Ported' message received date & time

Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Disconnect Timeliness Intervals
- d = Total Number of disconnected numbers completed in reporting period

Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Disconnected numbers completed in "X" days
- f = Total disconnect numbers completed in reporting period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
 - State, Region

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Order Number• Telephone Number / Circuit Number• Committed Due Date• Receipt Date / Time (ESI Number Manager)• Date/Time of Recent Change Notice	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation:	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	• $95\% \leq 15$ Minutes

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

Section 4: Maintenance & Repair

M&R-1: Missed Repair Appointments

Definition

The percent of trouble reports not cleared by the committed date and time.

Exclusions

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

Business Rules

The negotiated commitment date and time is established when the repair report is received. The cleared time is the date and time that BellSouth personnel clear the trouble and closes the trouble report in his/her Computer Access Terminal (CAT) or workstation. If this is after the Commitment time, the report is flagged as a “Missed Commitment” or a missed repair appointment. When the data for this measure is collected for BellSouth and a CLEC, it can be used to compare the percentage of the time repair appointments are missed due to BellSouth reasons. (No access reports are not part of this measure because they are not a missed appointment.)

Note: Appointment intervals vary with force availability in the POTS environment. Specials and Trunk intervals are standard interval appointments of no greater than 24 hours. Standalone LNP historical data is not available in the maintenance systems (LMOS or WFA).

Calculation

Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Count of Customer Troubles Not Cleared by the Quoted Commitment Date and Time
- b = Total Trouble reports closed in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• CLEC Company Name• Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)• Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC)• Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• BellSouth Company Code• Submission Date & Time• Completion Date• Service Type• Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)• Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non – Design	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of switch-based feature troubles
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non – Design	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of switch-based feature troubles
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE Digital Loop \geq DS1	• Retail Digital Loop \geq DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

M&R-2: Customer Trouble Report Rate

Definition

Initial and repeated customer direct or referred troubles reported within a calendar month per 100 lines/circuits in service.

Exclusions

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

Business Rules

Customer Trouble Report Rate is computed by accumulating the number of maintenance initial and repeated trouble reports during the reporting period. The resulting number of trouble reports are divided by the total “number of service” lines, ports or combination that exist for the CLECs and BellSouth respectively at the end of the report month.

Calculation

Customer Trouble Report Rate = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Count of Initial and Repeated Trouble Reports closed in the Current Period
- b = Number of Service Access Lines in service at End of the Report Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• CLEC Company Name• Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)• Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC)• # Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period• Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• BellSouth Company Code• Ticket Submission Date & Time• Ticket Completion Date• Service Type• Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)• # Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period• Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence & Business Dispatch

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• 2W Analog Loop Non – Design	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of switch-based feature troubles)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non – Design	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of switch-based feature troubles)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UNE Other Non-Design	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Retail Residence and Business
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Local Interconnection Trunks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity with Retail

M&R-3: Maintenance Average Duration

Definition

The Average duration of Customer Trouble Reports from the receipt of the Customer Trouble Report to the time the trouble report is cleared.

Exclusions

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

Business Rules

For Average Duration the clock starts on the date and time of the receipt of the correct report information, i.e. correct telephone number, correct circuit identification, trouble description, etc. for the repair request. The clock stops on the date and time the service is restored and the BellSouth or CLEC customer is notified (when the technician completes the trouble ticket on his/her CAT or work systems).

Calculation

Maintenance Duration = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Service Restoration
- b = Date and Time Trouble Ticket was Opened

Average Maintenance Duration = (c ÷ d)

- c = Total of all maintenance durations in the reporting period
- d = Total Closed Troubles in the reporting period

Report Structure

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience:	Relating to BellSouth Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Total Tickets (LINE_NBR) • CLEC Company Name • Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC) • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Total Tickets • BellSouth Company Code • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket Submission Time • Ticket Completion Date • Ticket Completion Time • Total Duration Time • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resale Residence 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retail Residence
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resale Business 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retail business

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non – Design	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of switch-based feature troubles)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non – Design	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of switch-based feature troubles)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

M&R-4: Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days

Definition

Closed trouble reports on the same line/circuit as a previous trouble report received within 30 calendar days as a percent of total troubles closed reported

Exclusions

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

Business Rules

Includes Customer trouble reports received within 30 days of an original Customer trouble report

Calculation

Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Count of closed Customer Troubles where more than one trouble report was logged for the same service line within a continuous 30 days
- b = Total Trouble Reports Closed in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Total Tickets (LINE_NBR) • CLEC Company Name • Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Ticket Completion Date (CMLTN_DT) • Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days (TOT_REPEAT) • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC) • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Total Tickets • BellSouth Company Code • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket Submission Time • Ticket Completion Date • Ticket Completion Time • Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non – Design	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of switch-based feature troubles)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non – Design	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of switch-based feature troubles)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

M&R-5: Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours

Definition

For Out of Service Troubles (no dial tone, cannot be called or cannot call out) the percentage of Total OOS Troubles cleared in excess of 24 hours. (All design services are considered to be out of service).

Exclusions

- Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request
- BellSouth Trouble Reports associated with administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.

Business Rules

Customer Trouble reports that are out of service and cleared in excess of 24 hours. The clock begins when the trouble report is created in LMOS/WFA and the trouble is counted if the elapsed time exceeds 24 hours.

Calculation

Out of Service (OOS) > 24 hours = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total Cleared Troubles OOS > 24 Hours
- b = Total OOS Troubles in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- BellSouth Aggregate
- CLEC Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Tickets • CLEC Company Name • Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Percentage of Customer Troubles out of • Service > 24 Hours (OOS>24_FLAG) • Service type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE-DESC) • Geographic Scope <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Tickets • BellSouth Company Code • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket Submission time • Ticket Completion Date • Ticket Completion Time • Percent of Customer Troubles out of Service > 24 Hours • Service type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • Geographic Scope

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non – Design	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of switch-based feature troubles)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non – Design	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of switch-based feature troubles)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

M&R-5: Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours

M&R-6: Average Answer Time – Repair Centers

Definition

This report measures the average time a customer is in queue.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The clock starts when a CLEC Representative or BellSouth customer makes a choice on the Repair Center's menu and is put in queue for the next repair attendant. The clock stops when the repair attendant answers the call (abandoned calls are not included).

Note: The Total Column is a combined BellSouth Residence and Business number.

Calculation

Answer Time for BellSouth Repair Centers = (a - b)

- a = Time BellSouth Repair Attendant Answers Call
- b = Time of entry into queue after ACD Selection

Average Answer Time for BellSouth Repair Centers = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Answer Times
- d = Total number of calls by reporting period

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
• CLEC Average Answer Time	• BellSouth Average Answer Time

SQM Disaggregation - Analog / Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog / Benchmark
• Region. CLEC/BellSouth Service Centers and BellSouth Repair Centers are regional.	• For CLEC, Average Answer Times in UNE Center and BRMC are comparable to the Average Answer Times in the BellSouth Repair Centers.

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

M&R-7: Mean Time To Notify CLEC of Network Outages

Definition

BellSouth will inform the CLEC of any Network outages (key customer accounts)

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The time it takes for BellSouth to notify the CLEC and appropriate BellSouth personnel of a customer impacting network incident in equipment that may be utilized by the CLEC. When BellSouth becomes aware of a network incident, the CLEC and appropriate BellSouth personnel will be notified electronically. The notification time for each outage will be measured in minutes and divided by the number of outages for the reporting period. The CLECs will be notified the same way and at the same time as BellSouth personnel. These are broadcast messages. It is up to those receiving the message to determine if they have customers affected by the incident.

Calculation

Time to Notify CLEC = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time BellSouth Notified CLEC
- b = Date and time BellSouth detected network incident

Mean Time to Notify CLEC = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Times to Notify CLEC
- d = Count of Network Incidents

Report Structure

- BellSouth Aggregate
- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Major Network Events• Date/Time of Incident• Date/Time of Notification	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Major Network Events• Date/Time of Incident• Date/Time of Notification

SQM Disaggregation - Analog / Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog / Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• BellSouth Aggregate• CLEC Aggregate• CLEC Specific	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity by Design

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

M&R-7: Mean Time To Notify CLEC of Network Outages

Section 5: Billing

B-1: Invoice Accuracy

Definition

This measure provides the percentage of accuracy of the billing invoices rendered to CLECs during the current month.

Exclusions

- Adjustments not related to billing errors (e.g., credits for service outage, special promotion credits, adjustments to satisfy the customer)
- Test Accounts

Business Rules

The accuracy of billing invoices delivered by BellSouth to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of billing accuracy comparative to BellSouth bills rendered to retail customers of BellSouth. CLECs request adjustments on bills determined to be incorrect. The BellSouth Billing verification process includes manually analyzing a sample of local bills from each bill period. The bill verification process draws from a mix of different customer billing options and types of service. An end-to-end auditing process is performed for new products and services. Internal measurements and controls are maintained on all billing processes. The CLEC-specific raw data file (which is available on the PMAP web site) will contain the number of bills and adjustments for the reporting month. The number of bills and bill adjustments will be displayed by OCN and/or ACNA.

Calculation

$$\text{Invoice Accuracy} = [(a - b) \div a] \times 100$$

- a = Absolute Value of Total Billed Revenues during current month
- b = Absolute Value of Billing Related Adjustments during current month

$$\text{Measure of Adjustments} = [(c - d) \div c] \times 100$$

- c = Number of Bills in current month
- d = Number of Billing-related Adjustments in current month

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
 - Region
 - State

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Invoice Type<ul style="list-style-type: none">- UNE- Resale- Interconnection• Total Billed Revenue• Billing Related Adjustments• Number of Bills• Number of Adjustments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Retail Type<ul style="list-style-type: none">- CRIS- CABS• Total Billed Revenue• Billing Related Adjustments

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Product/Invoice Type<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Resale- UNE- Interconnection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity with BellSouth Retail Aggregate

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Resale• UNE• Interconnection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity with Retail

B-2: Mean Time to Deliver Invoices

Definition

Bill Distribution is calculated as follows: CRIS BILLS-The number of workdays is reported for CRIS bills. This is calculated by counting the Bill Period date as the first work day. Weekends and holidays are excluded when counting workdays. J/N Bills are counted in the CRIS work day category for the purposes of the measurement since their billing account number (Q account) is provided from the CRIS system.

CABS BILLS-The number of calendar days is reported for CABS bills. This is calculated by counting the day following the Bill Period date as the first calendar day. Weekends and holidays are included when counting the calendar days.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

This report measures the mean interval for timeliness of billing records delivered to CLECs in an agreed upon format. CRIS-based invoices are measured in business days, and CABS-based invoices in calendar days.

Calculation

Invoice Timeliness = (a - b)

- a = Invoice Transmission Date
- b = Close Date of Scheduled Bill Cycle

Mean Time To Deliver Invoices = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Invoice Timeliness intervals
- d = Count of Invoices Transmitted in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
 - Region
 - State

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Invoice Type<ul style="list-style-type: none">- UNE- Resale- Interconnection- State• Invoice Transmission Count• Date of Scheduled Bill Close	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Invoice Type<ul style="list-style-type: none">- CRIS- CABS• Invoice Transmission Count• Date of Scheduled Bill Close

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Product/Invoice Type <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Resale• UNE• Interconnection• State	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CRIS-based invoices will be released for delivery within six (6) business days.• CABS-based invoices will be released for delivery within eight (8) calendar days.• CLEC Average Delivery Intervals for both CRIS and CABS Invoices are comparable to BellSouth Average delivery for both systems.

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CLEC State<ul style="list-style-type: none">- CRIS- CABS• BST-State	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity with Retail

B-3: Usage Data Delivery Accuracy

Definition

This measurement captures the percentage of recorded usage that is delivered error free and in an acceptable format to the appropriate Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC). These percentages will provide the necessary data for use as a comparative measurement for BellSouth performance. This measurement captures Data Delivery Accuracy rather than the accuracy of the individual usage recording.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The accuracy of the data delivery of usage records delivered by BellSouth to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of accuracy comparative to BellSouth bills rendered to their retail customers. If errors are detected in the delivery process, they are investigated, evaluated and documented. Errors are corrected and the data retransmitted to the CLEC.

Calculation

Usage Data Delivery Accuracy (Packs) = $(a - b) \div a \times 100$ (This calculation not ordered by the FPSC)

- a = Total number of usage data packs sent during current month
- b = Total number of usage data packs requiring retransmission during current month

Usage Data Delivery Accuracy (Records) = $(c - d) \div c \times 100$

- c = Total number of usage records sent during current month
- d = Total number of usage records requiring retransmission during current month

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
 - Region

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BellSouth Recorded - Non-BellSouth Recorded • Number of Records • Packs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Record Type • Number of Records • Packs

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Region 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parity With Retail

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CLEC State (In Tennessee, SEEM is based on records.)• BellSouth Region	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity with Retail

B-4: Usage Data Delivery Completeness

Definition

This measurement provides percentage of complete and accurately recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BellSouth for billing) that is processed and transmitted to the CLEC within thirty (30) days of the message recording date. A parity measure is also provided showing completeness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. BellSouth delivers its own retail usage from recording location to billing location via CMDS as well as delivering billing data to other companies. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The purpose of these measurements is to demonstrate the level of quality of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

Calculation

Usage Data Delivery Completeness = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during current month that are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date
- b = Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BellSouth Recorded - Non-BellSouth Recorded 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Record Type

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Region 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parity With Retail

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

B-5: Usage Data Delivery Timeliness

Definition

This measurement provides a percentage of recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BellSouth for billing) that is delivered to the appropriate CLEC within six (6) calendar days from the receipt of the initial recording. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the level of timeliness for processing and transmission of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. The usage data will be mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. The Timeliness interval of usage recorded by other companies is measured from the date BellSouth receives the records to the date BellSouth distributes to the CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC

Calculation

Usage Data Delivery Timeliness Current month = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of usage records sent within six (6) calendar days from initial recording/receipt
- b = Total number of usage records sent

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Record Type<ul style="list-style-type: none">- BellSouth Recorded- Non-BellSouth Recorded	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Record Type

SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Region	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity with Retail

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

B-6: Mean Time to Deliver Usage

Definition

This measurement provides the average time it takes to deliver Usage Records to a CLEC. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The purpose of this measure is to calculate the average number of days it takes BellSouth to deliver usage data to the appropriate CLEC. The calculation reflects the differences between the date the data is transmitted or mailed to the CLEC and the date the data is generated by Customer divided by the total record volume delivery.

Each delivery record is calculated as the time, in days, between when the customer generates the call and when BellSouth delivers the usage data to the CLEC. Each delivery record is categorized by the resulting number of days.

An estimated interval is calculated for each category by taking the total number of usage data records delivered for that period and multiplying it by the total number of days in that period. The mean (average) time to deliver the usage data is calculated by summing all estimated intervals and dividing by the total number of records delivered.

Note: Any usage record falling in the 30+ day interval will be added using an average figure of 31.5 days.

Usage data is mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

Calculation

Delivery Interval Record = (a - b)

- a = Date BellSouth delivers the usage data
- b = Date usage data is generated by the customer

Estimated Interval = (c X d)

- c = Number of records delivered in each category
- d = Number of days to deliver for the category

Mean Time to Deliver Usage = (e ÷ f)

- e = Sum of all estimated intervals
- f = Total number of records delivered

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Record Type<ul style="list-style-type: none">- BellSouth Recorded- Non-BellSouth Recorded	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• Record Type

SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• Parity With Retail

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

B-7: Recurring Charge Completeness

Definition

This measure captures percentage of fractional recurring charges appearing on the correct bill.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The effective date of the recurring charge must be within 30 days of the bill date for the charge to appear on the correct bill.

Calculation

Recurring Charge Completeness = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Count of fractional recurring charges that are on the correct bill¹
- b = Total count of fractional recurring charges that are on the correct bill

¹Correct bill = next available bill

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report month• Invoice Type• Total Recurring Charges Billed• Total Billed On Time	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report month• Retail Analog• Total recurring charges billed• Total Billed On Time

SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Product/Invoice Type	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Resale	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UNE	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Benchmark 90%
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Interconnection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Benchmark 90%

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

B-8: Non-Recurring Charge Completeness

Definition

This measure captures percentage of non-recurring charges appearing on the correct bill.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The effective date of the non-recurring charge must be within 30 days of the bill date for the charge to appear on the correct bill.

Calculation

Non-Recurring Charge Completeness = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Count of non-recurring charges that are on the correct bill¹
- b = Total count of non-recurring charges that are on the correct bill

¹Correct bill = next available bill

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report month• Invoice type• Total non-recurring charges billed• Total billed on time	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report month• Retail Analog• Total non-recurring charges billed• Total billed on time

SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Product/Invoice Type	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Resale	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UNE	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Benchmark 90%
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Interconnection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Benchmark 90%

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

B-9: Percent Daily Usage Feed Errors Corrected in X Business Days

Definition

Measures the timely correction of Daily Usage Feed (DUF) errors in record information and Pack formats measured separately. Errors included (1) Pack Failure errors and (2) EMI content errors in records.

Exclusions

- Usage that cannot be corrected and resent or usage that the CLEC doesn't want Retransmitted.
- CLEC Problem/Issue/File Retransmission forms disputed by BellSouth SMEs that do not result in an EMI error.
- CLEC notification received by BellSouth > 10 business days from transmission date of errored messages or packs.

Business Rules

This measure will provide the % of errors corrected in X Business days.

Pack Failure errors are defined as a DUF header/trailer error containing one or more of the following conditions: Grand total records not equal to records in pack or sequence/invoice numbers for a from RAO is not sequential

EMI content errors are defined as those records with errors contained in the EMI detail records that cause a message to be unbillable by the CLEC

Only notification received via the CLEC Problem/Issue/File Retransmission form will be included in this measure. To locate the form, go to the PMAP web site (<http://www.pmap.bellsouth.com/>) and click the Documentation Downloads link, then select the "CLEC Problem/Issue/File Retransmission form."

When circumstances arise for multiple content errors it is not necessary for the form to be filled out in its entirety, the CLECs agree to provide sufficient information for content error research so that a thorough investigation and resolution can be completed.

For each type error condition, a new CLEC Problem/Issue/File Retransmission form should be submitted.

EMI content errors should be attached in a separate file from the CLEC Problem/Issue/File Retransmission form

Elapsed time is measured in business days.

The clock starts when BellSouth receives CLEC's Problem/Issue/File Retransmission form.

The clock stops when BellSouth provides the corrected usage to the CLEC using the predesignated DUF delivery method.

This measure applies only to CLECs that are ODUF and ADUF participants

Calculation

Timeliness of Daily Usage EMI Content Errors Corrected = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of Daily Usage Records with EMI Content Errors Corrected in the reporting month within 10 Business Days.
- b = Total number of Daily Usage Records with EMI Content Errors corrected in reporting month.

Timeliness of Daily Usage Pack Format Errors Corrected = $(c \div d) \times 100$

- c = Total number of Daily Usage Packs with Format Errors Corrected in the reporting month within 4 Business Days.
- d = Total number of Daily Usage Packs with Format Errors corrected in reporting month

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
 - Total number of BST disputed Daily Usage Records with EMI Content Errors received in reporting month.
 - Total number of Daily Usage Records with EMI Content Errors received in reporting month.
 - Total number of BST disputed Daily Usage Packs with Format Errors received in reporting month
 - Total number of Daily Usage Packs with Format Errors received in reporting month
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
 - Region

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Report month<ul style="list-style-type: none">BellSouth RecordedNon-BellSouth Recorded	<ul style="list-style-type: none">None

SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Region	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Diagnostic

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Not Applicable	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Not Applicable

B-10: Percent Billing Errors Corrected in X Days

Definition

Measures timely carrier bill adjustments.

Exclusions

Billing adjustments requests that are rejected by BellSouth or disputed by BellSouth.

Adjustments that are initiated by BellSouth.

Business Rules

This measure applies to CLEC wholesale bill adjustments. IXC Access billing adjustment requests are not reflected in this measure. Elapsed time is measured in business days. Clock starts when BellSouth receives the ALECs Billing Adjustment Request (BAR) form (BAR form and instructions found at [WWW.interconnection.bellsouth.com/forms/html/billing & collections.html](http://WWW.interconnection.bellsouth.com/forms/html/billing%20&%20collections.html)) and the clock stops when adjustments is made to bill through ACATS or BOCRIS (generally next CLEC bill unless adjustment request after middle of the month). BellSouth will report separately those adjustment requests that are disputed by BellSouth.

Calculation

Percent Billing Errors Corrected in 45 Days = $(a / b) \times 100$

- a = Number of BellSouth Adjustments in 45 Days
- b = Total Number of Adjustment Requests in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope:
- State Specific

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Number of BellSouth Adjustments in 45 days• Total number of Billing Adjustment Requests in Reporting Period• Number of Adjustments disputed by BellSouth (reported separately)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• None

SQM Disaggregation - Retail Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Diagnostic

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

B-10: Percent Billing Errors Corrected in X Days

Section 6: Operator Services And Directory Assistance

OS-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Toll

Definition

Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a toll operator.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

Calculation

Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Toll = $a \div b$

- a = Total queue time
- b = Total calls answered

Note: Total queue time includes time that answered calls wait in queue as well as time abandoned calls wait in queue prior to abandonment.

Report Structure

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
 - State

Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (Toll)
- Average Speed of Answer

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

OS-2: Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered with “X” Seconds – Toll

Definition

Measurement of the percent of toll calls that are answered in less than ten seconds

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

Calculation

The Percent Answered within “X” Seconds measurement for toll is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within “X” seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

Report Structure

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
 - State

Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

- For the items below, BellSouth’s Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (Toll)
- Average Speed of Answer

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation:	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

DA-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA)

Definition

Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a DA operator.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

Calculation

Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA) = $a \div b$

- a = Total queue time
- b = Total calls answered

Note: Total queue time includes time that answered calls wait in queue as well as time abandoned calls wait in queue prior to abandonment.

Report Structure

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
 - State

Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- Average Speed of Answer

SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

DA-2: Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within “X” Seconds – Directory Assistance (DA)

Definition

Measurement of the percent of DA calls that are answered in less than twelve seconds.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

Calculation

The Percent Answered within “X” Seconds measurement for DA is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within “X” seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

Report Structure

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
 - State

Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

- For the items below, BellSouth’s Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.
- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- Average Speed of Answer

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

Section 7: Database Update Information

D-1: Average Database Update Interval

Definition

This report measures the interval from receipt of the database change request to the completion of the update to the database for Line Information Database (LIDB), Directory Assistance and Directory Listings.

Exclusions

- Updates Canceled by the CLEC
- Initial update when supplemented by CLEC
- BellSouth updates associated with internal or administrative use of local services.

Business Rules

The interval for this measure begins with the date and time stamp when a service order is completed and the completion notice is released to all systems to be updated with the order information including Directory Assistance, Directory Listings, and Line Information Database (LIDB). The end time stamp is the date and time of completion of updates to the system.

For BellSouth Results:

The BellSouth computation is identical to that for the CLEC with the clarifications noted below.

Other Clarifications and Qualification:

- For LIDB, the elapsed time for a BellSouth update is measured from the point in time when the BellSouth file maintenance process makes the LIDB update information available until the date and time reported by BellSouth that database updates are completed.
- Results for the CLECs are captured and reported at the update level by Reporting Dimension (see below).
- The Completion Date is the date upon which BellSouth issues the Update Completion Notice to the CLEC.
- If the CLEC initiates a supplement to the originally submitted update and the supplement reflects changes in customer requirements (rather than responding to BellSouth initiated changes), then the update submission date and time will be the date and time of BellSouth receipt of a syntactically correct update supplement. Update activities responding to BellSouth initiated changes will not result in changes to the update submission date and time used for the purposes of computing the update completion interval.
- Elapsed time is measured in hours and hundredths of hours rounded to the nearest tenth of an hour.
- Because this should be a highly automated process, the accumulation of elapsed time continues through off-schedule, weekends and holidays; however, scheduled maintenance windows are excluded.

Calculation

Update Interval = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date & Time of Database Update
- b = Submission Date and Time of Database Change

Average Update Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Update Intervals
- d = Total Number of Updates Completed During Reporting Period

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (Under development)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Database File Submission Time• Database File Update Completion Time• CLEC Number of Submissions• Total Number of Updates	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Database File Submission Time• Database File Update Completion Time• BellSouth Number of Submissions• Total Number of Updates

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation:	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Database Type <ul style="list-style-type: none">• LIDB• Directory Listings• Directory Assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parity by Design

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

D-2: Percent Database Update Accuracy

Definition

This report measures the accuracy of database updates by BellSouth for Line Information Database (LIDB) Directory Assistance and Directory Listings using a statistically valid sample of LSRs/Orders in a manual review. This manual review is not conducted on BellSouth Retail Orders.

Exclusions

- Updates canceled by the CLEC
- Initial update when supplemented by CLEC
- CLEC orders that had CLEC errors
- BellSouth updates associated with internal or administrative use of local services.

Business Rules

For each update completed during the reporting period, the original update that the CLEC sent to BellSouth is compared to the database following completion of the update by BellSouth. An update is “completed without error” if the database completely and accurately reflects the activity specified on the original and supplemental update (e.g., orders) submitted by the CLEC. Each database (e.g., LIDB, Directory Assistance and Directory Listings) should be separately tracked and reported.

A statistically valid sample of CLEC Orders will be pulled each month. The sample will be used to test the accuracy of the database update process. This is a manual process.

Calculation

Percent Update Accuracy = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Number of Updates Completed Without Error
- b = Number Updates Completed

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific (not available in this report)
- BellSouth Aggregate (not available in this report)

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Report Month• CLEC Order Number (so_nbr) and PON (PON)• Local Service Request (LSR)• Order Submission Date• Number of Orders Reviewed <p>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Database Type <ul style="list-style-type: none">• LIDB• Directory Listings	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 95% Accurate

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

D-3: Percent NXXs and LRNs Loaded by the LERG Effective Date

Definition

Measurement of the percent of NXX(s) and Location Routing Numbers LRN(s) loaded and tested in new end office and/or tandem switches by the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) effective date when facilities are in place. BellSouth has a single provisioning process for both NXX(s) and LRN(s). In this measure BellSouth will identify whether or not a particular NXX has been flagged as LNP capable (set triggers for dips) by the LERG effective date.

An LRN is assigned by the owner of the switch and is placed into the software translations for every switch to be used as an administrative pointer to route NXX(s) in LNP capable switches. The LRN is a result of Local Number Porting and is housed in a national database provided by the Number Portability Administration Center (NPAC). The switch owner is responsible for notifying NPAC and requesting the effective date that will be reflected in the LERG. The national database downloads routing tables into BellSouth's Service Control Point (SCP) regional databases, which are queried by switches when routing ported numbers.

The basic NXX routing process includes the addition of all NXX(s) in the response translations. This addition to response translations is what supports LRN routing. Routing instructions for all NXX(s), including LRN(s), are received from the Advance Routing & Trunking System (ARTS) and all routing, including response, is established based on the information contained in the Translation Work Instructions (TWINs) document.

Exclusions

- Activation requests where the CLEC's interconnection arrangements and facilities are not in place by the LERG effective date.
- Expedite requests

Business Rules

Data for the initial NXX(s) and LRN(s) in a local calling area will be based on the LERG effective date or completion of the initial interconnection trunk group(s), whichever is longer. Data for additional NXX(s) in the local calling area will be based on the LERG effective date. The LERG effective date is loaded into the system at the request of the CLEC. It is contingent upon the CLEC to engineer, order, and install interconnection arrangements and facilities prior to that date.

The total Count of NXX(s) and LRN(s) that were scheduled to be loaded and those that were loaded by the LERG effective date in BellSouth switches will be captured in the Work Force Administration -Dispatch In database.

Calculation

Percent NXXs/LRNs Loaded and Tested Prior to the LERG Effective Date = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Count of NXXs and LRNs loaded by the LERG effective date
- b = Total NXXs and LRNs to be scheduled and loaded by the LERG effective date

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth (Not Applicable)

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Company Name• Company Code• NPA/NXX• LERG Effective Date• Loaded Date	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Geographic Scope- Region	<ul style="list-style-type: none">100% by LERG Effective Date

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Not Applicable	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Not Applicable

Section 8: E911

E-1: Timeliness

Definition

Measures the percent of batch orders for E911 database updates (to CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) processed successfully within a 24-hour period.

Exclusions

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- Facilities-based CLEC orders

Business Rules

The 24-hour processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (the BellSouth E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing batch orders extracted from the BellSouth Service Order Control System (SOCS). Processing stops when SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E911 database includes updates to the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

Calculation

$$\text{E911 Timeliness} = (a \div b) \times 100$$

- a = Number of batch orders processed within 24 hours
- b = Total number of batch orders submitted

Report Structure

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- Region

Data Retained

- Report month
- Aggregate data

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

E-2: Accuracy

Definition

Measures the percent of E911 telephone number (TN) record updates (to CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) processed successfully for E911 (including the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database).

Exclusions

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- Facilities-based CLEC orders

Business Rules

Accuracy is based on the number of records processed without error at the conclusion of the processing cycle. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (the BellSouth E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing telephone number (TN) records extracted from BellSouth's Service Order Control System (SOCS). The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

Calculation

$$\text{E911 Accuracy} = (a \div b) \times 100$$

- a = Number of record individual updates processed with no errors
- b = Total number of individual record updates

Report Structure

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- Region

Data Retained

- Report month
- Aggregate data

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

E-3: Mean Interval

Definition

Measures the mean interval processing of E911 batch orders (to update CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) including processing against the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database.

Exclusions

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- Facilities-based CLEC orders

Business Rules

The processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Data is posted in 4-hour increments up to and beyond 24 hours. The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

Calculation

E911 Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date and time of batch order completion
- b = Date and time of batch order submission

E911 Mean Interval = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all E911 Intervals
- d = Number of batch orders completed

Report Structure

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- Region

Data Retained

- Report month
- Aggregate data

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

Section 9: Trunk Group Performance

TGP-1: Trunk Group Performance-Aggregate

Definition

The Trunk Group Performance report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average trunk group blocking data for each hour of each day of the reporting cycle, for both CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups.

Exclusions

- Trunk Groups for which there was no valid data available for an entire study period
- Duplicate trunk group information

Business Rules

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BellSouth trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

Monthly Average Blocking:

- The reporting cycle includes both business and non-business days in a calendar month.
- Monthly average blocking values are calculated for each trunk group for each of the 24 time consistent hours across a reporting cycle.

Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- Used to compare aggregate blocking across trunk groups which terminate traffic at CLEC points of presence versus BellSouth switches.
- Aggregate monthly blocking data is calculated for each hour of the day across all trunk groups assigned to a category.

Trunk Categorization:

This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups so that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows.

CLEC Affecting Categories:

	Point A	Point B
Category 1:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 3:	BellSouth End Office	CLEC Switch
Category 4:	BellSouth Local Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 5:	BellSouth Access Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 10:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem	BellSouth Tandem

BellSouth Affecting Categories:

	Point A	Point B
Category 9:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth End Office

Calculation

Monthly Average Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, each day's raw data are summed across all valid measurements days in a report cycle for blocked and attempted calls.
- The sum of the blocked calls is divided by the total number of calls attempted in a reporting period.

Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, the monthly sums of the blocked and attempted calls from each trunk group are separately aggregated over all trunk groups within each assigned category.
- The total blocked calls is divided by the total call attempts within a group to calculate an aggregate monthly blocking for each assigned group.
- The result is an aggregate monthly average blocking value for each of the 24 hours by group.
- The difference between the CLEC and BellSouth affecting trunk groups are also calculated for each hour.

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
 - State

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Trunk Groups • Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC • Hourly Blocking Per Trunk Group • Hourly Usage Per Trunk Group • Hourly Call Attempts Per Trunk Group 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Trunk Groups • Aggregate Hourly Blocking Per Trunk Group • Hourly Usage Per Trunk Group • Hourly Call Attempts Per Trunk Group

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Aggregate • BellSouth Aggregate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Aggregate • BellSouth Aggregate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1,3,4,5,10,16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth

TGP-2: Trunk Group Performance – CLEC Specific

Definition

The Trunk Group Performance report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average trunk group blocking data for each hour of each day of the reporting cycle, for both CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups.

Exclusions

- Trunk Groups for which there was no valid data available for an entire study period
- Duplicate trunk group information

Business Rules

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BellSouth trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

Monthly Average Blocking:

- The reporting cycle includes both business and non-business days in a calendar month.
- Monthly average blocking values are calculated for each trunk group for each of the 24 time consistent hours across a reporting cycle.

Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- Used to compare aggregate blocking across trunk groups which terminate traffic at CLEC points of presence versus BellSouth switches.
- Aggregate monthly blocking data is calculated for each hour of the day across all trunk groups assigned to a category.

Trunk Categorization:

- This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups so that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows.

CLEC Affecting Categories:

	Point A	Point B
Category 1:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 3:	BellSouth End Office	CLEC Switch
Category 4:	BellSouth Local Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 5:	BellSouth Access Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 10:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem	BellSouth Tandem

BellSouth Affecting Categories:

	Point A	Point B
Category 9:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth End Office

Calculation

Monthly Average Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, each day's raw data are summed across all valid measurements days in a report cycle for blocked and attempted calls.
- The sum of the blocked calls is divided by the total number of calls attempted in a reporting period.

Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, the monthly sums of the blocked and attempted calls from each trunk group are separately aggregated over all trunk groups within each assigned category.
- The total blocked calls is divided by the total call attempts within a group to calculate an aggregate monthly blocking for each assigned group.
- The result is an aggregate monthly average blocking value for each of the 24 hours by group.
- The difference between the CLEC and BellSouth affecting trunk groups are also calculated for each hour.

Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
 - State

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Trunk Groups • Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC • Hourly Blocking Per Trunk Group • Hourly Usage Per Trunk Group • Hourly Call Attempts Per Trunk Group 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Trunk Groups • Aggregate Hourly Blocking Per Trunk Group • Hourly Usage Per Trunk Group • Hourly Call Attempts Per Trunk Group

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Trunk Group 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Trunk Group • BellSouth Trunk Group 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth

Section 10: Collocation

C-1: Collocation Average Response Time

Definition

Measures the average time (counted in calendar days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate collocation application (including receipt of application fee if required) to the date BellSouth returns a response electronically or in writing. Within 10 calendar days after having received a bona fide application for physical collocation, BellSouth must respond as to whether space is available or not.

Exclusions

Any application canceled by the CLEC

Business Rules

The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate collocation application accompanied by the appropriate application fee if required. The clock stops on the date that BellSouth returns a response. The clock will restart upon receipt of changes to the original application request.

Calculation

Response Time = (a - b)

- a = Request Response Date
- b = Request Submission Date

Average Response Time = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Response Times
- d = Count of Responses Returned within Reporting Period

Report Structure

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

Data Retained

- Report period
- Aggregate data

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State• Virtual-Initial• Virtual-Augment• Physical Caged-Initial• Physical Caged-Augment• Physical-Cageless-Initial• Physical Cageless-Augment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Virtual - 15 Calendar Days• Physical Caged - 15 Calendar Days• Physical Cageless - 15 Calendar Days

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

C-2: Collocation Average Arrangement Time

Definition

Measures the average time (counted in calendar days) from receipt of a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order (including receipt of appropriate fee if required) to the date BellSouth completes the collocation arrangement and notifies the CLEC and the CLEC accepts the arrangement.

Exclusions

Any Bona Fide firm order canceled by the CLEC

Business Rules

The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate Bone Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops on the date that BellSouth completes the collocation arrangement and notifies the CLEC. The cable assignments associated with the specific collocation request will be provided prior to completion of the arrangement.

Calculation

Arrangement Time = (a - b)

- a = Date Collocation Arrangement is Complete
- b = Date Order for Collocation Arrangement Submitted

Average Arrangement Time = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Arrangement Times
- d = Total Number of Collocation Arrangements Completed during Reporting Period

Report Structure

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

Data Retained

- Report period
- Aggregate data

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State• Virtual-Initial• Virtual-Augment• Physical Caged-Initial• Physical Caged-Augment• Physical Cageless-Initial• Physical Cageless-Augment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Virtual - 60 Calendar Days• Virtual-Augment - 45 Calendar Days (Without Space Increase)• Virtual-Augment - 60 Calendar Days (With Space Increase)• Physical Caged - 90 Calendar Days (Ordinary)• Physical Caged-Augment - 45 Calendar Days (Without Space Increase)• Physical Caged-Augment - 90 Calendar Days (With Space Increase)• Physical Cageless - 90 Calendar Days• Physical Cagedless-Augment - 45 Calendar Days (Without Space Increase)• Physical Cagedless-Augment - 90 Calendar Days (With Space Increase)

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

C-3: Collocation Percent of Due Dates Missed

Definition

Measures the percent of missed due dates for both virtual and physical collocation arrangements

Exclusions

Any Bona Fide firm order canceled by the CLEC

Business Rules

Percent Due Dates Missed is the percent of total collocation arrangements which BellSouth is unable to complete by end of the BellSouth committed due date. The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee if required. The arrangement is considered a missed due date if it is not completed on or before the committed due date

Calculation

% of Due Dates Missed = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Number of Completed Orders that were not completed within BellSouth Committed Due Date during Reporting Period
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

Report Structure

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

Data Retained

- Report period
- Aggregate data

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State• Virtual-Initial• Virtual- Augment• Physical Caged- Initial• Physical Caged- Augment• Physical Cageless- Initial• Physical Cageless- Augment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• $\geq 95\%$ on time

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• All Collocation Arrangements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• $\geq 95\%$ on time

Section 11: Change Management

CM-1: Timeliness of Change Management Notices

Definition

Measures whether CLECs receive required software release notices on time to prepare for BellSouth interface/system changes so CLEC interfaces are not impaired by change.

Exclusions

- Changes to release dates for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as the system software vendor changes. For example: a patch to fix a software problem.
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process (CCP)

Business Rules

This metric is designed to measure the percent of change management notices sent to the CLECs according to notification standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the notification date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. A revised notification would be required and the clock would restart. Based on release constraints for defects/expedites, notification may be less than the agreed upon interval in the CCP for new features.

Calculation

Timeliness of Change Management Notices = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of Change Management Notifications Sent Within Required Time frames
- b = Total Number of Change Management Notifications Sent

Report Structure

- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

- Report Period
- Notice Date
- Release Date

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• 98% on time

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Region	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 98% on time

CM-2: Change Management Notice Average Delay Days

Definition

Measures the average delay days for change management system release notices sent outside the time frame set forth in the Change Control Process.

Exclusions

- Changes to release dates for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as the system vendor
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process

Business Rules

This metric is designed to measure the percent of change management notices sent to the CLECs according to notification standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the notification due date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. A revised notification would be required and the clock would restart. Based on release constraints for defects/expedites, notification may be less than the agreed upon interval in the CCP for new features

Calculation

Change Management Notice Delay Days = (a - b)

- a = Date Notice Sent
- b = Date Notice Due

Change Management Notice Average Delay Days = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Change Management Notice Delay Days
- d = Total Number of Notices Sent Late

Report Structure

- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

- Report Period
- Notice Date
- Release Date

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• ≤ 5 Days

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

CM-3: Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change

Definition

Measures whether CLECs received requirements or business rule documentation on time to prepare for BellSouth interface/system changes so CLEC interfaces are not impaired by change as set forth in the Change Control Process governed by the CLEC/BellSouth Review Board.

Exclusions

- Documentation for release dates that slip less than 30 days for a change mandated by regulatory or legal entities (Federal Communications Commission [FCC], a state commission/authority, or state and federal courts) or CLEC request.
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process.

Business Rules

This metric is designed to measure the percent of requirements or business rule documentation sent to the CLECs according to documentation standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the business rule documentation release date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. Revisions to documentation could be required and the clock would restart.

Calculation

Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Change Management Documentation Sent Within Required Time frames after Notices
- b = Total Number of Change Management Documentation Sent

Report Structure

- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

- Report Period
- Notice Date
- Release Date

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• 98% on Time

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• 98% on Time

CM-4: Change Management Documentation Average Delay Days

Definition

Measures the average delay days for requirements or business rule documentation sent outside the time frames set forth in the Change Control Process.

Exclusions

- Documentation for release dates that slip less than 30 days for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as changes due to Regulatory mandate or CLEC request.
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process.

Business Rules

This metric is designed to measure the percent of requirements or business rule documentation sent to the CLECs according to documentation standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the business rule documentation release date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. Revisions to documentation could be required and the clock would restart.

Calculation

Change Management Documentation Delay Days = (a - b)

- a = Date Documentation Provided
- b = Date Documentation Due

Change Management Documentation Average Delay Days = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all CM Documentation Delay Days
- d = Total Change Management Documents Sent

Report Structure

- BellSouth Aggregate

Data Retained

- Report Period
- Notice Date
- Release Date

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• ≤ 5 Days

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

CM-5: Notification of CLEC Interface Outages

Definition

Measures the time it takes BellSouth to notify the CLEC of an outage of an interface.

Exclusions

None

Business Rules

This measure is designed to notify the CLEC of interface outages within 15 minutes of BellSouth's verification that an outage has taken place. This metric will be expressed as a percentage.

Calculation

Notification of CLEC Interface Outages = $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Number of Interface Outages where CLECS are notified within 15 minutes
- b = Total Number of Interface Outages

Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate

Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of Interface Outages • Number of Notifications \leq 15 minutes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not Applicable

SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By interface type for all interfaces accessed by CLECs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 97% \leq 15 Minutes

Interface	Applicable to
EDI	CLEC
CSOTS	CLEC
LENS	CLEC
TAG	CLEC
ECTA	CLEC
TAFI	CLEC/BellSouth

SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

Appendix A: Reporting Scope

A-1: Standard Service Groupings

See individual reports in the body of the SQM.

A-2: Standard Service Order Activities

These are the generic BellSouth/CLEC service order activities which are included in the Pre-Ordering, Ordering, and Provisioning sections of this document. It is not meant to indicate specific reporting categories.

Service Order Activity Types

- Service Migrations Without Changes
- Service Migrations With Changes
- Move and Change Activities
- Service Disconnects (Unless noted otherwise)
- New Service Installations

Pre-Ordering Query Types

- Address
- Telephone Number
- Appointment Scheduling
- Customer Service Record
- Feature Availability
- Service Inquiry

Maintenance Query Types

TAFI - TAFI queries the systems below

- CRIS
- March
- Predictor
- LMOS
 - DLR
 - DLETH
 - LMOSupd
- LNP
- NIW
- OSPCM
- SOCS

Report Levels

- CLEC RESH
- CLEC State
- CLEC Region
- Aggregate CLEC State

- Aggregate CLEC Region
- BellSouth State
- BellSouth Region

Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms

Symbols used in calculations

- Σ A mathematical symbol representing the sum of a series of values following the symbol.
- A mathematical operator representing subtraction.
- + A mathematical operator representing addition.
- \div A mathematical operator representing division.
- < A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is less than the metric on the right.
- \leq A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is less than or equal to the metric on the right.
- > A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is greater than the metric on the right.
- \geq A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is greater than or equal to the metric on the right.
- () Parentheses, used to group mathematical operations which are completed before operations outside the parentheses.

A

ACD: Automatic Call Distributor - A service that provides status monitoring of agents in a call center and routes high volume incoming telephone calls to available agents while collecting management information on both callers and attendants.

Aggregate: Sum total of all items in like category, e.g. CLEC aggregate equals the sum total of all CLECs' data for a given reporting level.

ALEC: Alternative Local Exchange Company = FL CLEC

ADSL: Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line

ASR: Access Service Request - A request for access service terminating delivery of carrier traffic into a Local Exchange Carrier's network.

ATLAS: Application for Telephone Number Load Administration System - The BellSouth Operations System used to administer the pool of available telephone numbers and to reserve selected numbers from the pool for use on pending service requests/service orders.

ATLASTN: ATLAS software contract for Telephone Number.

Auto Clarification: The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LESOG and electronically returned to the CLEC for correction.

B

BFR: Bona Fied Request

BILLING: The process and functions by which billing data is collected and by which account information is processed in order to render accurate and timely billing.

BOCRIS: Business Office Customer Record Information System (Front-end to the CRIS database.)

BRI: Basic Rate ISDN

BRC: Business Repair Center – The BellSouth Business Systems trouble receipt center which serves large business and CLEC customers.

BellSouth : BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

C

CABS: Carrier Access Billing System

CCC: Coordinated Customer Conversions

CCP: Change Control Process

Centrex: A business telephone service, offered by local exchange carriers, which is similar to a Private Branch Exchange (PBX) but the switching equipment is located in the telephone company Central Office (CO).

CKTID: A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration

CLEC: Competitive Local Exchange Carrier

CLP: Competitive Local Provider = NC CLEC

CM: Change Management

CMDS: Centralized Message Distribution System - Telcordia administered national system used to transfer specially formatted messages among companies.

COFFI: Central Office Feature File Interface - Provides information about USOCs and class of service. COFFI is a part of DOE/SONGS. It indicates all services available to a customer.

CRIS: Customer Record Information System - This system is used to retain customer information and render bills for telecommunications service.

CRSACCTS: CRIS software contract for CSR information

CRSG: Complex Resale Support Group

C-SOTS: CLEC Service Order Tracking System

CSR: Customer Service Record

CTTG: Common Transport Trunk Group - Final trunk groups between BellSouth & Independent end offices and the BellSouth access tandems.

D

DA: Directory Assistance

DESIGN: Design Service is defined as any Special or Plain Old Telephone Service Order which requires BellSouth Design Engineering Activities.

DISPOSITION & CAUSE: Types of trouble conditions, e.g. No Trouble Found, Central Office Equipment, Customer Premises Equipment, etc.

DLETH: Display Lengthy Trouble History - A history report that gives all activity on a line record for trouble reports in LMOS.

DLR: Detail Line Record - A report that gives detailed line record information on records maintained in LMOS

DS-0: The worldwide standard speed for one digital voice signal (64000 bps).

DS-1: 24 DS-0s (1.544Mb/sec., i.e. carrier systems)

DOE: Direct Order Entry System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Service Representatives to input business service orders in BellSouth format.

DSAP: DOE (Direct Order Entry) Support Application - The BellSouth Operations System which assists a Service Representative or similar carrier agent in negotiating service provisioning commitments for non-designed services and Unbundled Network Elements.

DSAPDDI: DSAP software contract for schedule information.

DSL: Digital Subscriber Line

DUI: Database Update Information

E

E911: Provides callers access to the applicable emergency services bureau by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number.

EDI: Electronic Data Interchange - The computer-to-computer exchange of inter and/or intra-company business documents in a public standard format.

ESSX: BellSouth Centrex Service

F G

Fatal Reject: The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LEO, which checks to see if the LSR has all the required fields correctly populated.

Flow-Through: In the context of this document, LSRs submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BellSouth OSS without manual or human intervention.

FOC: Firm Order Confirmation - A notification returned to the CLEC confirming that the LSR has been received and accepted, including the specified commitment date.

FX: Foreign Exchange

H

HAL: "Hands Off" Assignment Logic - Front end access and error resolution logic used in interfacing BellSouth Operations Systems such as ATLAS, BOCRIS, LMOS, PSIMS, RSAG and SOCS.

HALCRIS: HAL software contract for CSR information

HDSL: High Density Subscriber Loop/Line

I J K

ILEC: Incumbent Local Exchange Company

INP: Interim Number Portability

ISDN: Integrated Services Digital Network

IPC: Interconnection Purchasing Center

L

LAN: Local Area Network

LAUTO: The automatic processor in the LNP Gateway that validates LSRs and issues service orders.

LCSC: Local Carrier Service Center - The BellSouth center which is dedicated to handling CLEC LSRs, ASRs, and Pre-ordering transactions along with associated expedite requests and escalations.

Legacy System: Term used to refer to BellSouth Operations Support Systems (see OSS)

LENS: Local Exchange Negotiation System - The BellSouth LAN/web server/OS application developed to provide both preordering and ordering electronic interface functions for CLECs.

LEO: Local Exchange Ordering - A BellSouth system which accepts the output of EDI, applies edit and formatting checks, and reformats the Local Service Requests in BellSouth Service Order format.

LERG: Local Exchange Routing Guide

LESOG: Local Exchange Service Order Generator - A BellSouth system which accepts the service order output of LEO and enters the Service Order into the Service Order Control System using terminal emulation technology.

LFACS: Loop Facilities Assessment and Control System

LIDB: Line Information Database

LMOS: Loop Maintenance Operations System - A system that provides a mechanized means of maintaining customer line records and for entering, processing, and tracking trouble reports.

LMOS HOST: LMOS host computer

LMOSupd: LMOS update allows trouble tickets on line records to be entered into LMOS.

LMU: Loop Make-up

LMUS: Loop Make-up Service Inquiry

LNP: Local Number Portability - In the context of this document, the capability for a subscriber to retain his current telephone number as he transfers to a different local service provider.

LNP Gateway: Local Number Portability (gateway)- A system that provides both internal and external communications with various interfaces and process including:

- (1). Linking BellSouth to the Number Portability Administration Center (NPAC).
- (2). Allowing for inter-company communications between BellSouth and the CLECs for electronic ordering.
- (3). Providing interface between NPAC and AIN SMS for LNP routing processes.

LOOPS : Transmission paths from the central office to the customer premises.

LRN: Location Routing Number

LSR: Local Service Request – A request for local resale service or unbundled network elements from a CLEC.

M

Maintenance & Repair: The process and function by which trouble reports are passed to BellSouth and by which the related service problems are resolved.

MARCH: A memory administration system that translates line-related service order data into switch provisioning messages and automatically transmits the messages to targeted stored program control system switches.

N

NBR: New Business Request

NC: “No Circuits” - All circuits busy announcement.

NIW: Network Information Warehouse - A system that stores central office blockage data for use in processing trouble reports.

NMLI: Native Mode LAN Interconnection

NPA: Numbering Plan Area

NXX: The “exchange” portion of a telephone number.

O

OASIS: Obtain Availability Services Information System - A BellSouth front-end processor, which acts as an interface between COFFI and RNS. This system takes the USOCs in COFFI and translates them to English for display in RNS.

OASISBSN: OASIS software contract for feature/service

OASISCAR: OASIS software contract for feature/service

OASISLPC: OASIS software contract for feature/service

OASISMTN: OASIS software contract for feature/service

OASISNET: OASIS software contract for feature/service

OASISOCP: OASIS software contract for feature/service

ORDERING: The process and functions by which resale services or unbundled network elements are ordered from BellSouth as well as the process by which an LSR or ASR is placed with BellSouth.

Order Types: The following order types are used in this document:

- (1). T - The “to” portion of a change of address. This Order Type is used to connect main service at a new address when a customer moves from one address to another in any of the nine states within the BellSouth region. A “T” Order Type is always paired with an “F” Order Type which will have the same telephone number following the “F” Order Type Code unless the orders are within different states.
- (2). N - Orders establishing a new account. Also, this Order Type Code is occasionally used when changing from one type of system to another such as when changing from PBX to Centrex.

- (3). C - Order Type used for the following conditions: changes or partial connections or disconnections of service or equipment; change of telephone number, grade or class of main line, additional lines, auxiliary lines, PBX trunks and stations; addition of trunks or lines to existing accounts; move of equipment (other than change of address); temporary suspension and restoration of service at customer's request.
- (4). R - Order Type used for the following conditions: additions, removals or changes in directory listings; responsibility change orders, addition, removal or changes in directory and billing information; other record corrections where no "field work" is involved.

OSPCM: Outside Plant Contract Management System - A system that provides scheduling and completion information on outside plant construction activities.

OSS: Operations Support System - A support system or database which is used to mechanize the flow or performance of work. The term is used to refer to the overall system consisting of hardware complex, computer operating system(s), and application which is used to provide the support functions.

OUT OF SERVICE: Customer has no dial tone and cannot call out.

P Q

PMAP: Performance Measurement Analysis Platform

PON: Purchase Order Number

POTS: Plain Old Telephone Service

PREDICTOR: A system which is used to administer proactive maintenance and rehabilitation activities on outside plant facilities, provide access to selected work groups to Mechanized Loop Testing and switching system I/O ports.

Preordering: The process and functions by which vital information is obtained, verified, or validated prior to placing a service request.

PRI: Primary Rate ISDN

Provisioning: The process and functions by which necessary work is performed to activate a service requested via an LSR or ASR and to initiate the proper billing and accounting functions.

PSIMS: Product/Service Inventory Management System - A BellSouth database Operations System which contains availability information on switching system features and capabilities and on BellSouth service availability. This database is used to verify the availability of a feature or service in an NXX prior to making a commitment to the customer.

PSIMSORB: PSIMS software contract for feature/service.

R

RNS: Regional Negotiation System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Consumer Services to input service orders in BellSouth format.

ROS: Regional Ordering System

RRC: Residence Repair Center - The BellSouth Consumer Services trouble receipt center which serves residential customers.

RSAG: Regional Street Address Guide - The BellSouth database, which contains street addresses validated to be accurate with state and local governments.

RSAGADDR: RSAG software contract for address search.

RSAGTN: RSAG software contract for telephone number search.

S

SAC: Service Advocacy Center

SEEM: Self Effectuating Enforcement Mechanism

SOCS: Service Order Control System - A system which routes service order images among BellSouth drop points and BellSouth OSS during the service provisioning process.

SOIR: Service Order Interface Record - any change effecting activity to a customer account by service order that impacts 911/E911

SONGS: Service Order Negotiation and Generation System.

Syntactically Incorrect Query: A query that cannot be fulfilled due to insufficient or incorrect input data from the end user. For example, A CLEC would like to query the legacy system for the following address: 1234 Main ST. Entering "1234 Main ST" will be considered syntactically correct because valid characters were used in the address field. However, entering "AB34 Main ST" will be considered syntactically incorrect because invalid characters (i.e., alpha characters were entered in numeric slots) were used in the address field.

T

TAFI: Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface - The BellSouth Operations System that supports trouble receipt center personnel in taking and handling customer trouble reports.

TAG: Telecommunications Access Gateway – TAG was designed to provide an electronic interface, or machine-to-machine interface for the bi-directional flow of information between BellSouth's OSSs and participating CLECs.

TN: Telephone Number

Total Manual Fallout: The number of LSRs which are entered electronically but require manual entering into a service order generator.

U V

UNE: Unbundled Network Element

UCL: Unbundled Copper Link

USOC: Universal Service Order Code

W X Y Z

WATS: Wide Area Telephone Service

WFA: Work Force Administration

WMC: Work Management Center

WTN: Working Telephone Number.

Appendix C: BellSouth Audit Policy

C-1: BellSouth's Internal Audit Policy

BellSouth's internal efforts to make certain that the reports produced by the PMAP platform are of the highest accuracy has been formalized into a Performance Measurements Quality Assurance Plan (PMQAP) that documents and augments existing quality assurance processes integral to the production and validation of Performance Measurements data.

The plan consists of three sections:

1. Change Control addresses the quality assurance steps involved in the introduction of new measurements and changes to existing measurements.
2. Production addresses the quality assurance steps used to create monthly SQM reports.
3. Monthly Validation addresses the quality assurance steps used to ensure accurate posting of monthly results.

The BellSouth PMQAP will ensure that BellSouth effectively and consistently provides accurate performance measurements data for the activities included in the SQM. The BellSouth Internal Audit department will audit this plan and its quality assurance steps annually, beginning in 4Q01.

C-2: BellSouth's External Audit Policy

BellSouth currently provides many CLECs with audit rights as a part of their individual interconnection agreements. BellSouth has developed a proposed Audit Plan for use by the parties to an audit. If requested by a Public Service Commission or by a CLEC exercising contractual audit rights, BellSouth will agree to undergo a comprehensive audit of the current year aggregate level reports for both BellSouth and the CLECs for each of the next five (5) years (2001 - 2005), to be conducted by an independent third party auditor jointly selected by BellSouth and the CLEC. The results of audits will be made available to all the parties subject to proper safeguards to protect proprietary information. Requested audits include the following specifications:

1. The cost shall be borne by BellSouth.
2. The independent third party auditor shall be selected with input from BellSouth, the PSC, if applicable, and the CLEC(s).
3. BellSouth, the PSC and the CLECs shall jointly determine the scope of the audit.

These comprehensive audits are intended to provide the basis for the PSCs and CLECs to determine that the SQM and PMAP produce accurate data that reflects each States Order for performance measurements. Once this has been verified by an initial audit, the BellSouth PMQAP will provide the basis for future audits.

Attachment 10
BellSouth Disaster Recovery Plan



CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
1.0 Purpose	3
2.0 Single Point of Contact	3
3.0 Identifying the Problem	3
3.1 Site Control	4
3.2 Environmental Concerns	5
4.0 The Emergency Control Center (ECC)	5
5.0 Recovery Procedures	6
5.1 CLEC Outage	6
5.2 BellSouth Outage	6
5.2.1 Loss of Central Office	7
5.2.2 Loss of a Central Office with Serving Wire Center Functions	7
5.2.3 Loss of a Central Office with Tandem Functions	7
5.2.4 Loss of a Facility Hub	8
5.3 Combined Outage (CLEC and BellSouth Equipment)	8
6.0 T1 Identification Procedures	8
7.0 Acronyms	8

1.0 PURPOSE

In the unlikely event of a disaster occurring that affects BellSouth's long-term ability to deliver traffic to a Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC), general procedures have been developed by BellSouth to hasten the recovery process in accordance with the Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) Program established by the Federal Communications Commission to identify and prioritize telecommunication services that support national security or emergency preparedness (NS/EP) missions. Since each location is different and could be affected by an assortment of potential problems, a detailed recovery plan is impractical. However, in the process of reviewing recovery activities for specific locations, some basic procedures emerge that appear to be common in most cases.

These general procedures should apply to any disaster that affects the delivery of traffic for an extended time period. Each CLEC will be given the same consideration during an outage, and service will be restored as quickly as possible.

This document will cover the basic recovery procedures that would apply to every CLEC.

2.0 SINGLE POINT OF CONTACT

When a problem is experienced, regardless of the severity, the BellSouth Network Management Center (NMC) will observe traffic anomalies and begin monitoring the situation. Controls will be appropriately applied to insure the sanity of BellSouth's network; and, in the event that a switch or facility node is lost, the NMC will attempt to circumvent the failure using available reroutes.

BellSouth's NMC will remain in control of the restoration efforts until the problem has been identified as being a long-term outage. At that time, the NMC will contact BellSouth's Emergency Control Center (ECC) and relinquish control of the recovery efforts. Even though the ECC may take charge of the situation, the NMC will continue to monitor the circumstances and restore traffic as soon as damaged network elements are revitalized.

The telephone number for the BellSouth Network Management Center in Atlanta, as published in Telcordia's National Network Management Directory, is 404-321-2516.

3.0 IDENTIFYING THE PROBLEM

During the early stages of problem detection, the NMC will be able to tell which CLECs are affected by the catastrophe. Further analysis and/or first hand observation will determine if the disaster has affected CLEC equipment only, BellSouth equipment only or a combination. The initial restoration activity will be largely determined by the equipment that is affected.

Once the nature of the disaster is determined and after verifying the cause of the problem, the NMC will initiate reroutes and/or transfers that are jointly agreed upon by the affected CLECs' Network Management Center and the BellSouth NMC. The type and percentage of controls used will depend upon available network capacity. Controls necessary to stabilize the situation will be invoked and the NMC will attempt to re-establish as much traffic as possible.

For long-term outages, recovery efforts will be coordinated by the Emergency Control Center (ECC). Traffic controls will continue to be applied by the NMC until facilities are re-established. As equipment is made available for service, the ECC will instruct the NMC to begin removing the controls and allow traffic to resume.

3.1 SITE CONTROL

In the total loss of building use scenario, what likely exists will be a smoking pile of rubble. This rubble will contain many components that could be dangerous. It could also contain any personnel on the premises at the time of the disaster. For these reasons, the local fire marshal with the assistance of the police will control the site until the building is no longer a threat to surrounding properties and the companies have secured the site from the general public.

During this time, the majority owner of the building should be arranging for a demolition contractor to mobilize to the site with the primary objective of reaching the cable entrance facility for a damage assessment. The results of this assessment would then dictate immediate plans for restoration, both short term and permanent.

In a less catastrophic event, i.e., the building is still standing and the cable entrance facility is usable, the situation is more complex. The site will initially be controlled by local authorities until the threat to adjacent property has diminished. Once the site is returned to the control of the companies, the following events should occur.

An initial assessment of the main building infrastructure systems (mechanical, electrical, fire and life safety, elevators, and others) will establish building needs. Once these needs are determined, the majority owner should lead the building restoration efforts. There may be situations where the site will not be totally restored within the confines of the building. The companies must individually determine their needs and jointly assess the cost of permanent restoration to determine the overall plan of action.

Multiple restoration trailers from each company will result in the need for designated space and installation order. This layout and control is required to maximize the amount of restoration equipment that can be placed at the site, and the priority of placements.

Care must be taken in this planning to ensure other restoration efforts have logistical access to the building. Major components of telephone and building equipment will need to be removed and replaced. A priority for this equipment must also be jointly established to facilitate overall site restoration. (Example: If the AC switchgear has sustained damage, this would be of the highest priority in order to regain power, lighting, and HVAC throughout the building.)

If the site will not accommodate the required restoration equipment, the companies would then need to quickly arrange with local authorities for street closures, rights of way or other possible options available.

3.2 ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS

In the worse case scenario, many environmental concerns must be addressed. Along with the police and fire marshal, the state environmental protection department will be on site to monitor the situation.

Items to be concerned with in a large central office building could include:

1. Emergency engine fuel supply. Damage to the standby equipment and the fuel handling equipment could have created "spill" conditions that have to be handled within state and federal regulations.
2. Asbestos-containing materials that may be spread throughout the wreckage. Asbestos could be in many components of building, electrical, mechanical, outside plant distribution, and telephone systems.
3. Lead and acid. These materials could be present in potentially large quantities depending upon the extent of damage to the power room.
4. Mercury and other regulated compounds resident in telephone equipment.
5. Other compounds produced by the fire or heat.

Once a total loss event occurs at a large site, local authorities will control immediate clean up (water placed on the wreckage by the fire department) and site access.

At some point, the companies will become involved with local authorities in the overall planning associated with site clean up and restoration. Depending on the clean up approach taken, delays in the restoration of several hours to several days may occur.

In a less severe disaster, items listed above are more defined and can be addressed individually depending on the damage.

In each case, the majority owner should coordinate building and environmental restoration as well as maintain proper planning and site control.

4.0 THE EMERGENCY CONTROL CENTER (ECC)

The ECC is located in the Midtown 1 Building in Atlanta, Georgia. During an emergency, the ECC staff will convene a group of pre-selected experts to inventory the damage and initiate corrective actions. These experts have regional access to BellSouth's personnel and equipment and will assume control of the restoration activity anywhere in the nine-state area.

In the past, the ECC has been involved with restoration activities resulting from hurricanes, ice storms and floods. They have demonstrated their capabilities during these calamities as well as

during outages caused by human error or equipment failures. This group has an excellent record of restoring service as quickly as possible.

During a major disaster, the ECC may move emergency equipment to the affected location, direct recovery efforts of local personnel and coordinate service restoration activities with the CLECs. The ECC will attempt to restore service as quickly as possible using whatever means is available, leaving permanent solutions, such as the replacement of damaged buildings or equipment, for local personnel to administer.

Part of the ECC's responsibility, after temporary equipment is in place, is to support the NMC efforts to return service to the CLECs. Once service has been restored, the ECC will return control of the network to normal operational organizations. Any long-term changes required after service is restored will be made in an orderly fashion and will be conducted as normal activity.

5.0 RECOVERY PROCEDURES

The nature and severity of any disaster will influence the recovery procedures. One crucial factor in determining how BellSouth will proceed with restoration is whether or not BellSouth's equipment is incapacitated. Regardless of whose equipment is out of service, BellSouth will move as quickly as possible to aid with service recovery; however, the approach that will be taken may differ depending upon the location of the problem.

5.1 CLEC OUTAGE

For a problem limited to one CLEC (or a building with multiple CLECs), BellSouth has several options available for restoring service quickly. For those CLECs that have agreements with other CLECs, BellSouth can immediately start directing traffic to a provisional CLEC for completion. This alternative is dependent upon BellSouth having concurrence from the affected CLECs.

Whether or not the affected CLECs have requested a traffic transfer to another CLEC will not impact BellSouth's resolve to re-establish traffic to the original destination as quickly as possible.

5.2 BELL SOUTH OUTAGE

Because BellSouth's equipment has varying degrees of impact on the service provided to the CLECs, restoring service from damaged BellSouth equipment is different. The outage will probably impact a number of Carriers simultaneously. However, the ECC will be able to initiate immediate actions to correct the problem.

A disaster involving any of BellSouth's equipment locations could impact the CLECs, some more than others. A disaster at a Central Office (CO) would only impact the delivery of traffic to and from that one location, but the incident could affect many Carriers. If the Central Office is a Serving Wire Center (SWC), then traffic from the entire area to those Carriers served from that switch would also be impacted. If the switch functions as an Access Tandem, or there is a tandem in the building, traffic from every CO to every CLEC could be interrupted. A disaster that destroys a facility hub could disrupt various traffic flows, even though the switching equipment may be unaffected.

The NMC would be the first group to observe a problem involving BellSouth's equipment. Shortly after a disaster, the NMC will begin applying controls and finding re-routes for the

completion of as much traffic as possible. These reroutes may involve delivering traffic to alternate Carriers upon receiving approval from the CLECs involved. In some cases, changes in translations will be required. If the outage is caused by the destruction of equipment, then the ECC will assume control of the restoration.

5.2.1 Loss of a Central Office

When BellSouth loses a Central Office, the ECC will

- a) Place specialists and emergency equipment on notice;
- b) Inventory the damage to determine what equipment and/or functions are lost;
- c) Move containerized emergency equipment and facility equipment to the stricken area, if necessary;
- d) Begin reconnecting service on a parity basis for Hospitals, Police and other emergency agencies or End Users served by BellSouth or CLEC in accordance with the TSP priority restoration coding scheme entered in the BellSouth Maintenance database immediately prior to the emergency.

5.2.2 Loss of a Central Office with Serving Wire Center Functions

The loss of a Central Office that also serves as a Serving Wire Center (SWC) will be restored as described in Section 5.2.1.

5.2.3 Loss of a Central Office with Tandem Functions

When BellSouth loses a Central Office building that serves as an Access Tandem and as a SWC, the ECC will

- a) Place specialists and emergency equipment on notice;
- b) Inventory the damage to determine what equipment and/or functions are lost;
- c) Move containerized emergency equipment and facility equipment to the stricken area, if necessary;
- d) Begin reconnecting service on a parity basis for Hospitals, Police and other emergency agencies or End Users served by BellSouth or CLEC in accordance with the TSP priority restoration coding scheme entered in the BellSouth Maintenance database immediately prior to the emergency;
- e) Re-direct as much traffic as possible to the alternate access tandem (if available) for delivery to those CLECs utilizing a different location as a SWC;
- f) Begin aggregating traffic to a location near the damaged building. From this location, begin re-establishing trunk groups to the CLECs for the delivery of traffic normally found on the direct trunk groups. (This aggregation point may be the alternate access tandem location or another CO on a primary facility route.)

5.2.4 Loss of a Facility Hub

In the event that BellSouth loses a facility hub, the recovery process is much the same as above. Once the NMC has observed the problem and administered the appropriate controls, the ECC will assume authority for the repairs. The recovery effort will include

- a) Placing specialists and emergency equipment on notice;
- b) Inventorying the damage to determine what equipment and/or functions are lost;
- c) Moving containerized emergency equipment to the stricken area, if necessary;
- d) Reconnecting service on a parity basis for Hospitals, Police and other emergency agencies or End Users served by BellSouth or CLEC in accordance with the TSP priority restoration coding scheme entered in the BellSouth Maintenance database immediately prior to the emergency; and
- e) If necessary, BellSouth will aggregate the traffic at another location and build temporary facilities. This alternative would be viable for a location that is destroyed and building repairs are required.

5.3 COMBINED OUTAGE (CLEC AND BELL SOUTH EQUIPMENT)

In some instances, a disaster may impact BellSouth's equipment as well as the CLECs'. This situation will be handled in much the same way as described in Section 5.2.3. Since BellSouth and the CLECs will be utilizing temporary equipment, close coordination will be required.

6.0 T1 IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES

During the restoration of service after a disaster, BellSouth may be forced to aggregate traffic for delivery to a CLEC. During this process, T1 traffic may be consolidated onto DS3s and may become unidentifiable to the Carrier. Because resources will be limited, BellSouth may be forced to "package" this traffic entirely differently than normally received by the CLECs. Therefore, a method for identifying the T1 traffic on the DS3s and providing the information to the Carriers is required.

7.0 ACRONYMS

CLEC	-	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
CO	-	Central Office (BellSouth)
DS3	-	Facility that carries 28 T1s (672 circuits)
ECC	-	Emergency Control Center (BellSouth)
NMC	-	Network Management Center
SWC	-	Serving Wire Center (BellSouth switch)
T1	-	Facility that carries 24 circuits
TSP	-	Telecommunications Service Priority

Hurricane Information

During a hurricane, BellSouth will make every effort to keep CLECs updated on the status of our network. Information centers will be set up throughout BellSouth Telecommunications. These centers are not intended to be used for escalations, but rather to keep the CLEC informed of network related issues, area damages and dispatch conditions, etc.

Hurricane-related information can also be found on line at http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/network/disaster/dis_resp.htm. Information concerning Mechanized Disaster Reports can also be found at this website by clicking on CURRENT MDR REPORTS or by going directly to <http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/network/disaster/mdrs.htm>.

BST Disaster Management Plan

BellSouth maintenance centers have geographical and redundant communication capabilities. In the event of a disaster removing any maintenance center from service another geographical center would assume maintenance responsibilities. The contact numbers will not change and the transfer will be transparent to the CLEC.

Attachment 11

Bona Fide Request and New Business Request Process

BONA FIDE REQUEST AND NEW BUSINESS REQUEST PROCESS

- 1.0 The Parties agree that DTI is entitled to order any Unbundled Network Element (UNE), Interconnection option, service option or Resale Service required to be made available by FCC or Commission requirements pursuant to the Communications Act of 1934, as modified by the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "Act"). DTI also shall be permitted to request the development of new or revised facilities or service options which are not required by the Act. Procedures applicable to requesting the addition of such facilities or service options are specified in this Attachment 11.
- 2.0 **BONA FIDE REQUEST**
- 2.1 A Bona Fide Request (BFR) is to be used when DTI makes a request of BellSouth to provide a new or modified UNE, Interconnection option, or other service option (Requested Services) pursuant to the Act that was not previously included in this Agreement.
- 2.2 A BFR shall be submitted in writing by DTI and shall specifically identify the requested service date, technical requirements, space requirements and/or such other specifications that clearly define the request such that BellSouth has sufficient information to analyze and prepare a response. Such a request shall also include DTI's designation of the request as being pursuant to the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (i.e. a BFR). The request shall be sent to DTI's designated BellSouth Sales contact.
- 2.3 If BellSouth determines that the preliminary analysis of the requested BFR is of such complexity that it will cause BellSouth to expend inordinate resources to evaluate the BFR, BellSouth shall notify DTI within ten (10) business days of BellSouth's receipt of BFR that a fee will be required prior to the evaluation of the BFR. DTI shall submit such fee within thirty (30) business days of BellSouth's notice that a fee is required. Within thirty (30) business days of BellSouth's receipt of the fee, BellSouth shall respond to DTI by providing a preliminary analysis of such Requested Services that are the subject of the BFR. The preliminary analysis shall either confirm that BellSouth will offer access to the Requested Services or confirm that BellSouth will not offer the Requested Services. If the preliminary analysis states that BellSouth will not offer the Requested Services, BellSouth will provide an explanation of why the request is not technically feasible, does not qualify as a BFR for the Requested Services or is otherwise not required to be provided under the Act. If preliminary analysis of the requested BFR is not of such complexity that it will cause BellSouth to expend inordinate resources to evaluate the BFR, within thirty (30) business days of its receipt of the BFR,

BellSouth shall respond to DTI by providing a preliminary analysis of such Requested Services that are the subject of the BFR. The preliminary analysis shall either confirm that BellSouth will offer access to the Requested Services or confirm that BellSouth will not offer the Requested Services. If the preliminary analysis states that BellSouth will not offer the Requested Services, BellSouth will provide an explanation of why the request is not technically feasible, does not qualify as a BFR for the Requested Services or is otherwise not required to be provided under the Act.

- 2.4 DTI may cancel a BFR at any time. If DTI cancels the request more than ten (10) business days after submitting the BFR request, DTI shall pay BellSouth's reasonable and demonstrable costs of processing and/or implementing the BFR up to the date of cancellation in addition to any fee submitted in accordance with Section 2.3 above.
- 2.5 DTI will have thirty (30) business days from receipt of preliminary analysis to accept the preliminary analysis or cancel the BFR as set forth in Section 2.4. Acceptance of the preliminary analysis must be in writing and accompanied by all nonrecurring charges quoted in the preliminary analysis. The nonrecurring charges as stated in the preliminary analysis cover the initial work required to develop the project plan, create the design parameters, and establish all activities and resources required to complete the BFR (Development Costs). Development costs are non-refundable. If DTI fails to respond within this 30-day period, the BFR will be deemed cancelled.
 - 2.5.1 BellSouth shall propose a firm price quote and a detailed implementation plan within thirty (30) business days of receipt of DTI's acceptance of the preliminary analysis.
 - 2.5.2 DTI shall have thirty (30) business days from receipt of firm price quote to accept or deny the firm price quote and submit any additional nonrecurring, non-refundable fees quoted in the firm price quote.
- 2.6 Unless DTI agrees otherwise, all prices shall be consistent with the pricing principles of the Act, FCC and/or the Commission.
- 2.7 If DTI believes that BellSouth's firm price quote is not consistent with the requirements of the Act, or if either Party believes that the other is not acting in good faith in requesting, negotiating or processing the BFR, either Party may seek FCC or Commission arbitration, as appropriate, to resolve the dispute. Any such arbitration applicable to UNEs and/or Interconnection shall be conducted in accordance with standards prescribed in Section 252 of the Act.

- 2.8 Upon agreement to the rates, terms and conditions of a BFR, an amendment to this Agreement may be required.

3.0 **NEW BUSINESS REQUEST**

- 3.1 A New Business Request (NBR) is to be used by DTI to make a request of BellSouth for a new or modified feature or capability of an existing product or service, a new product or service that is not deployed within the BellSouth network or operations and business support systems, or a new or modified service option that was not previously included in this Agreement (Requested Enhanced Services).
- 3.2 An NBR shall be submitted in writing by DTI and shall specifically identify the requested service date, technical requirements, space requirements and/or such specifications that clearly define the request such that BellSouth has sufficient information to analyze and prepare a response. The request shall be sent to DTI's designated BellSouth Sales contact.
- 3.3 If BellSouth determines that the preliminary analysis of the requested NBR is of such complexity that it will cause BellSouth to expend inordinate resources to evaluate the NBR, BellSouth shall notify DTI that a fee will be required prior to the evaluation of the NBR. DTI shall submit such fee within ten (10) business days of BellSouth's notice that a fee is required. BellSouth shall use reasonable efforts to respond to the NBR within (30) business days following BellSouth's receipt of the fee by providing a preliminary analysis of such Requested Enhanced Services that are the subject of the NBR. The preliminary analysis shall either confirm that BellSouth will offer access to the Requested Enhanced Services or confirm that BellSouth will not offer the Requested Enhanced Services. If the preliminary analysis states that BellSouth will not offer the Requested Services, BellSouth will provide an explanation of why the request is not technically feasible, does not qualify as an NBR for the Requested Services or is otherwise not required to be provided under the Act. If preliminary analysis of the requested NBR is not of such complexity that it will cause BellSouth to expend inordinate resources to evaluate the NBR, BellSouth will use reasonable efforts to respond to DTI within thirty (30) business days of its receipt of an NBR by providing a preliminary analysis of such Requested Services that are the subject of the NBR. The preliminary analysis shall either confirm that BellSouth will offer access to the Requested Enhanced Services or confirm that BellSouth will not offer the Requested Enhanced Services. If the preliminary analysis states that BellSouth will not offer the Requested Services, BellSouth will provide an explanation of why the request is not technically feasible, does not qualify as an NBR for the Requested Services or is otherwise not required to be provided under the Act.

- 3.4 DTI may cancel an NBR at any time. If DTI cancels the request more than ten (10) business days after submitting it, DTI shall pay BellSouth's reasonable and demonstrable costs of processing and/or implementing the NBR up to the date of cancellation in addition to any fee submitted in accordance with Section 3.3 above.
- 3.5 DTI will have thirty (30) business days from receipt of preliminary analysis to accept the preliminary analysis or cancel the NBR as set forth in section 3.4. Acceptance of the preliminary analysis must be in writing and accompanied by all nonrecurring charges quoted in the preliminary analysis. The nonrecurring charges as stated in the preliminary analysis cover the initial work required to develop the project plan, create the design parameters, and establish all activities and resources required to complete the NBR. If DTI fails to respond within this 30-day period, the NBR will be deemed cancelled.
- 3.6 If DTI accepts the preliminary analysis, BellSouth shall propose a firm price quote and a detailed implementation plan within sixty (60) business days of receipt of DTI's acceptance of the preliminary analysis and nonrecurring fees quoted in the preliminary analysis.
- 3.7 DTI shall have thirty (30) business days from receipt of the firm price quote to accept or deny the firm price quote and submit any additional nonrecurring, non-refundable fees quoted in the firm price quote.
- 3.8 Upon agreement to the terms of a NBR, an amendment to this Agreement, or a separate agreement, may be required.